
United States Bankruptcy Court Eastern District of Missouri

Dana C. McWay
Clerk of Court



COMPARISON OF PROPOSED REVISIONS TO LOCAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE

, ~~2007~~2008

Adopted by:

Honorable Barry S. Schermer, Chief Judge
Honorable Kathy A. Surratt-States
Honorable Charles E. Rendlen, III
Honorable David P. McDonald

WordPerfect Document Compare Summary

Deletions are shown with the following attributes and color:

~~Strikeout~~, **Blue** RGB(0,0,255).

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**United States Bankruptcy Court
Eastern District of Missouri**

LOCAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE

INTRODUCTION - SCOPE OF RULES

L.B.R. ~~1001-1~~1001 - Scope of Rules and Forms; Short Title.

- A. **Title and Citation.** -These ~~r~~Rules are adopted pursuant to Rule 9029 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure to govern the local practice and procedures before the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Missouri (the “Court”). These ~~r~~Rules shall be known as the “Local Rules of the Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Missouri” (the “~~Local Rules,~~” “Rules”) and shall be cited as “~~E.D.Mo.~~“L.B.R. _____” or “L.B.R. _____”” herein. These Rules may be amended or supplemented from time to time by additional orders as the Court deems necessary. Any amendments or supplements to these Rules will be contained either in the Court’s procedures manual (“Procedures Manual”) described in L.B.R. ~~1001-1E~~1001(E), or in a separate General Order. All references to provisions of the United States Bankruptcy Code are to ~~11 U.S.C. § § 101-1330~~Title 11 of the United States Code. All references to the District Court are to the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri.
- B. **Application.** -These ~~Local~~ Rules shall apply to all cases and proceedings in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Missouri filed after the effective date of these Rules except to the extent the Court determines application of the Rules would not be feasible or as otherwise more specifically provided herein. Failure to comply with these Rules may result in denial of relief requested, dismissal, or other sanctions. Should any provision of the Court’s Procedures Manual conflict with the Rules, the Rules will control, L.R. 1001(E) notwithstanding.
- C. **Effective Date.** -These Rules become effective on March 31 _____, 20038. These Rules supersede all previous rules or General Orders, including the Court’s Implementation Order, promulgated by this Court or by any Judge of the Court.
- D. **District Court Rules.**- The Local Rules of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri shall apply in cases and proceedings in the Bankruptcy Court -only to the extent the District Court Rules are specifically incorporated into these Rules. Rule 9.01 of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri governing bankruptcy matters is incorporated herein.
- E. **Procedures Manual.** The Clerk of Court will publish operating procedures for this Court in a pProcedures mManual.- The Procedures Manual will contain local formsprocedures,

guidelines and instructions incidental to ~~these Rules as well as any orders amending or supplementing~~ these Rules. The Procedures Manual will be appended to these Rules and will be maintained on the Court's ~~website~~web site at www.moeb.uscourts.gov. Reference in these Rules to any form, guideline or instruction in the Procedures Manual shall refer to the then-applicable form, guideline or instruction maintained by the Clerk of Court. All parties before the Court shall follow the procedures, guidelines, and instructions set forth in the Procedures Manual and may be sanctioned for failing to do so. If, for some reason, a party is unable to comply with any provision of the Procedures Manual, that party shall contact the Clerk of Court's Office for guidance on how to proceed before filing.

- F. **Definitions.**- When these Rules require notice to or service upon the “debtor,” “creditor,” or other named party, service shall be made upon the attorney for such party, if any, unless service on the party is specifically required by these or other applicable Rules.

Any reference to the “debtor” shall include any co-debtors. All references to the “Trustee” are to the case trustee.

- G. **CM/ECF Event Codes.** There are several references to CM/ECF event codes in these Rules. To the extent the name of the event codes change in CM/ECF, the Clerk of Court may, from time to time, substitute conforming event codes in these Rules as necessary without further order of the Court. The Clerk of Court will issue a public notice to advise of any such change.

PART I. COMMENCEMENT OF CASE; PROCEEDINGS RELATED TO PETITION AND ORDER FOR RELIEF

L.B.R. ~~1002-1~~ 1002 - Case Commencement.

- A. ~~General Procedures~~**Declination of Filing.**- The Clerk of Court shall decline to accept for filing, and the Court shall promptly dismiss any case if:

1. the petition is not signed by the debtor(s);
2. the petition is not accompanied by a matrix and verification pursuant to L.B.R. ~~1007-2R. 1007-8;~~
3. in the case of an individual, the petition is not accompanied by a Credit Counseling Certificate, Exhibit D, a Certification of Exigent Circumstances, or a Motion for Exemption (Bankruptcy Code §§ 109(h) and 521(b)); or
4. the filing fee is neither paid nor provided for:

~~Refer to the Procedures Manual for the number of copies, filing fees, and other requirements for commencing a bankruptcy case.~~

- B. ~~First Day Matters in Chapter 11 Cases.~~ ~~The Court will typically entertain first day matters within two (2) business days of filing. Movant must give notice of first day matters to all entities who would be on a Master Service List (L.B.R. 9013-3 C.) if such a list exists, or to those who would be on such a list, and to those who may be affected by the matter.~~

L.B.R. 1006-1 Payment of Filing Fees in Installments:

~~A. **Local Form.** All applications to pay filing fees in installments shall be filed using a form in substantial conformity with Local Form 1.~~

~~B. **Installment Filing Fees in Chapter 13 Cases.** In Chapter 13 cases, any unpaid filing fee installments must be paid through the Chapter 13 plan. The appropriate box must be checked on the by an Application to Proceed In Forma Pauperis or an Application to Pay Filing Fees in Installments (Local Form 1) and a provision for payment must or through the Chapter 13 plan, as applicable.~~

B. Chapter 7 Cases

The following documents are required to be filed to commence a Chapter 7 case and should be arranged in the following order. All documents listed are due with the petition unless otherwise specified.

1. Voluntary Petition (Official Form B1)
2. Exhibit C to Voluntary Petition (only if yes is marked on the second page of the Voluntary Petition) (due within 5 days)
3. Summary of Schedules (Official Form B6) (due within 15 days)
4. Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities (Official Form B6 - Summ 2) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)
5. Schedules A-J (Official Forms B6 A-J) (C, I & J required for individuals only) (due within 15 days)
6. Declaration Concerning Debtor's Schedules (Official Form B6 - Decl) (due within 15 days)
7. Statement of Financial Affairs (Official Form B7) (due within 15 days)
8. Individual Debtor's Statement of Intentions (Official Form B8) (if applicable based on schedules) (due within 15 days)
9. Statement of Corporate Ownership (Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(a)(1)) (corporate cases only) (due within 15 days)
10. Social Security Number Verification Form (Official Form B21) (individuals only) (due with petition or show cause hearing)
11. Attorney Compensation Disclosure (Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2016(b)) (due within 5 days)
12. Matrix and Verification of Creditor Matrix (Local Form 2)
13. Credit Counseling Certificate, Exhibit D, Certification of Exigent Circumstances, or Motion for Exemption (Bankruptcy Code §§ 109(h) and 521(b)) (individuals only) (due immediately unless Exhibit D indicates that the Credit Counseling Certificate will be filed within 15 days)
14. Means Test Form/Statement of Current Monthly Income (Official Form 22A) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)
15. Filing Fee, application to pay Filing Fee in Installments, or Application to Proceed In Forma Pauperis. Only individuals may pay in installments or file an Application to Proceed In Forma Pauperis.
16. Non-attorney Preparer Notice (individuals only)

17. Statement disclosing any reasonably anticipated increase in income or expenditures over the 12-month period following the date of the filing of the petition (Bankruptcy Code § 521(a)) (to be included in Item 17 of Schedule I and Item 19 of Schedule J) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)
18. Records of any interest in an educational Individual Retirement Account or state tuition program (to be included in Item 11 of Schedule B and filed separately) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)

C. Chapter 11 Cases

The following documents are required to be filed to commence a Chapter 11 case and should be arranged in the following order. All documents listed are due with the petition unless otherwise specified.

1. Voluntary Petition (Official Form B1)
2. Exhibit A to Voluntary Petition (corporate Chapter 11 debtors that are publicly held) (due within 5 days)
3. Exhibit C to Voluntary Petition (only if yes is marked on the second page of the Voluntary Petition) (due within 5 days)
4. List of Creditors Holding 20 Largest Unsecured Claims (due within 5 days)
5. Summary of Schedules (Official Form B6) (due within 15 days)
6. Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities (Official Form B6 - Summ 2) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)
7. Schedules A-J (Official Forms B6 A-J)(C, I & J required for individuals only) (due within 15 days)
8. Declaration Concerning Debtor's Schedules (Official Form B6 - Decl) (due within 15 days)
9. Statement of Financial Affairs (Official Form B7) (due within 15 days)
10. Statement of Corporate Ownership (Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(a)(1)) (corporate cases only) (due within 15 days)
11. Social Security Number Verification Form (Official Form B21) (individual cases only) (due with petition or show cause hearing)
12. Attorney Compensation Disclosure (Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2016(b)) (due within 5 days)
13. Matrix and Verification of Creditor Matrix (Local Form 2)
14. Credit Counseling Certificate, Exhibit D, Certification of Exigent Circumstances, or Motion for Exemption (Bankruptcy Code §§ 109(h) and 521(b)) (individuals only) (due immediately unless Exhibit D indicates that the Credit Counseling Certificate will be filed within 15 days)
15. Statement of Current Monthly Income (Official Form 22B) (individual cases only) (due within 15 days)
16. Filing Fee or Application to Pay Filing Fee in Installments. Only individuals may pay in installments.
17. Non-attorney Preparer Notice (individuals only)
18. Statement disclosing any reasonably anticipated increase in income or expenditures over the 12-month period following the date of the filing of the petition (Bankruptcy

Code § 521(a) (to be included in Item 17 of Schedule I and Item 19 of Schedule J) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)

19. Records of any interest in an educational Individual Retirement Account or state tuition program (to be included in Item 11 of Schedule B and filed separately) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)

20. Chapter 11 Small Business Requirements. (Bankruptcy Code § 1116(1)) (due within 5 days)

a. Balance Sheet

b. Statement of Operations

c. Cash-Flow Statement; and

d. Federal Income Tax Returns; or

e. an affidavit stating that no Balance Sheet, Statement of Operations, and/or Cash Flow Statement has been prepared and/or no Federal tax return has been filed.

D. Chapter 12 Cases

The following documents are required to be filed to commence a Chapter 12 case and should be arranged in the following order. All documents listed are due with the petition unless otherwise specified.

1. Voluntary Petition (Official Form B1)

2. Exhibit C to Voluntary Petition (only if yes is marked on the second page of the Voluntary Petition) (due within 5 days)

3. Summary of Schedules (Official Form B6) (due within 15 days)

4. Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities (Official Form B6 - Summ 2) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)

5. Schedules A-J (Official Forms B6 A-J)(C, I & J required for individuals only) (due within 15 days)

6. Declaration Concerning Debtor's Schedules (Official Form B6 - Decl) (due within 15 days)

7. Statement of Financial Affairs (Official Form B7) (due within 15 days)

8. Chapter 12 Plan (due within 90 days)

9. Social Security Number Verification Form (Official Form B21) (individuals only) (due with petition or show cause hearing)

10. Attorney Compensation Disclosure (Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2016(b)) (due within 5 days)

11. Matrix and Verification of Creditor Matrix (Local Form 2)

12. Credit Counseling Certificate, Exhibit D, Certification of Exigent Circumstances, or Motion for Exemption (Bankruptcy Code §§ 109(h) and 521(b)) (individuals only) (due immediately unless Exhibit D indicates that the Credit Counseling Certificate will be filed within 15 days)

13. Filing Fee or Application to Pay Filing Fee in Installments. Only individuals may pay in installments.

14. Non-attorney Preparer Notice (individuals only)

15. Statement disclosing any reasonably anticipated increase in income or expenditures

over the 12-month period following the date of the filing of the petition (Bankruptcy Code § 521(a)) (to be included in Item 17 of Schedule I and Item 19 of Schedule J) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)

16. Records of any interest in an educational Individual Retirement Account or state tuition program (to be included in Item 11 of Schedule B and filed separately) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)

E. Chapter 13 Cases

The following documents are required to be filed to commence a Chapter 13 case and should be arranged in the following order. All documents listed are due with the petition unless otherwise specified.

1. Voluntary Petition (Official Form B1)
2. Exhibit C to Voluntary Petition (only if yes is marked on the second page of the Voluntary Petition) (due within 5 days)
3. Summary of Schedules (Official Form B6) (due within 15 days)
4. Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities (Official Form B6 - Summ 2) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)
5. Schedules A-J (Official Forms B6 A-J) (due within 15 days)
6. Declaration Concerning Debtor's Schedules (Official Form B6 - Decl) (due within 15 days)
7. Statement of Financial Affairs (Official Form B7) (due within 15 days)
8. Social Security Number Verification Form (Official Form B21) (due with petition or show cause hearing)
9. Chapter 13 Plan (Local Form 13) (due within 15 days)
10. Attorney Compensation Disclosure (Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2016(b)) (due within 5 days)
11. Chapter 13 Attorney Fee Election Form (CM/ECF Virtual Event - no document needs to be uploaded) (due within 15 days)
12. Matrix and Verification of Creditor Matrix (Local Form 2)
13. Credit Counseling Certificate, Exhibit D, Certification of Exigent Circumstances, or Motion for Exemption (Bankruptcy Code §§ 109(h) and 521(b)) (due immediately unless Exhibit D indicates that the Credit Counseling Certificate will be filed within 15 days)
14. Statement of Current Monthly Income and Disposable Income Calculation Form (Official Form 22C) (individual cases only) (due within 15 days)
15. Filing Fee or Application to Pay Filing Fee through the Plan
16. Non-attorney Preparer Notice (individuals only)
17. Statement disclosing any reasonably anticipated increase in income or expenditures over the 12-month period following the date of the filing of the petition (Bankruptcy Code § 521(a)) (to be included in Item 17 of Schedule I and Item 19 of Schedule J) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)
18. Records of any interest in an educational Individual Retirement Account or state tuition program (to be included in Item 11 of Schedule B and filed separately) (individuals only) (due within 15 days)

F. **Filing Fees.** Reference the Court's web site at www.moeb.uscourts.gov for filing fees required to commence a bankruptcy case.

G. **Order and Notice of Missing Documents.** The Court sends an Order and Notice of Missing Documents when a petition is filed without all of the required documents or when other filing deficiencies are noted. Failure to cure the deficiency(ies) by filing the missing documents or correcting any other deficiency(ies) stated on the Order and Notice of Missing Documents within the time stated therein shall result in the prompt dismissal or reconversion of the case unless a motion to extend time for filing has been granted or is pending. The Court will not condone serial filing of motions to extend time simply for the purpose of staving off dismissal, however.

L.R. 1006 - Payment of Filing Fees in Installments or Waiver of Filing Fee.

A. **Local Form.** All applications to pay filing fees in installments shall be filed using a form in substantial conformity with Local Form 1. No proposed order shall be submitted with the application.

B. **Installment Filing Fees in Chapter 13 Cases.** In Chapter 13 cases, any unpaid filing fee installments shall be paid through the Chapter 13 plan. The appropriate box shall be checked on the Application to Pay Filing Fees in Installments (Local Form 1) and a provision for payment shall be included in the debtor's Chapter 13 plan (Local Form 13).

L.B.R. 1007-1

C. **Waiver of Filing Fee.** The Court will post on the Court's web site the applicable poverty guidelines to be used in determining whether a debtor qualifies for a fee waiver pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930(f). If an application for In Forma Pauperis (Official Form 3B) is granted, unless otherwise stated, the order granting the application will waive all filing fees in the case. The order granting In Forma Pauperis status may be vacated if developments in the case demonstrate that waiver of fees was unwarranted. If an application for In Forma Pauperis is denied, the debtor will ordinarily be ordered to pay the filing fee in installments pursuant to a payment schedule set out in the Court's order. If the debtor is not eligible to pay fees in installments because outstanding fees remain owing to the Court in a prior case, the debtor will be ordered to pay the full filing fee within 5 business days of the order denying the In Forma Pauperis application. Failure to timely pay the filing fee will result in the case being dismissed.

L.R. 1007-1 - Means Testing and Current Income Calculations

A. **Median Family Income.** In determining median family income for purposes of Bankruptcy Code § 707(b)(7) and completion of the Means Test Official Form in Chapter 7 cases, and the Disposable Income Official Form in Chapter 13 cases, absent evidence to the contrary, the median family income shall be those amounts established by the United States Bureau

of the Census and made available on the Bankruptcy Court's web site as provided by the Office of the United States Trustee.

B. Monthly Expenses. Absent evidence to the contrary, the monthly expenses for use in determining the means test under Bankruptcy Code § 707(b)(2)(A) and completion of the Means Test Official Form in Chapter 7 cases, and the Disposable Income Official Form in Chapter 13 cases shall be those expenses established by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service and made available through a link on the Bankruptcy Court's web site to this information as provided by the Office of the United States Trustee. The multiplier for calculating the Chapter 13 administrative expense on the Means Test Official Form in Chapter 7 cases, and the Disposable Income Official Form in Chapter 13 cases shall be the percentage on the date the case is filed and made available through a link on the Bankruptcy Court's web site as provided by the Office of the United States Trustee.

C. Documentation Supporting Means Test. The debtor shall bring to the Bankruptcy Code § 341 meeting of creditors (“§ 341 Meeting”) documentation supporting expenses claimed on the Means Test Official Form in Chapter 7 cases, and the Disposable Income Official Form in Chapter 13 cases. Such documentation shall not be filed with the Court unless filing is necessary to comply with existing rules and procedures.

L.R. 1007-2 - Bankruptcy Code § 521(a)(1) Filing Requirements. The debtor shall not be required to file the documents specified in Bankruptcy Code §§ 521(a)(1)(B)(iv), (v), and (vi), and shall be deemed to have satisfied these Bankruptcy Code § 521(a) filing requirements in the following manner:

A. Bankruptcy Code § 521(a)(1)(B)(iv). The requirements of Bankruptcy Code § 521(a)(1)(B)(iv) (copies of all payment advices or other evidence of payment received within 60 days before the date of the filing of the petition by the debtor from any employer of the debtor) is satisfied by providing to the Trustee (or the United States Trustee in a Chapter 11 case where no Trustee has been appointed) at least 7 calendar days before the first setting of the § 341 Meeting

1. Payment advice(s) or other evidence of payment (which may be satisfied by providing less than “all payment advices or other evidence of payment received within 60 days before the date of the filing of the petition ...” - e.g. by providing a year-to-date statement that includes payments received within 60 days of the petition), or

2. A verified statement that the debtor did not receive payments to which Bankruptcy Code § 521(a)(1)(B)(iv) applies.

In no event shall the documents required by Bankruptcy Code § 521(a)(1)(B)(iv) be provided later than 45 days after the date of the filing of the petition. If the § 341 Meeting is not set within 45 days of the filing of the petition, the 45-day deadline for providing payment advices to the Trustee (or the United States Trustee, if applicable) still applies. If the Trustee or the United States Trustee continues the § 341 Meeting to receive these documents, such

continuance shall not be deemed a request or consent to extend the deadline of Bankruptcy Code § 521(i). Nothing in this Rule shall be construed as requiring the Trustee or the United States Trustee to continue the § 341 Meeting. Failure to provide the documents within the 45-day deadline shall be grounds for the Trustee or the United States Trustee (if applicable) to request dismissal. If the case is dismissed following such a request by the Trustee or the United States Trustee, and the debtor believes the case was dismissed in error, the debtor shall file any motion to reinstate the case within 10 days of the entry of the dismissal order. A case that has been dismissed for failure to file a required document or provide a required document to the Trustee or the United States Trustee will not be considered to be a case dismissed in error.

B. Bankruptcy Code § 521(a)(1)(B)(v). The requirement of Bankruptcy Code § 521(a)(1)(B)(v) (statement of the amount of monthly net income, itemized to show how the amount is calculated) is satisfied by including such information in Schedule I.

C. Bankruptcy Code § 521(a)(1)(B)(vi). The requirement of § 521(a)(1)(B)(vi) (a statement disclosing any reasonably anticipated increase in income or expenditures over the next 12-month period following the date of the filing of the petition) is satisfied by including such information in item 17 of Schedule I and item 19 of Schedule J.

L.R. 1007-3 - Statistical Summary Form. Individual debtors whose debts are primarily consumer debts filing a case under Bankruptcy Code Chapters 7, 11, or 13 shall complete and file the Official Statistical Summary Form. If not filed with the petition, the Court will issue its 15-day Order and Notice of Missing Documents. Thereafter, if the Form remains unfiled, the Court will issue a notice to the debtor advising that the case may be closed without entry of discharge. If filed after the voluntary petition, the Form shall be filed using the “Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities” Miscellaneous Event.

L.R. 1007-4 - Bankruptcy Code § 521(c) Education Accounts. The debtor shall file with the petition, and if not with the petition, within 15 days thereafter, records of any interest under Bankruptcy Code § 521(c) by including such information on item 11 of Schedule B and by attaching an Exhibit Summary to the Schedules or by filing the Exhibit Summary separately using the “Debtor Interest in Education Account” event.

L.R. 1007-5 - Bankruptcy Code § 521 Tax Returns and Requests.

A. Bankruptcy Code § 521(e)(2) - Tax Returns Filed with the Taxing Authority Pre-Petition. Unless otherwise requested by the United States Trustee or the Trustee, the debtor shall be deemed to have met the requirement of Bankruptcy Code § 521(e)(2)(A)(i) by providing to the Trustee (or the United States Trustee in a Chapter 11 case where no Trustee has been appointed), no later than 7 calendar days prior to the § 341 Meeting, a copy of the debtor’s most recently filed federal and state tax returns, or a verified statement that such returns do not exist and the reason why the returns do not exist. On request of a creditor under Bankruptcy Code § 521(e)(2)(A)(ii), the debtor shall provide copies of such tax returns

to the creditor but shall not file the returns or an Exhibit Summary thereof with the Court. Failure to provide the Trustee (or the United States Trustee if applicable) with the required tax returns or a verified statement that such returns do not exist as set forth in this Rule will result in the Trustee's or United States Trustee's request for dismissal of the case. Nothing in this Rule shall be construed as requiring the Trustee or the United States Trustee to continue the § 341 Meeting.

B. Bankruptcy Code § 521(f) - Tax Returns Filed with the Taxing Authority Post-Petition.

To file tax returns or transcripts under Bankruptcy Code § 521(f) in the Court's CM/ECF system in response to a request for such returns, the debtor shall use the "Tax Documents" event. A written request pursuant to Bankruptcy Code § 521(f) shall be filed with the Court using the "Request for Copy of Debtor's Tax Information" event and shall be served on the debtor and debtor's counsel, if any.

L.R. 1007-6 - Credit Counseling.

A. Review by Trustee. The United States Trustee, or the Trustee, as applicable, shall review any of the documents set out in L.R. 1002(A)(3) that have been filed and file a motion to dismiss the case if the debtor has not met the requirements of Bankruptcy Code § 109(h) to be eligible for bankruptcy relief.

B. Certificate of Credit Counseling. A separate certificate of credit counseling or Exhibit D shall be filed with the petition for each debtor unless a motion for exemption or exigent circumstances is filed. If a single Exhibit D is filed for both debtors in a joint case, the exhibit shall include the names and signatures of both debtors. The certificate of credit counseling or Exhibit D shall be appended to the voluntary petition or may be filed separately. If the certificate of credit counseling is filed separately, the "Certificate of Credit Counseling" event shall be used. If Exhibit D is filed separately, the "Support/Supplement" event shall be used. If Exhibit D to the voluntary petition is filed indicating that counseling was obtained but the certificate is not available, the Court will issue a 15-day Order and Notice of Missing Documents and will dismiss the case on the 16th day if the certificate of credit counseling is not timely filed.

C. Certificate of Exigent Circumstances. The certification of exigent circumstances under Bankruptcy Code § 109(h)(3)(A) shall be filed using the "Exigent Circumstances re: Credit Counseling" Miscellaneous Event.

D. Exemption. A motion for exemption under Bankruptcy Code § 109(h)(4) shall be filed using the "Motion for Exemption from Credit Counseling" event.

L.R. 1007-7 - Extension of Time to File Schedules and Statement of Financial Affairs.

- A. General Procedures.** Any request for additional time to file schedules or the statement of financial affairs ~~must~~shall:
1. be filed before expiration of the deadline;
 2. seek extension to a date certain for filing the missing documents;

3. disclose the date the petition was filed;
4. disclose the date of the § 341 mMeeting;
5. disclose all prior extensions granted; and
6. include be submitted simultaneously with a proposed order via Judge's e-mail as required under L.B.R. 9050-~~1~~.

—The request to extend time mustshall be served on the tTrustee and, in Chapter 11 cases, on those entities whothat would be on the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List if such a list existed in the case, the Trustee (if any), the Trustee's attorney, and any examiner in the case. If the Court extends the time for filing schedules to a date that is less than ~~ten (10)~~ days before the scheduled § 341 mMeeting ~~of creditors~~, the debtor must contact the trustee shall contact the Trustee (or the United States Trustee in a Chapter 11 case where no Trustee has been appointed) to verify whether the § 341 mMeeting should be rescheduled. If the m§ 341 Meting is rescheduled, the debtor mustshall serve notice of the continued § 341 mMeeting date on all creditors and parties in interest as required by L.B.R. 2003-~~1~~(A-) and mustshall file a certificate of service (L.B.R. ~~9004-1 D~~).

~~L.B.R. 1007-2 Matrix~~9004(D)).

B. Dismissal for Failure to File Schedules and Statement of Financial Affairs. In a Chapter 7 or 13 case, if the schedules or statement of financial affairs or a request for additional time to file the schedules and/or statement of financial affairs are not filed within 15 days of the date the voluntary petition was filed, the case will be dismissed on the 16th day after the date the voluntary petition was filed.

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L.R. 1007-8 - Matrix.

A. General Requirements. The debtor mustshall file a list containing the name and address of each creditor in the format specified in the Procedures Manual. This list is called the creditor “matrix.” The debtor mustshall also sign and simultaneously file a verification of creditor matrix (Local Form 2) following the instructions in the Procedures Manual. The matrix and verification mustshall be filed with the petition pursuant to L.B.R. ~~1002-1 A~~.

~~L.B.R. 1009-1~~R. 1002(A)).

B. Matrix to Include Child Support Enforcement Agency. Any debtor that is subject to a child support claim of a domestic support obligation shall include the address for the appropriate state child support enforcement agency in the debtor's matrix. Such addresses are available through the web site of the Office of the United States Trustee.

C. Missouri Department of Revenue and U.S. Internal Revenue Service. The Missouri Department of Revenue shall be listed on the matrix in all Chapter 13 cases using the address set forth in the Procedures Manual. The U.S. Internal Revenue Service shall be listed on the

matrix in all Chapter 11 cases and in all other cases where the Internal Revenue Service is a creditor using the address set forth in the Procedures Manual.

L.R. 1009 - Amended Schedules ~~or~~and/or Matrix.-

~~A.~~ **A. Content of Amended Schedule or Matrix.** An amended schedule ~~or~~and/or matrix shall include only the names and addresses ~~of creditors who~~that have been newly added, or for ~~whom~~which information has changed.- Along with the amended schedule ~~or~~and/or matrix, the debtor shall file:-

- ~~1.~~ 1. a memorandum stating the reason for the amendment, which a signed declaration and/or verification (as applicable) for the amended schedule and/or matrix. Along with an amended schedule and/or matrix that (i) adds a party, (ii) deletes a party, (iii) changes the amount owed to a creditor, and/or (iv) changes the classification of a debt, the debtor shall file a memorandum identifying the changes made by the amendment. The memorandum shall list the name(s) of the creditor(s) ~~added or~~ affected by the amendment and a description of the applicable change(s); ~~and~~
- ~~2.~~ 2. a signed declaration or verification for the amended schedule or matrix. -

~~B.~~

B. Service. The debtor shall serve a notice of the amended schedule ~~or matrix and the memorandum on the trustee and on every creditor included in the amended document~~and/or a notice of the amended matrix on the Trustee. A copy of the last issued notice of commencement of case ~~must~~shall be served with the ~~memorandum and amended document~~notice along with a proof of claim form and notice of the claims bar date on any newly added creditor in any asset case. In Chapter 13 cases, the debtor ~~must~~shall also serve a copy of the current Chapter 13 plan on every newly added creditor included in the amended document. The debtor ~~must~~shall file a certificate of service listing the documents served in full compliance with

~~L.B.R. 9004-1 D.~~

~~L.B.R. 1015-1~~L.R. 9004(D). The debtor shall serve a copy of the amended schedules and/or matrix and any accompanying memorandum on any party requesting a copy of these documents.

C. Large Chapter 11 Cases. In any large Chapter 11 case, or a Chapter 7 case that has been converted from a Chapter 11 case, in which the Court authorizes the debtor or a noticing agent to provide notice and maintain the creditor matrix, the following procedures shall apply to amended matrices:

1. When the matrix needs to be amended or corrected, the debtor shall file in PDF the amended or corrected matrix in the CM/ECF system. The debtor shall not upload this amended matrix into the CM/ECF system. The filed (not uploaded) amended matrix shall include all names and addresses comprising the most current list of the debtor's creditors.
2. To file the amended or corrected matrix, the debtor shall use the "Amended Creditor

Matrix” event.

3. On conversion of a Chapter 11 case or within 5 business days of any request from the Court or any other party, the debtor shall file in PDF and upload (as a text file) an amended matrix as set forth in these Rules.

D. Form Notice in Chapter 7 Individual Cases. In Chapter 7 individual cases, the Debtor shall file and serve the mandatory “Notice of Amendment to Schedules to Add Creditor(s)” (Local Form 26) upon all creditors added to the case by an amended schedule. The notice shall either be filed with the amended schedules using the “Amended Schedules” event or separately using the “Notice of Amendment to Schedules to Add Creditor(s)” event. The additional documents referenced in the notice shall not be filed with the Court.

E. Extension of Deadline for Objection to Discharge. The deadline to object to a debtor’s discharge or the dischargeability of a debt will be extended by 60 days from the date of the amended schedules and/or matrix only for newly added creditors.

L.R. 1015 - Joint Administration and Affiliated Debtor Cases.

A. **Joint Cases.** The estates under a joint petition filed pursuant to ~~11 U.S.C.~~Bankruptcy Code § 302(a) will be jointly administered unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

B. **Affiliated Debtor Cases in Chapter 11.** ~~Refer to the Procedures Manual for instructions on filing affiliated debtor cases to~~The debtor or a party in interest may request by motion that cases in this Court regarding a debtor and its affiliate(s) be jointly administered~~under Chapter 11.~~

~~**L.B.R. 1017-1.**~~ A motion for joint administration shall be filed as early in the case as possible. Unnecessary delay may result in the Court’s denial of the motion for joint administration. Such a motion shall be served upon all parties on the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List, or, if no such list exists, on those who would be on such a list, the Trustee (if any), the Trustee’s attorney, and any examiner in the case. The motion for joint administration shall be filed in the case requested to be designated as the lead case. Joint administration of a debtor and its affiliates, unless otherwise ordered by the Court, shall not be a substantive consolidation of the cases.

1. **Designation of Lead Case.** Unless otherwise stated in the order granting joint administration, when multiple affiliated cases are filed, the first case filed (i.e. the case having the lowest case number) shall be designated as the lead case.

2. **Docket.** A single case docket and case file shall be maintained in the lead case after entry of the order for joint administration.

3. **Style of Court Documents.** Pleadings and other documents filed after entry of the order for joint administration shall be styled with the caption of the lead case and shall indicate that the cases are being jointly administered. The caption for a pleading or other document filed in a jointly administered case shall follow the

designated example in Local Form 22. Such documents shall be filed in the lead case only.

4. **Claims.** A separate claims register shall be maintained for each affiliated case. A proof of claim shall specifically state the name and case number of the debtor against which the claim is asserted. If claims are asserted against more than one of the affiliated debtors in a jointly administered case, a separate original proof of claim shall be filed in each case.

L.R. 1017-1 - Motions to Dismiss in all Chapters.⁺

- A. **General.** All motions to dismiss a bankruptcy case ~~must~~shall state whether the case has been converted and other relevant facts in support of the motion, including whether the debtor has entered into an agreement with a creditor or with the ~~t~~Trustee that is a basis for the motion to dismiss. In Chapter 7, 11, and 12 cases, the movant ~~must~~shall give notice of the motion to all creditors and parties in interest. ~~In Chapter 13 cases, the debtor's voluntary motion to dismiss must be served on the Chapter 13 trustee. All other motions to dismiss a Chapter 13 case must be served on the debtor, the debtor's attorney, and the Chapter 13 trustee.~~ Negative Notice procedures as set forth in L.B.R. 906~~+~~-1 apply to motions to dismiss except as otherwise stated herein in this Rule.
- B. **Motions to Dismiss for Failure to Provide or File Required Papers Documents.** Pursuant to ~~11 U.S.C. Bankruptcy Code~~ § 105(a), the Court may promptly dismiss a bankruptcy case for failure to timely provide or file the ~~schedules, statements, or lists~~documents required under ~~11 U.S.C. Bankruptcy Code~~ § 521 or these Rules. In Chapter 12 and Chapter 13 cases, the Court may also dismiss the case for failure to file a Chapter 12 or 13 plan when due.
- C. **Motions to Dismiss for Failure to Appear at § 341 Meeting.** ~~The~~ ~~t~~Trustee (or the United States Trustee in a Chapter 11 case where no Trustee has been appointed) shall file a request to have the case dismissed if the debtor fails to appear at a rescheduled § 341 ~~m~~Meeting of creditors without being excused by the ~~t~~Trustee, ~~the Court~~, or the United States Trustee, provided the ~~t~~Trustee or United States Trustee has notified the debtor in writing that failure to appear may result in the case being dismissed. On receipt of the ~~t~~Trustee's Bankruptcy Code § 341 minute report entry or other document requesting dismissal, the Court may dismiss the case without further notice~~-~~

~~L.B.R. 1017-2 Motions to Dismiss and the debtor shall be barred from filing another bankruptcy case for the 180-day period following the order of dismissal.~~

~~D. **Dismissal** in Chapter 13 Cases:~~

- ~~A. **Time for Response and Hearing on Motions to Dismiss in Chapter 13 Cases. - General Provisions.** In Chapter 13 cases, the debtor's voluntary motion to dismiss shall be served on the Trustee, and the Court will promptly dismiss the case after the motion has been filed. All~~

other motions to dismiss a Chapter 13 case shall be served on the debtor, the debtor's attorney (if any), and the Trustee. Motions to dismiss made by parties other than the debtor in Chapter 13 cases shall be heard on Negative Notice (~~L.B.R. 9061-1 A., 9061-1 D~~). The debtor shall have ~~twenty (20)~~ days from the date of service of a ~~M~~motion to dismiss a Chapter 13 case to file a response to such motion. If a response is filed, the movant shall provide ~~ten (10)~~ days notice of hearing. If no response is filed, a Certification and Dismissal Request can be filed, and the motion may be granted without further notice or hearing.

~~B.~~

~~E.~~ **Amended Plan or ~~o~~Other Responses to the Chapter 13 Trustee's Motion to Dismiss for Failure to Make Plan Payments.** To avoid dismissal on the ~~t~~Trustee's motion to dismiss for failure to make plan payments, the debtor mustshall become current in plan payments to the ~~t~~Trustee. The debtor may become current by performing one of the following:

1. making payment to the ~~t~~Trustee;
2. entering into a stipulation with the ~~t~~Trustee if the motion to dismiss is the first such motion. The stipulation mustshall propose extra monthly payments to cure the missed

~~_____~~ payments within ~~twelve (12)~~ months and the extra payments mayshall not exceed 25% of the regular monthly payment; or

3. filing an amended plan which cures the missed payments. Any amended plan mustshall follow the procedures for Chapter 13 plans outlined in these Rules (~~L.B.R. 3015-4, 3015-5~~) and ~~—~~contain terms that address the missed payments as well as future plan payments. Plan language curing missed payments must be in substantial conformity with the language contained in the Procedures Manual.

~~C.~~ ~~F.~~ **Amended Plans in Response to Chapter 13 Trustee's Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Feasibility.** If the debtor responds to the ~~Chapter 13~~ ~~t~~Trustee's motion to dismiss for lack of feasibility by submitting an amended plan that only differs from the confirmed plan in that it increases the number of future payments to the ~~t~~Trustee and does not waive any missed payments, the plan may be confirmed on recommendation of the ~~t~~Trustee without the debtor following the procedures of ~~L.B.R. 3015-5~~.

~~L.B.R. 1019-1~~

L.R. 1017-2 - Motions to Reinstate Following Dismissal for Failure to File or Provide Required Documents or Attend § 341 Meeting.

A. Time and Content. A debtor shall have 10 days after entry of an order of dismissal to file

a motion to reinstate and set aside dismissal. The motion shall state good cause for reinstatement. A case will not ordinarily be reinstated if dismissed for failure to make an installment filing fee payment, attend the § 341 Meeting or timely file or provide documents required by Bankruptcy Code § 521. A motion to set aside an order of dismissal shall contain:

1. the date the deficiency or problem which caused the dismissal was cured;
2. the date the filing fees were paid in full (not just the missed installment) if dismissed for a missed installment payment;
3. the date any missing document was filed or provided if dismissed for failure to file or provide such document;
4. the exceptional circumstances warranting reinstatement of the case; and
5. a list of all bankruptcy cases filed by the debtor within the last eight years or a statement that the debtor has not filed a bankruptcy case within the prior eight years.

B. Hearing, Service, and Order. Unless the Court grants a request for hearing, the Court will consider a motion to reinstate under this Rule without hearing. The debtor shall serve the motion on the Trustee and, in Chapter 11 cases, on the United States Trustee. If the case is reinstated, the Court will send notice of the reinstatement to all creditors and parties in interest. The notice of reinstatement shall include a list of all matters pending at the time of dismissal. Any party may set such matter(s) for hearing.

C. Effect of Reinstatement on Deadlines. If a case is dismissed and reinstated before the § 341 Meeting is commenced, the deadline to object to discharge in a Chapter 7 case and to object to dischargeability of a debt in a Chapter 7, 11, 12 or 13 case shall be 60 days after the rescheduled § 341 Meeting. The motion to reinstate shall be the debtor's request to extend these deadlines.

L.R. 1017-3 - Motions to Reinstate Following Dismissal on Trustee's Motion to Dismiss for Failure to Make Plan Payments.

A. Time, Content, and Service. A Chapter 13 debtor shall have 10 days after entry of an order granting the Trustee's motion to dismiss for failure to make plan payments in which to file a motion to reinstate and set aside dismissal and to pay funds to the Trustee to bring payments current as of the date of the debtor's motion. The motion shall state whether the case was previously dismissed and reinstated and shall provide dates of any prior dismissals and orders of reinstatement. The motion shall also recite that the debtor has paid funds to the Trustee to bring payments current as of the date of the debtor's motion. The debtor shall serve a copy of its motion upon the Trustee, all creditors and parties in interest who have filed a proof of claim, and all entities that have filed a request for notice. No later than 10 days after service of the motion, the Trustee shall file a response to the motion, stating whether the Trustee consents or opposes reinstatement. Upon submission of the Trustee's consent, the case may be reinstated without hearing. Absent a compelling reason, the Court will enter an order without hearing after receipt of the Trustee's response.

B. Order Regarding Reinstatement. The Court shall prepare the order granting or denying a motion to reinstate and shall send a copy of the order to all entities on the matrix. Upon reinstatement of the case, it is incumbent upon the movant to set for hearing any unresolved motions pending at the time of dismissal.

L.R. 1019 - Conversions.

A. Schedules, Statements and Matrix in Converted Case. -No later than ~~five (5)~~ days after entry of the order of conversion, the debtor shall file a new matrix (which ~~must~~shall include any creditors holding post-petition claims) and a matrix verification.

1. Individual Debtors. No later than ~~fifteen (15)~~ days after entry of the order of conversion, ~~the~~an individual debtor shall file new schedules and ~~statements~~a statement of financial affairs, and, in a case converted to Chapter 13, a Chapter 13 plan. The new schedules shall be filed in lieu of filing the schedule of post-petition liabilities specified in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1019(5) but ~~must~~shall include post-petition liabilities and the date(s) the debts were incurred.

2. Debtors that are not Individuals. A debtor that is not an individual and that is converting to Chapter 7 is not required to file new schedules and a statement of financial affairs but such debtor (or trustee, if one has been appointed in a Chapter 11 case) shall file the schedule of unpaid debts and final report and account pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1019(5) within the time frames set forth therein. Such schedule and report shall include (1) each item of property acquired after the filing of the petition and remaining in the estate at the time of conversion, (2) each debt remaining unpaid that was incurred after the filing of the petition, and (3) all executory contracts into which the debtor has entered after the filing of the petition.

B. Deadline to File Means Test/Statement of Current Monthly Income Forms upon Conversion of Case. When an individual debtor seeks to convert a case filed on or after October 17, 2005 to a case under Chapter 7, 11 or 13, the debtor shall attach the appropriate Official Form 22A, B, or C to be used for the Statement of Current Monthly Income referred to in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(b)(4), (5), and (6) to the debtor's motion or notice to convert. If converting a case filed on or after October 17, 2005 to a case under Chapter 7, an individual debtor shall complete a new means test using Form 22A at the time of conversion, even if the debtor has previously completed a means test prior to conversion from Chapter 7 to another chapter. If not attached to the motion or notice, the appropriate Form 22 shall be filed simultaneously with the motion or notice to convert using the appropriate "Means Test or Statement of Current Monthly Income" event. Failure to promptly file the Form for the converted case may result in denial of the motion to convert, or dismissal or reconversion of the case. The information provided on the Form 22 filed for the converted case shall reflect average monthly income for the six calendar months prior to the filing of the original bankruptcy petition.

C. Reconversion of Certain Chapter 13 Cases. -The Court ordinarily will reconvert a case

converted from Chapter 7 to Chapter 13, rather than dismiss the case if the debtor fails to:

1. file the documents required by L.B.R. 1019-~~1~~(A-) or as required in the order of conversion (i.e. schedules, statements, matrix or Chapter 13 plan);
2. attend the § 341 mMeeting;
3. propose a plan in good faith; or
4. timely commence plan payments.

D. Initial Debtor Interview upon Conversion to Chapter 11. Promptly upon conversion of a case to Chapter 11, the debtor (if not represented by an attorney) or the debtor's attorney (if any) shall contact the Office of the United States Trustee to schedule the § 341 Meeting, and arrange for an initial debtor interview. The debtor and the debtor's attorney (if any) shall review the United States Trustee's requirements and role in administering a Chapter 11 case found in the Procedures Manual.

L.R. 1030 - Requests for Documents. Except as otherwise specifically provided in any of these Rules, when a party requests a document from another party, any such request shall initially be in writing, made either by letter or e-mail, and shall not be filed with the Court. Failure to comply with the request within 15 days of the request shall be grounds for the requesting party to file a motion to compel or seek other remedy(ies) from the Court, including dismissal. To comply with the request, the party shall provide the documents to the requesting party but shall not file the documents or an Exhibit Summary concerning the documents with the Court. Nothing precludes the use of current Motion to Compel practices as otherwise authorized and permitted.

L.R. 1040 - Access to Filed Tax Documents.

A. General Provisions. For the United States Trustee, the Trustee, or a party in interest to gain access to tax returns or transcripts filed with the Court, such party shall file a motion with the Court using the "Motion for Access to Tax Information" event and shall serve the motion upon the debtor and the debtor's attorney, if any. The motion shall include

1. A description of the movant's status in the case;
2. A description of the specific tax information sought;
3. A statement indicating the information cannot be obtained by the movant from any other source; and
4. A statement showing a demonstrated need for the tax information.

If the Court grants access to the tax returns or transcripts filed with the Court, the movant shall keep the tax returns and transcripts confidential and is prohibited from unauthorized dissemination of those documents or the information contained therein.

B. Disposition of Tax Documents. On conclusion of review of any tax returns or transcripts by the United States Trustee, the Trustee, any creditor, or party in interest, such party shall either return the tax returns or transcripts and any copies thereof to the debtor, or destroy the tax returns or transcripts and any copies thereof.

PART II. ADMINISTRATION AND NOTICE

L.B.R.- 2002-1 - Address for Service. ~~The~~

A. Address for Service. ~~The debtor shall use for the matrix the last address for correspondence that the creditor has provided to the debtor unless the debtor is aware that the creditor has specifically directed use of a different address. If the creditor has not provided the debtor with an address for correspondence, the~~ debtor shall use the last billing address provided by ~~the~~ creditor ~~for the matrix~~ unless the debtor is aware ~~that~~ the creditor has specifically directed use of a different address. The address listed on the matrix shall be used for service of all motions, applications, pleadings, orders, and notices of hearing unless an entity has directed use of another address, or as otherwise may be required, such as for pleadings requiring service on an entity's registered agent. Any entity who has filed an entry of appearance, a request for notice, or a proof of claim or interest shall be ~~served at~~ deemed to have directed that the address on the entry, request, or ~~claim last filed~~ proof of claim or interest last filed be used for service of all motions, applications, pleadings, orders, and notices of hearing. Unless service on both the party-

~~(debtor, creditor, etc.) and the party's attorney is required, service under this Rule on the party shall be made by serving the attorney.~~

L.B.R. 2002-2 ~~party's attorney.~~

B. Internal Revenue Service and Missouri Department of Revenue. Refer to the Procedures Manual for the addresses to be used for service on the United States Internal Revenue Service and the Missouri Department of Revenue.

C. Service on Registered Agent. Parties, or their attorneys, if any, shall refer to the Procedures Manual for the web address of the Missouri Secretary of State where registered agents can be located and use that web address to locate the appropriate registered agent when service on a party's registered agent is required.

L.R. 2002-2 - Notice of Commencement of Case and § 341 Meeting of Creditors.

A. Service and Form of Notice. The Court will send all notices of commencement of case but is authorized to designate the debtor, ~~t~~Trustee, or other party to provide notice where the interests of justice and efficiency are served. The Clerk of Court is authorized to review the form of all such notices to ensure compliance with the Court's procedures and applicable rules. The notices of commencement for jointly administered cases may be combined into a single notice.—

B. — =

B. Child Support Claimants. The Trustee is not obligated to send notice under Bankruptcy Code §§ 704(c)(1)(A), (B) and (C), 1202(b)(6), or 1302(b)(6) unless a creditor holding a

claim for unpaid pre-petition child support contacts the Trustee to request such notice. The duties of the Trustee under these sections shall be met if the Trustee provides the notice specified in those sections upon request. The Notice and Order of Commencement and the Discharge Order shall contain the following language to give notice to such pre-petition child support creditors.

The holder of any claim for unpaid pre-petition child support is entitled to have the Trustee provide such creditor with notice of the creditor's right to use the services of the state child support enforcement agency and supply such creditor with the address and telephone number of the state child support enforcement agency and an explanation of the creditor's rights to payment in the bankruptcy case. Any creditor may request such notice and information by writing the Trustee. Such creditor is further entitled to have the Trustee provide the creditor with (i) notice of the granting of the discharge, (ii) any last known address of the debtor, (iii) the debtor's most recent employer, and (iv) information concerning other claims on which the debtor may be liable following the discharge. Failure to request such information from the Trustee shall be a waiver of the right to receive such notice from the Trustee.

C. Returned Notices. All notices ~~of commencement~~ sent out from the Court through the Bankruptcy Noticing Center that are undeliverable for insufficient or incorrect address will be returned to the debtor's or plaintiff's attorney or to the debtor or plaintiff if pro se ~~unrepresented by an attorney~~. The debtor ~~must~~ or plaintiff shall attempt to locate a correct address for any entity whose notice was returned. The debtor ~~must~~ or plaintiff shall send any returned notice ~~of commencement of the case~~ to such entity at the corrected address ~~and must~~. ~~The debtor shall also~~ amend the matrix under L.B.R. 1009-1. The debtor ~~must~~ shall file a certificate of service listing:

1. the name and corrected address of all entities to whom notice was re-sent; and
2. the name and address of all parties whose notices were returned and for whom the debtor was unable to locate a corrected address.

~~C. Notice of Commencement and Meeting of Creditors in Chapter 11 Cases.~~

~~In a Chapter 11 case, the United States Trustee shall file a notice of the date, time, and location for the meeting of creditors no later than five (5) business days after receipt of the petition.~~

~~L.B.R. 2003-1 Meetings of Creditors~~

L.R. 2003 - § 341 Meetings.

A. Requests to Continue or Reschedule the § 341 Meeting of Creditors, Notice of Re-setting, and Extension. -If the debtor or attorney for the debtor ~~debtor's attorney~~ knows in advance of the § 341 mMeeting that the debtor or attorney cannot attend the § 341 mMeeting as scheduled, the debtor's attorney (or the debtor if not represented by an attorney, i.e. pro se) must contact the trustee shall contact the Trustee (or the United States Trustee in a Chapter 11 case where no Trustee has been appointed) as far in advance of the m§ 341

Meeting as possible to request a continued hearing date. If continued, the debtor's attorney (or the debtor if pro se) must not be represented by an attorney shall:

1. prepare and file a notice of the continued § 341 mMeeting;
2. serve notice of the continued § 341 mMeeting date on the tTrustee and on all creditors and parties in interest and, in Chapter 11 cases, on the United States Trustee; and
3. file a certificate of service with the Court.
4. In Chapter 13 cases, the debtor's attorney (or the debtor if pro se) must also obtain a continued confirmation hearing date from the eCourtroom dDeputy and include the continued confirmation date in the notice of the continued § 341 Meeting mailed to all creditors and parties in interest.

B. **Continuance of the § 341 Meeting of Creditors Announced at Meeting.** -The tTrustee or the United States Trustee may continue a § 341 mMeeting from time to time by announcement at the m§ 341 Meeting. The tTrustee or the United States Trustee shall list the continued date, time, and time on the trustee's § 341 minute report and file the report with the Court location for the continued meeting by making a docket entry using the Court's CM/ECF system. No further notice of the continued date shall be required except as stated in Rule L.R. 2003-1(C). below:

C. **Failure to Attend the § 341 Meeting of Creditors.** -If the debtor, without being excused, fails to attend the first scheduled § 341 mMeeting, the tTrustee shall announce list the date, time, and location for a continued § 341 mMeeting date at the scheduled § 341 hearing and shall file a § 341 minute report listing the new meeting date. The trustee shall mail the § 341 minute report or other by making a docket entry within the Court's CM/ECF system. The Trustee shall serve written notice to the debtor and of the date, time, and location for the continued § 341 Meeting on the debtor and the debtor's attorney (if any). The Trustee shall either file a copy of the notice with the Court or retain a copy of the notice in the Trustee's files for at least 6 months after the case is closed. If the debtor fails to appear at the second § 341 mMeeting without being excused, the tTrustee shall file a minute report or other written request, asking that the case to be dismissed. (See Local Form 3, Chapter 7 trustee's § 341 Minute Report).

D. **Extension of Deadlines.** -If the § 341 mMeeting is rescheduled pursuant to L.R. 2003-1 C(C) before it is commenced, or the case is dismissed and reinstated before the m§ 341 Meeting is commenced, the deadline to object to discharge in a Chapter 7 case and to object to dischargeability of a debt in a Chapter 7, 11, 12 or 13 case shall be sixty (60) days after the rescheduled § 341 mMeeting. The following shall be deemed the debtor's request to extend these deadlines:

1. the debtor's failure to appear at the § 341 mMeeting;
2. a request to continue the m§ 341 Meeting of creditors; and/or
3. a motion to reinstate the case

E. **Required Documents at the § 341 Meeting of Creditors.**- If the schedules and statements (and plan ~~and plan summary~~ in a Chapter 13 case) are filed within ~~ten (10)~~ days of the scheduled § 341 ~~m~~Meeting, the debtor ~~must contact the trustee~~shall contact the Trustee (or the United States Trustee in a Chapter 11 case where no Trustee has been appointed) to verify whether a new

_____ § 341 ~~m~~Meeting ~~day~~te will be required and, if so, the debtor ~~must send notice of the new meeting date to all creditors and parties as required in L.B.R. 2003-1 A.~~ The debtor ~~must~~shall fully comply with L.R. 2003(A). The debtor ~~shall~~ bring the documentation specified in the Procedures Manual to the § 341 Meeting.

F. Waiver of Attendance. A request by a debtor to be excused from attendance at the meeting of creditors.

~~L.B.R. 2004-1~~ shall be made in writing to the Office of the United States Trustee and copied to the Trustee, if any. The procedure for requesting a waiver of attendance at the § 341 meeting and the United States Trustee's acceptable grounds for waiver are set forth in the Procedures Manual.

L.R. 2004 - Motion for Examination under Rule Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2004.

A. **Parties to Confer.**- Except for cause shown in the motion, prior to filing any motion for an examination under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2004, the party seeking the examination ~~must~~shall contact the individual or entity to be examined to attempt to reach agreement about the date, time, and place for the examination. If the individual or entity is represented by an attorney, and this is known to the party seeking the examination, the party seeking the examination shall contact the individual or entity's attorney rather than directly contacting the individual or entity.

B. **Consent Rule Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2004 Motions.**- A motion for examination under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2004 which certifies that the parties have agreed to the specific arrangements described in the motion will be granted without hearing. ~~The motion must be accompanied by~~At the time the motion is filed, the movant shall submit, via the Judge's e-mail, a proposed order to the Court which contains the name of the person or entity to be examined, the date, time, and place of the examination, and a
_____ description of any documents to be produced if documents for production have been agreed upon.

C. **Contested Rule Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2004 Motions.**- If the parties are unable to agree to the taking of a proposed Rule Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2004 examination, the motion seeking the examination ~~must~~shall state:

1. the need for the examination and the nature of the dispute;
2. a proposed time, date, and place of the examination;
3. a list of any documents to be produced; and
4. what~~the~~ efforts that were made to reach an agreement as to the taking of regarding the examination.

~~The motion must be accompanied by a~~ proposed order granting the motion shall be submitted by Judge's e-mail at the time the motion is filed. The proposed order mustshall specify the name of the person or entity to be examined, the date, time, and place of the examination and any documents ~~requested~~ to be produced. ~~M~~The movant mustshall provide a copy of the Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2004 motion and proposed order to the attorney for the person or entity to be examined, or to the person or entity if not represented by an attorney, to the ~~t~~Trustee, and, in Chapter 11 cases, to the United States Trustee. Any objection to the motion shall be filed no later than ~~five (5)~~5 business days after service of the motion.

L.B.R. - ~~2014-1~~ 2014 - Employment of Professionals.

- A. **General Requirements.**- Except for employment of an attorney for the debtor in Chapter 13 cases, an application for employment of attorneys, accountants, appraisers, auctioneers, agents or other professionals pursuant to §Bankruptcy Code §§ 327 or § 1103 shall meet the requirements of Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2014. Such application mustshall disclose any pre-petition retainer arrangement as required in L.B.R. 2016-1-(A). Applications for employment mustshall be served on all entities filing a request for notice, other counsel of record, the ~~t~~Trustee, the United States Trustee, and any committees. The application will ordinarily be considered without hearing under L.B.R. 9062-~~t~~. Any objection to the application mustshall be filed immediately ~~as required by L.B.R. 9062-t~~.
- B. **Employment of Counsel for Debtors in Chapter 13 Cases.** Procedures governing employment, compensation, and specific duties of counsel for debtors in Chapter 13 cases are ~~covered~~set forth in L.B.R. 2016-3.

L.B.R. - 2015-1 - Duty of Debtor in Chapter 12 Case.

- A. **Duties on Commencement of Case.** -No later than ~~five (5)~~5 business days after notification of the appointment of the ~~t~~Trustee, the debtor shall tender to the ~~Chapter 12~~~~t~~Trustee the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500.00). Failure of the debtor to tender this amount within 5 business days after notification of the appointment of the Trustee shall be cause for dismissal of the case. The ~~t~~Trustee may use such funds without prior application for expenses of administering the case, subject to approval of the ~~t~~Trustee's final report.
- B. **Duty to Disclose Disposable Income.**- On the first anniversary of confirmation of a Chapter 12 plan and not less frequently than annually thereafter, the debtor shall account to the ~~Chapter 12~~~~t~~Trustee for all disposable income as defined in Bankruptcy Code § 1225(b)(2). The debtor shall provide the ~~t~~Trustee with reasonable information, summaries, and documentation evidencing all receipts and disbursements of money and property over the prior year to enable the ~~t~~Trustee to determine whether the debtor has disposable income which should

_____be applied to make plan payments under Bankruptcy Code § 1225(b)(1)(B). Failure to comply with this Rule ~~may~~shall be cause for dismissal or ~~conversion~~other appropriate action. Nothing in this Rule precludes the ~~t~~Trustee from obtaining an order of Court requiring disclosures more frequently than annually.

L.B.R.- 2015-2 - Duty of Debtor in Chapter 13 Case.

A. **Wage Order.** -If the debtor in a Chapter 13 case is employed, the Court recommends ~~the debtor file a motion to enter wage order accompanied by~~that the debtor use the Court Wage Order Program to file a virtual motion for Wage Order. This will cause the Court's CM/ECF system to automatically create the wage order. If a motion is filed outside of the Wage Order Program, a proposed order ~~directed~~shall be submitted to the ~~debtor's employer~~Court simultaneously via the Judge's e-mail. The motion to enter wage order ~~shall~~may be filed simultaneously with the bankruptcy petition.

B. **Disposable Income Disclosure of Material Change in Financial Condition**. - The debtor in a Chapter 13 case ~~must~~shall disclose to the ~~Chapter 13 t~~Trustee and to ~~the~~the debtor's ~~counsel~~attorney any material change in ~~the~~the debtor's disposable income during the life of the plan. This duty to disclose is a continuing duty throughout the life of the plan.

C. **Insurance on Motor Vehicles in Chapter 13 Cases.**

1. **Required Coverage.**- The debtor in a Chapter 13 case shall maintain insurance on any motor vehicle on which a lien exists to secure a debt. Absent agreement between the debtor and the lienholder, the debtor shall provide insurance as required in the Procedures Manual.

2. **Proof of Insurance Coverage.** -The debtor in a Chapter 13 case ~~must~~shall provide the lienholder with proof of ~~three (3)~~ months prepaid insurance providing full coverage from the date of the bankruptcy petition. If the insurance policy lapses during the pendency of the case, the debtor is required to provide new proof of coverage, which ~~must~~shall include proof of ~~three (3)~~ months prepaid insurance. A copy of the policy or the policy declaration sheet and a copy of a receipt or similar payment statement from an insurance agent on company letterhead may be used as proof of coverage ~~provided~~if the documents verify the terms of coverage and pre-payment of premiums.

L.B.R.- 2015-3 - Duty of Debtor in Chapter 11 Case.

A. **General Requirements.** Refer to the Procedures Manual for general information regarding various obligations ~~on~~f the debtor in a Chapter 11 case.

B. **Insurance Requirements - Debtor-in-Possession.**

1. **General Requirements.** All debtors in a Chapter 11 case in which no Trustee has

been appointed shall:

- a. insure all estate assets against physical damage and loss with policy limits covering the asset values stated in the debtor's schedules;
 - b. if applicable, maintain liability coverage for the debtor's operations and businesses;
 - c. if applicable, and as appropriate or customary for the debtor's industry, maintain additional types of insurance (workers compensation, products liability, or professional liability); and
 - d. require insurer(s) to notify the United States Trustee of any insurance claims or lapses of coverage.
2. Proof of Insurance. Upon request of any party, the Trustee or the United States Trustee, the debtor shall provide proof of insurance, which shall include a certificate of insurance, binder, or other document(s) from the insurance carrier stating amounts, types and period of coverage, and notification of any secured party as loss payee. Failure to provide such proof shall give rise to a presumption that no insurance is in effect.

L.B.R.- 2016-1 - Compensation of Professionals.

A. ~~A.~~ **Disclosure of Compensation and Pre-petition Retainers.** Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code § 329 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2016(b), an attorney representing a debtor in a case under any chapter shall file with the petition; a statement disclosing compensation paid or agreed to be paid to such ~~counsel~~attorney for services in contemplation of or in connection with the case. Counsel shall serve the disclosure on the ~~t~~Trustee and United States Trustee. In Chapter 13 cases,

~~—~~ counsel shall serve only the Chapter 13 tTrustee. Until a case is closed, a supplemental fee disclosure statement shall be filed and served as required in this ~~r~~Rule either no later than ~~fifteen (15) days after any payment or agreement for~~ payment not previously disclosed in a properly filed Disclosure of Compensation for Attorney for Debtor pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2016(b), or no later than 15 days after the agreement for such a payment. Monies received but not subsequently disclosed are subject to disgorgement. Payment of any funds to debtor's counsel and any retainer arrangement ~~must~~shall be included in the application to employ under L.B.R. 2014-~~1~~(A).

B. ~~B.~~ Applications for Compensation.

1. **Format of Application for Compensation.** Except in certain Chapter 13 cases as governed by L.B.R. 2016-3-~~(A)~~ (concerning the "Flat Fee Option"), all professionals employed under Bankruptcy Code §§ 327 and §-1103 ~~must~~shall file an application for allowance of compensation following the "Guidelines for Compensation" set forth in the Procedures Manual.

2. **Service of Applications for Compensation.** -Unless service is limited by ~~L.B.R. 2016-3 A. 2 b. (for specified applications in Chapter 13 cases)~~, by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(a)(6) (for limited-amount applications), by Standing Order in a Chapter 11 cases, or otherwise, a professional seeking compensation or reimbursement of expenses shall serve either a copy of the application or a summary of the application ~~following~~using Local Form 4 or Local Form 5 upon the debtor ~~(if not represented by an attorney), the~~ debtor's attorney ~~(if any), the~~ tTrustee, and all creditors and parties in interest. In Chapter 13 cases, a complete copy of the application ~~must~~shall be served on the ~~Chapter 13~~ tTrustee. In all other cases, a complete copy of the application ~~must~~shall be served on the Office of the United States Trustee. Local Form 4, "Summary of Application for ~~Compensation~~" ~~may~~Compensation," shall be used in any case except Chapter 11. Local Form 5, "Notice of Hearing and Summary of Application for Compensation in Chapter 11 ~~Case~~" ~~may~~Case," shall be used in Chapter 11 cases. Any summary of the application ~~must~~shall explain how copies of the full application may be obtained by others for review without charge.

~~C.~~ C. **Objections to Applications for Compensation.**

1.

1. **In all Cases Except Chapter 11.** - In a case under any chapter except Chapter 11, any objection to an application for compensation ~~must~~shall be filed and served no later than ~~twenty~~ (20) days after service of the application. A copy of the objection ~~must~~shall be served upon the applicant, the debtor, ~~the~~ debtor's attorney ~~(if any), the~~ tTrustee ~~(if any), the Trustee's attorney,~~ and the United States Trustee. In Chapter 13 cases, the United States Trustee need not be served.

2.

2. **In Chapter 11 Cases.** In Chapter 11 cases, any objection to an application for compensation ~~must~~shall be filed and served no later than ~~ten~~ (10) days before ~~the~~ hearing on the application. A copy of the objection ~~must~~shall be served upon the applicant, the debtor, ~~the~~ debtor's attorney ~~(if any), the~~ tTrustee, and the United States Trustee.

~~D.~~ D. **Hearings on Applications for Compensation.**

1.

1. **Negative Notice in all Cases Except Chapter 11.** - In a case under any chapter except Chapter 11, hearings on applications for compensation will be held on Negative Notice pursuant to L.B.R. 906~~t~~-1. If an objection is filed, the applicant ~~must~~shall set the application for hearing, providing ~~twenty~~ (20) days notice to the debtor, ~~the~~ debtor's attorney ~~(if any), the~~ tTrustee, the United States Trustee (except in Chapter 13 cases), and any entity filing an objection. The Negative Notice of hearing and summary of application may be combined followingusing Local Form 4, "Summary & Notice of Application for Compensation."

2. **Chapter 11 Cases.**- In Chapter 11 cases, unless otherwise ordered, the applicant shall immediately set the application for the next scheduled fee hearing and provide no less than ~~thirty (30)~~ days notice to all entities served with the application or summary of the application. The notice of hearing and summary of application may be combined ~~following~~using Local Form 5, “Notice of Hearing and Summary of Application for Compensation in Chapter 11 Case.”

L.B.R.- 2016-2 - Payment of Professional Fees in Chapter 11 Cases.

- A. **General Requirements in Chapter 11 Cases.** The requirements of L.B.R. 2016-1 apply in Chapter 11 cases.
- B. **Monthly Bills (Fee Statements) in Chapter 11 Cases.**- In Chapter 11 cases, the debtor is authorized to pay 80% of a professional’s fees and 100% of the professional’s expenses on a monthly basis in accordance with this Rule. To receive compensation on a monthly basis prior to allowance on an interim application, the professional mustshall prepare a bill or fee statement in compliance with the Court’s “Guidelines for Compensation” in the Procedures Manual and mustshall submit the statement to the debtor (if the debtor is not represented by an attorney), the debtor’s attorney (if any), the United States Trustee, the Trustee (if any), the Trustee’s attorney, counsel for each official committee, counsel for each secured lender, any examiner in the case, and any other party on the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List L.B.R. 9013-3 C. if such a list exists in the case. Any objections to the statement mustshall be submitted to the applicant. If any objections are unresolved after the parties confer, the objecting party mustshall file the objection with the Court and attach a copy of the fee statement to the objection. The Court will determine whether to set the matter for hearing. All monthly payments of fees and expenses are subject to approval, modification or disgorgement on interim application which may not be filed sooner than every 120 days.—nor less frequently than every 180 days. In any case that has been pending more than 180 days, no professional shall be permitted to receive payment on a monthly bill or fee statement unless such professional has filed one or more interim fee applications covering all services provided more than 180 days before the date of such monthly bill or fee statement.
- C. **Interim Applications in Chapter 11 Cases.** In Chapter 11 cases, unless otherwise ordered, any professional employed under §Bankruptcy Code §§ 327 and §or 1103 may be paid 80% of the professional’s fees and 100% of the professional’s expenses approved on an interim application or applications that may be filed not sooner than every 120 days nor less frequently than every 180 days. Hearings on interim applications shall be scheduled by the applicant on no less than ~~thirty (30)~~ days notice following the procedures of L.B.R. 2016-1 B(D).

L.B.R.- 2016-3 - Employment, and Compensation and Specific Duties of Debtor's Counsel in Chapter 13 Cases.

A. **Fee Election Requirements.**- Attorneys for debtors in Chapter 13 cases may receive compensation for professional services and reimbursement of expenses under either a "Flat Fee Option" or a "Fee Application Option" in accordance with these Rules. Attorneys for debtors in Chapter 13 cases must shall disclose which fee election option the attorney elects by filing using the "Attorney Fee Election Form using Local Form 6. The Fee Election Form and copies as required in the Procedures Manual must be filed with Form" event. The fee election event shall be completed at the time of the attorney's initial Rule Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2016(b) disclosure. (see L.B.R. 2016-1 A.)

1. **Flat Fee Option.** -Without order of Court, attorneys for debtors in Chapter 13 cases who elect the "Flat Fee Option" shall be permitted to be paid attorney's attorneys' fees, including expenses, not to exceed the amount established for the "Flat Fee Option" in the Chapter 13 Fee Guidelines found in the Procedures Manual.

2. **Fee Application Option.**- Attorneys for debtors in Chapter 13 cases who elect the "Fee Application Option" shall be permitted to be paid, without application, an "initial initial fee" in an amount not to exceed the amount established as the "initial fee" under the "Fee Application Option" in the Chapter 13 Fee Guidelines in the Procedures Manual. All other fees will be allowed to the debtor's attorneys who elect the "Fee Application Option" only on application filed in accordance with L.B.R. 2016-1-(B).-

a.

B. **Service of Applications.** Service shall be in accordance with L.B.R.- 2016-1-B-2.

b. Limited Service of Certain(B)(2).

C. Fees upon Pre-confirmation Case Dismissal. IF A DEBTOR'S ATTORNEY WISHES TO RECEIVE FEES IN A CASE THAT HAS BEEN DISMISSED PRIOR TO CONFIRMATION OF A CHAPTER 13 PLAN, THE ATTORNEY SHALL, WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE ENTRY OF THE DISMISSAL ORDER, (1) FILE AN APPLICATION FOR AN ORDER ALLOWING THE FEES AS A BANKRUPTCY CODE § 503(b) EXPENSE, AND (2) OBTAIN AN ORDER DIRECTING THE TRUSTEE TO HOLD FUNDS PENDING RESOLUTION OF THE FEE APPLICATION. If the fee sought, including fees paid prior to filing of the case, does not exceed \$1,100, the attorney may use the Court's Short Form Attorney Fee Applications. Applications seeking additional fees in a cumulative amount of no more than the amount specified in the Chapter 13 Fee Guidelines for "limited fee applications," may be served upon only the Chapter 13 trustee, the debtor, debtor's attorney, and any entity filing a request for notice. Limited fee applications must certify that all previously authorized additional fees, when added to the amount in the current application, do not exceed the amount specified in the Chapter 13 Fee Guidelines. Applications for additional fees may be made on twenty (20) days Negative Notice L.B.R. 2016-1 D.

~~B. **Payment of Chapter 13 Attorney Fees through Plan.** When paid through the plan, unless otherwise specified, the Chapter 13 trustee shall pay debtor's attorney's fees at the rate specified in the Procedures Manual.~~

~~C. **Legal Services of Chapter 13 Debtor's Counsel.** Regardless of the fee option selected, debtor's counsel must provide all legal services necessary for representation of the debtor in the bankruptcy case until conclusion of the case. Such services shall include but are not limited to:~~

~~1. Analyzing the debtor's financial situation and advising whether to file a petition in bankruptcy;~~

~~2. Preparing and filing petitions, schedules, statements of affairs, and plans, or amendments thereto;~~

~~3. Representing the debtor at the meeting of creditors and confirmation hearing and any continuances thereof, including responding to objections to confirmation;~~

~~4. Representing the debtor in adversary proceedings and other contested bankruptcy matters, including motions for relief from the automatic stay, to avoid liens, incur debt, buy, sell or refinance; and~~

~~5. Reviewing and objecting to proofs of claims and filing of claims where appropriate.~~

~~When counsel elects the Flat Fee Option, the foregoing services must be performed for the flat fee unless otherwise allowed by the Court. Chapter 13 debtor's counsel may be compensated on an hourly basis upon Application and may file the application as required herein for representation of the debtor in an appeal.~~

~~L.B.R. 2016-4 a motion without hearing pursuant to L.R. 9062. If the fee sought, including fees paid prior to filing of the case, exceeds \$1,100, the application shall comply with the form, notice and hearing requirements of L.R. 2016-1.~~

~~L.R. 2016-4 - Payment of Chapter 12 Trustee Fees. -Trustee fees for non-standing tTrustees in Chapter 12 cases shall not exceed five percent (5%) of all payments distributed under the plan. This limitation does not apply to requests for reimbursement of expenses. -Except for expense reimbursement authorized under L.B.R. 2015-1 A., the trustee R. 2015-1(A), or the terms of a confirmed plan which authorize to the contrary, the Trustee shall apply to the Court for allowance of fees and expenses in accordance with the procedures of L.B.R. 2016-1-(B). Such fees and expenses may be paid from: (1) funds held by the tTrustee as a result of the deposit of 5% of all plan payments; (2) the deposit of \$500.00 under L.B.R. 2015-1 (A-); or (3) as otherwise ordered. Compensation paid to the tTrustee shall not be less than \$5.00 per month from any distribution under the plan during the administration of the plan.~~

L.B.R. ~~2090-1~~ 2090 - Attorney Admission.

A. **General Admission to Practice before the Bankruptcy Court.**- The bar of this Court shall consist of any attorney in good standing to practice before the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri. The requirements for attorney admission, standards concerning attorney discipline, law clerks, and law student practice outlined in Rules 12.01-12.05 of the Local Rules of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri are adopted for this Court. Attorneys are required to read and remain familiar with:

1. these Local Rules and the Procedures Manual;
2. Local Rules of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri and the accompanying Rules of Disciplinary Enforcement;
3. Local Rules of Procedure for the Bankruptcy Appellate Panel and Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals;
4. Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure;
5. Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;
6. Federal Rules of Evidence; and
7. Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure.

B. **Admission Pro Hac Vice and Local Counsel.**

1. **Motion.**- An attorney who is not a member of this Court but is a member in good standing of the bar of the highest court of any state or the District of Columbia may be permitted to appear and file documents in a case before this Court only when admitted pro hac vice pursuant to applicable rules of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri. ~~(L.R. 12.01(E))~~. The Motion shall follow this Court's proposed be filed using Local Form ~~(Local Form 7)~~ and shall be accompanied by a proposed order and the registration fee payable to the United States District Court. If the motion is a paper filing, the movant shall provide a check made payable to "Clerk, U.S. District Court" at the time of filing the motion. The Court will consider such motions without hearing. Counsel shall serve the Motion for Admission Pro Hac Vice upon attorneys for the party(ies) involved in the matter for which counsel seeks admission, the tTrustee, and u in Chapter 11 cases, the United States Trustee.

2. **Local Counsel.** -The Court encourages visiting attorneys admitted pro hac vice to affiliate with local counsel. Both visiting and local counsel mustshall be listed on all pleadingsfilings and mustshall receive service of documents. If local counsel files the Motion for Admission Pro Hac Vice on behalf of a visiting attorney, the motion shall be filed electronically. When such motion is filed, the Clerk of Court's office will contact the CM/ECF filer regarding the method of payment.

3. **Appearance without Pro Hac Vice Admission.**- An attorney who is not admitted to this Court may appear without pro hac vice admission for the following purposes: (a) to file a Notice of Appearance and Request for Service; (b) to file a proof of

claim; (c) to attend the § 341 ~~m~~Meeting of creditors; and/or (d) to file a ballot in a Chapter 11 case.

L.B.R. ~~2091-1~~ 2091 - Withdrawal of Counsel. - An attorney of record may withdraw from a case, adversary proceeding, or contested matter only by order of Court after service of a motion to withdraw upon the client, ~~all counsel of record,~~ the ~~t~~Trustee, and all entities having filed a request for notice. In Chapter 11 cases, the attorney ~~must~~shall also serve the motion to withdraw upon the United States Trustee and any official committees. The motion ~~must~~shall list all matters pending at the time of the motion to withdraw. The motion may be ruled upon without hearing. In Chapter 13 cases, the ~~t~~Trustee shall cease payment of ~~attorney's~~attorneys' fees to an attorney who has been allowed to withdraw from a case absent an order to the contrary. An attorney entering as counsel for the debtor in a Chapter 13 case may petition not to be bound by the fee election of the original attorney, ~~but a~~. Absent such a petition, the new attorney shall be bound by the election of the original attorney. ~~The Court will consider motions to withdraw without hearing.~~

L.B.R. ~~2092-1~~ 2092 - Attorney Changes of Address ~~on Withdrawal or Otherwise.~~ ~~Except as permitted herein, an attorney must file a Notice of Change of Address in each case in which the attorney wishes the change to be reflected. If the change of address applies to every case in which the attorney is involved, a single request may be filed and will be effective for all cases.~~

~~L.B.R. 2093-1.~~ Attorneys shall keep their mailing address, e-mail address, and other information current in the Court's CM/ECF system by using the "Utilities" feature in the system and selecting "Maintain Your ECF Account." Failure of an attorney to so maintain the attorney's account may lead to loss of login privileges without notice.

L.R. 2093 - Professional Conduct and Obligations of Attorneys.

- A. **Professional Conduct.** - The professional conduct of attorneys appearing before this Court shall be governed by the Rules of Professional Conduct adopted by the Supreme Court of Missouri ~~and by~~, the Rules of Disciplinary Enforcement of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri, and these Rules.
- B. **Duty to Confer.** -Every attorney appearing before this Court is required to attempt, in good faith, to communicate with opposing counsel in advance of appearing in any proceeding trial or hearing in a contested matter in an attempt to reach agreement on the matter.
- C. **Obligations of Attorneys.**
1. With respect to hearings:
 - a. Attorneys ~~must confer in advance of any hearing pursuant to Rule 2093-1 B.~~
 - ~~b. Attorneys must~~shall comply with L.R. 2093(B).
 - b. Attorneys shall appear at all scheduled hearings, unless:

- i. counsel advises the Court prior to the hearing that the matter has been resolved;
 - ii. at least one attorney appears and reports the matter has been resolved;
 - iii. the Court has continued the matter; or
 - iv. the Court has otherwise excused attendance.
- 2. ~~Meeting of Creditors.~~—Attorneys for debtors ~~must~~shall provide appropriate representation for the debtor at the § 341 ~~meeting of creditors.~~
- ~~3. Chapter 13 Cases. In addition to the foregoing, attorneys for Chapter 13 debtors must:~~
 - ~~a. attend all confirmation hearings unless an order of confirmation has been entered or the trustee advises of intent to consent to confirmation;~~
 - ~~b. review claims and file necessary objections; and~~
 - ~~c. defend or proffer all motions, objections or other pleadings (including amended plans) as necessary to provide complete representation to the debtor.~~
- ~~4. Meeting.~~ Failure of counsel to ~~appear~~provide appropriate representation at any hearing or the § 341 ~~m~~Meeting of creditors is cause for the Court to reduce ~~attorney's~~attorneys' fees or issue other sanctions.
- ~~5.~~
- 3. Attorneys for debtors ~~must~~shall file all required documents, including the attorney fee disclosure statement required by L.B.R. 2016-1 ~~A.~~(A).
- 4. Legal Services of Chapter 13 Debtor's Counsel. Regardless of the fee option selected, debtor's counsel shall provide all legal services necessary for representation of the debtor in the bankruptcy case until conclusion of the case. Such services shall include but are not limited to:
 - a. Analyzing the debtor's financial situation and advising whether to file a petition in bankruptcy;
 - b. Preparing and filing petitions, schedules, statements of affairs, and plans, or amendments thereto;
 - c. Providing appropriate representation for the debtor at the § 341 Meeting and appearing and representing the debtor at the confirmation hearing and any continuances thereof, including responding to objections to confirmation;
 - d. Representing the debtor in contested bankruptcy matters, including motions for relief from the automatic stay, to avoid liens, incur debt, buy, sell or refinance;
 - e. Reviewing and objecting to proofs of claims and filing of claims where appropriate; and
 - f. Debtor audits.

When counsel elects the Flat Fee Option, the foregoing services shall be performed for the flat fee unless otherwise ordered by the Court. Chapter 13 debtor's counsel may be compensated on an hourly basis upon application as required herein for representation of the debtor in an adversary proceeding and/or an appeal.

L.R. 2094 - Attorney Discipline

- A. Disbarment or Suspension by Another Court.** Any attorney that has been admitted to practice in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri that becomes disbarred or suspended from practicing law by any court shall automatically be disbarred or suspended in this Court for the same length of time as the attorney's disbarment or suspension in the original court. Any such attorney shall, immediately upon disbarment or suspension, notify the Clerk of Court of the disbarment or suspension in writing. Failure to do so shall subject the attorney to further sanctions by this Court.
- B. Request for Reinstatement.** Any attorney disbarred or suspended from practicing in this Court pursuant to L.R. 2094(A) may file a motion with the Court requesting that the Court reinstate the attorney before the expiration of the disbarment or suspension in the original court. The Clerk of Court will then open a miscellaneous proceeding assigned to the Chief Judge of this Court. The Court will set a hearing at which the attorney will be required to show cause as to why the attorney should not continue to be disbarred or suspended in this Court.
- C. Non-exclusivity.** Nothing in this Rule shall preclude the Court from initiating its own attorney disciplinary proceedings regardless of whether an attorney has been disciplined by another court.

PART ~~III~~ - A. CLAIMS AND DISTRIBUTION TO CREDITORS

L.B.R. ~~3001-1~~ 3001 - Proofs of Claim.

- A. **Form.**- A proof of claim shall conform substantially to the Official Form. (Local Form 8). Exhibits, including evidence of a writing and proof of perfection of a security interest, shall not be filed with any proof of claim. Instead, an "Exhibit Summary" (Local Form 9)

_____ shall be attached to the proof of claim and the exhibit procedures in L.B.R. 9040-~~1~~ shall be followed. The Exhibit Summary for a proof of claim concerning a home loan in a Chapter 13 case shall include a breakdown of the amount identified as pre-petition home loan arrearage.

- B. **Service of Proof of Claim in Chapter 7, 12 and 13 Cases.**- Immediately upon filing a proof of claim or interest, the claimant shall ~~provide a copy of~~serve the proof of claim and its Exhibit Summary ~~to~~on the debtor ~~(if not represented by an attorney), the~~ debtor's attorney ~~(if any), and to the t~~Trustee, if any. The claimant ~~must provide a copy of the proof of claim and shall also simultaneously serve~~ a complete copy of all ~~exhibits~~supporting ~~the claim, not merely the summary, on~~exhibits referenced in the Exhibit Summary, or relevant portions thereof, ~~on the Trustee in Chapter 7 cases, and on the debtor's attorney (or the debtor, if not~~

represented by an attorney) and the Trustee in Chapter 12 and 13 cases. On request of any entity. ~~C, the claimant must~~ shall provide such copies no later than ~~seven (7)~~ days after the request and at no charge to the requesting entity. Failure to promptly provide the exhibits ~~when requested may~~ shall be cause for disallowance of the claim. The filing of a proof of claim electronically is the filer's representation that the filer has served a hard copy of all supporting documents referenced in the Exhibit Summary as required by this Rule. No certificate of service is required for service of supporting documents.

- C. **Transferred Claims.** -Any assignment or evidence of transfer of a claim filed after a proof of claim has been filed must shall include:
1. the amount of the claim;
 2. the name of the original creditor (transferor); and
 3. the name and address of the transferee.

~~L.B.R. 3002-1~~ 3002 - General Proof of Claim Filing Proofs of Claim Provisions.

A.

~~A.~~ Chapter 7.⁺ In a Chapter 7 case, no deadline will be set for filing proofs of claim unless the ~~T~~Trustee requests the Court issue a notice of assets. Upon issuing a deadline for filing claims, the Court shall give notice of the deadline as required in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3002(c)(5). The Court will docket all claims whether or not a deadline has been set.

~~B. Chapter 11.~~

~~1.~~

~~Text Was Moved From Here: †~~

~~2. **Notice of Bar Date.** In all Chapter 11 cases, unless otherwise provided, the debtor must serve notice of the claims bar date with a blank proof of claim on all creditors and parties in interest. Nothing precludes the debtor from requesting the Court serve notice of the claims bar date as part of the notice of commencement of case.~~

~~3. **Newly Added Creditors.** If the debtor amends its Chapter 11 schedules to add a creditor or to reduce the amount of a claim or reclassify a claim as “contingent”~~

~~“unliquidated” or “disputed” after having served notice of the claims bar date, then, in addition to the requirements of L.B.R. 1009-1, the debtor shall serve the notice of claims bar date upon the affected creditor and shall give written notice that the creditor must file any claim by the bar date or thirty (30) days after the date of the notice, whichever is later.~~

~~C. Conversions.~~

B. **Conversions.** A proof of claim filed before conversion of any case is deemed filed in the converted case. Any claimant who did not file a proof of claim in a Chapter 9 or Chapter 11 case because the claim was correctly scheduled ~~must~~shall file a proof of claim in the converted case if a claims bar date is set.

~~D. C. **Lease Rejection and Avoidance Action Claims.**~~ Any claim that arises out of the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease or from a judgment entered against the creditor pursuant to an action under Chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code shall be filed by the claims bar date established in the case or within ~~thirty (30)~~ days after entry of an order approving the rejection or entering judgment, whichever is later.

~~L.B.R. 3004-1~~

L.R. 3003 - Additional Proof of Claim Filing Provisions for Chapter 11 Cases.

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A. **Claims Bar Date.** In all Chapter 11 cases, on motion without hearing, the Court shall fix a claims bar date. The motion to establish a claims bar date shall include a proposed notice of claims bar date. ~~M~~The movant shall serve the motion and proposed notice on all entities on the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List (~~L.B.R. 9013-3 C.~~) or, if no such list exists, on all entities ~~who~~that would be on such a list, the Trustee (if any), and the Trustee's attorney.

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B. **Notice of Bar Date.** In all Chapter 11 cases, unless otherwise provided, the debtor shall serve notice of the claims bar date with a blank proof of claim on all creditors and parties in interest. The debtor may request that the Court serve notice of the claims bar date as part of the notice of commencement of case.

C. **Newly Added Creditors.** If the debtor amends its Chapter 11 schedules to add a creditor or to reduce the amount of a claim or reclassify a claim as “contingent” “unliquidated” or “disputed” after having served notice of the claims bar date, then, in addition to the requirements of L.R. 1009, the debtor shall serve the notice of claims bar date upon the affected creditor and shall give written notice that the creditor shall file any claim by the bar date or 30 days after the date of the notice, whichever is later.

L.R. 3004 - Filing of Claims by Debtor or Trustee. If the debtor files a proof of claim on behalf of a creditor under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3004, the debtor shall ~~send~~serve a copy of the claim and Exhibit Summary ~~to~~on the ~~t~~Trustee, if any, and the Trustee's attorney. Copies of the exhibits

supporting the claim mustshall be provided on request as stated in L.B.R. 3001-1(B).

L.B.R. ~~3007-1~~ 3007 - Objections to Claims.

- A. **In all Cases Except Chapter 13.** Objections to claims in all cases except Chapter 13 shall be filed in substantial conformity with Local Form 10. The entityparty objecting to a proof of claim shall obtain a hearing date from the appropriate cCourtroom dDeputy and provide no less than thirty (30) days notice of the objection and hearing to the claimant, the tTrustee, and the debtor (if not represented by an attorney), and the debtor's attorney, as may be applicable (if any). Any response to such an objection to claim mustshall be filed no later than five (5) 5 business days before the hearing on the objection.
- B. **Chapter 13 Claim Objections.** It is the debtor's duty in a Chapter 13 case to review and object to proofs of claim when necessary. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any party in interest may file an objection to a proof of claim. An objection to a proof of claim in a Chapter 13 case mustshall be served upon: the claimant, the Chapter 13 tTrustee, the debtor, and the debtor's attorney (if any). Objections to claims in Chapter 13 cases will be heard on Negative Notice as provided in L.B.R. 9061-1. The objection mustshall state that any responsive pleading mustshall be filed with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court and served on the objecting party no later than twenty (20) days after service of the objection, or the objection may be granted without further notice or hearing (Local Form 11). If a response is filed, either the objector mustor the claimant may set the objection for hearing, giving thirty (30) days notice of the hearing to the respondent, the debtor (if not represented by an attorney), the debtor's attorney (if any), claimant (if applicable) and the Chapter 13 trustee the claimant (if set for hearing by the objector), the objector (if set for hearing by the claimant), and the Trustee. If both parties consent in a writing not filed with the Court, the objection need not be set for hearing or a hearing set on the objection may be continued or cancelled upon 2 days notice to the Court by either party contacting the appropriate Courtroom Deputy. If no response is timely filed, the objector shall file a certification of no response and follow the procedures in L.B.R. 9061-1 E9050.
- C. **Omnibus Objections.** ~~The debtor or trustee~~ Any party may object to multiple claims in a single objection provided, ~~for each claim, the objection:~~
- ~~1. describes the claim by claim number, name of claimant, and amount of the claim as filed;~~
 - ~~2. states in detail the basis for the objection;~~
 - ~~3. states the specific relief requested with respect to the claim; and~~
 - ~~4. highlights for each creditor, the specific objection relating to the claim of such creditor.~~
- that the objecting party complies with the requirements for omnibus objections set forth in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3007 and the procedures set forth in the Procedures Manual. Notice of the objection and hearing mustshall be given as stated above in L.B.R. 3007-1(A-) or (B-), as applicable. Omnibus Objections to claims shall be filed in substantial conformity with Local Form 12.

D. Claim Objections Based on Lien Avoidance. L.R. 4003-2(C) governs objections to claims based in whole or in part on lien avoidance under Bankruptcy Code § 522(f)(1).

L.R. 3011 - Unclaimed Funds. Funds for creditors that could not be located by the trustee or funds that otherwise may be unclaimed or in dispute may be paid into the Court's registry only on motion. Payment of funds held in the Court's registry shall be made only on order of the Court, and if the request is for funds held on a particular claim, application shall be made in compliance with the Court's instructions using the local form application and local form affidavit found on the Court's website.

L.B.R. 3015-1 PART III - B. CHAPTER 11, 12 AND 13 PLANS AND PROCEDURES FOR CONFIRMATION

L.R. 3015-1 - Chapter 12 Plans - Plan Contents.

A. ~~Payments to Chapter 12 Trustee for Fees.~~ In any case where there is not a standing Chapter 12 trustee, the Chapter 12 plan shall provide for payment to the trustee ~~to retain~~ an amount equal to five percent (of 5%) of any and all payments under the plan ~~as a source of funds for payment of the trustee's fees and expenses. The trustee. Such funds shall be in addition to the amount paid to secured creditors. Unless otherwise provided in a confirmed Chapter 12 plan, the Trustee~~ shall hold such funds until the Court allows compensation to the trustee and authorizes disbursement of such funds to the trustee. If excess funds remain after the plan is fully performed and all allowed fees and expenses are paid, the trustee shall distribute such funds in accordance with the plan.

B. ~~Designation, Signatures, Service of Chapter 12 Plans and Amended Plans.~~ Every plan and amended plan shall be dated and signed by the debtor(s). Each amended plan shall be titled "First Amended Plan," "Second Amended Plan," etc., as may be appropriate. The debtor must serve the plan or amended plan on all creditors and parties in interest together with notice of "Reasonable Time" to Cure Defaults under Bankruptcy Code § 1222(b)(5). Absent a showing of cause or the written consent of the mortgagee, the "reasonable time" referred to in Bankruptcy Code § 1222(b)(5) shall be the term of the plan, not to exceed 4 years. Consent of the mortgagee to any other time period shall be in writing, filed with the Court, and served on the Trustee prior to the hearing on confirmation and must file a certificate of service thereof. The notice of hearing on confirmation must state the deadline under L.B.R. 3015-1 C. by which objections to confirmation must be filed.

C. ~~Objections to Confirmation of Chapter 12 Plans.~~ Objections to confirmation of of the plan.

C. Turnover of Collateral. When a Chapter 12 plan must be filed with the Court and served upon: the debtor, debtor's attorney, the Chapter 12 trustee, the United States Trustee and any party requesting notice no later than twenty-one (21) days after service of the plan or

~~amended plan.~~

~~D. **Service of Confirmation Order.** No later than five (5) days after entry of an order confirming a Chapter 12 plan states that the debtor will surrender collateral to a creditor, the debtor shall serve a copy of the confirmation order or notice of confirmation order upon all creditors and parties in interest.~~

~~release the collateral to the creditor within 45 days of the date of the filing of the petition. To surrender collateral, the debtor shall make the collateral available to the creditor during reasonable hours and at a reasonable location. The debtor and creditor shall cooperate in surrendering and recovering the collateral.~~

~~D. **Treatment of Claims.** Any Chapter 12 plan stating an amount owed to a creditor shall be considered estimated and is not binding upon the creditor. An allowed proof of claim shall govern the amount of a claim, valuation of collateral, and classification of the claim. The confirmed Chapter 12 plan shall control the treatment of a claim, including, the numerical rate of interest to be paid when appropriate to pay interest and whether a claim is to be paid through the plan or outside the plan by a party other than the Trustee.~~

~~E. **Distribution on Secured Claims.** The plan shall provide for payment of secured claims by the Trustee not less frequently than annually beginning with the first distribution made by the Trustee. The plan shall provide for allowed secured claims to be paid not less than annually over the plan term, or as specified in the plan, with interest as calculated under L.R. 3015-1(F).~~

~~F. **Interest on Secured Claims.** All Chapter 12 plans shall provide for payment of interest on secured claims paid through the plan and shall specify the interest rate to be applied. Absent evidence to the contrary, the applicable interest rate shall be the rate posted and published by the Clerk of Court in the Procedures Manual as prescribed herein. The interest rate in effect at the time of the filing of the petition shall remain in effect throughout the term of the case. The applicable interest rate shall be determined by the Clerk of Court semi-annually as follows:~~

~~1. **January 1 - June 30:** For petitions filed between January 1 and June 30 of each year, the interest rate shall be the 3-year Treasury note rate as of the week which includes December 1 of the previous year, plus 3% (three percentage points). This rate shall be posted by the Clerk of Court on December 10 or the first business day thereafter.~~

~~2. **July 1 - December 31:** For petitions filed between July 1 and December 31 of each year, the interest rate shall be the 3-year Treasury note rate as of the week which includes June 1 of the current year, plus 3% (three percentage points). This rate shall be posted by the Clerk of Court on June 10 or the first business day thereafter.~~

~~G. **Payments through the Plan.** The plan shall provide for all claims to be paid by the Trustee~~

through the plan except as noted herein or as permitted by the Court. The following may be paid outside of the plan:

1. Claims on the home in which the debtor resides, if the claim is for:

a. post-petition mortgage payments;

b. post-petition mobile home payments;

c. post-petition rent payments; and

2. Claims for child support arrearage if the arrearage was being paid pursuant to a pre-petition agreement and the child support creditor consents to continuation of the payment arrangement post-petition. Consent of the creditor shall be in writing, filed with the Court and served upon the Trustee prior to the hearing on confirmation of the plan.

L.B.R.- 3015-2 - Chapter 13 Plans -Form and Filing:

A. Plan and Summary. A- Plan Contents.

A. “Reasonable Time” to Cure Defaults under Bankruptcy Code § 1322(b)(5). Absent a showing of cause or the written consent of the mortgagee, the “reasonable time” referred to in Bankruptcy Code § 1322(b)(5) shall not exceed the shorter of 48 months or the plan duration. Consent of the mortgagee to any other time period shall be in writing, filed with the Court, and served on the Trustee prior to the hearing on confirmation of the plan.

B. Turnover of Collateral. When a Chapter 13 plan states that the debtor will surrender collateral to a creditor, the debtor shall release the collateral to the creditor within 45 days of the date of the filing of the petition. To surrender collateral, the debtor shall make the collateral available to the creditor during reasonable hours and at a reasonable location. The debtor and creditor shall cooperate in surrendering and recovering the collateral.

C. Minimum Distribution to Unsecured Creditors. The plan shall state a minimum sum guaranteed for distribution to holders of non-priority, unsecured claims. Such minimum shall be 100% or a fixed dollar amount. Such amount shall constitute a minimum distribution only.

D. Payments through the Plan. The plan shall provide for all claims to be paid by the Trustee through the plan except as noted herein or as permitted by the Court. The following may be paid outside of the plan:

1. Claims on the home in which the debtor resides, if the claim is for:

a. post-petition mortgage payments;

b. post-petition mobile home payments;

c. post-petition rent payments; and

2. Claims for child support arrearage if the arrearage was being paid pursuant to a pre-petition agreement and the child support creditor consents to continuation of the payment arrangement post-petition. Consent of the creditor shall be in writing, filed with the Court and served upon the Trustee prior to the hearing on confirmation of the plan.

E. **Interest on Secured Claims.** All Chapter 13 plans shall provide for payment of interest on secured claims paid through the plan and shall specify the interest rate to be applied. Absent evidence to the contrary, the applicable interest rate shall be the rate posted and published by the Clerk of Court in the Procedures Manual as prescribed herein. The interest rate in effect at the time of the filing of the petition shall remain in effect throughout the term of the case. The applicable interest rate shall be determined by the Clerk of Court semi-annually as follows:

1. **January 1 - June 30:** For petitions filed between January 1 and June 30 of each year, the interest rate shall be the 3-year Treasury note rate as of the week which includes December 1 of the previous year, plus 3% (three percentage points). This rate shall be posted by the Clerk of Court on December 10 or the first business day thereafter.

2. **July 1 - December 31:** For petitions filed between July 1 and December 31 of each year, the interest rate shall be the 3-year Treasury note rate as of the week which includes June 1 of the current year, plus 3% (three percentage points). This rate shall be posted by the Clerk of Court on June 10 or the first business day thereafter.

F. **Monthly Payments.** Unless otherwise permitted by the Court, the plan shall provide for the debtor to make regular monthly payments to the Trustee. Such monthly payments shall not be less than the amount specified in the Procedures Manual as the “minimum monthly Chapter 13 plan payment.”

G. **Valuation and Treatment of Secured Vehicle Claims.** Absent evidence to the contrary, the Court presumes an automobile will depreciate at a rate of 1.5% of the vehicle’s value per month. The plan shall compensate secured creditors for this rate of depreciation. Absent evidence to the contrary, the value of vehicles for this purpose shall be determined using the Court’s Vehicle Valuation Policy in the Procedures Manual.

H. **Treatment of Claims.** Any Chapter 13 plan stating an amount owed to a creditor shall be considered estimated and is not binding upon the creditor. An allowed proof of claim shall govern the amount of a claim, valuation of collateral, and classification of the claim. The confirmed Chapter 13 plan shall be in substantial conformity with Local Form 13. In addition to the Chapter 13 plan, the debtor shall file a plan summary within the time specified in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3015(b). The plan summary may be included as a separate section in the plan or may be filed as a separate plan summary document. The time for filing the plan and plan summary may not be extended except for cause shown on notice to the Chapter 13 trustee. The Chapter 13 plan summary must include the following amounts, or an estimation thereof:

- 1. total dollar amount of each class of claims;
- 2. percent distribution to unsecured non-priority creditors;
- 3. percent distribution to unsecured non-priority creditors if the case were filed under Chapter 7; and

~~4. the dollar amount and the number of control the treatment of a claim, including, the numerical rate of interest to be paid when appropriate to pay interest and whether a claim is to be paid through the plan or outside the plan by a party other than the Trustee.~~

~~I. **Distribution on Secured Claims.** The plan shall provide for payment of secured claims by the Trustee in equal monthly installments beginning with the first distribution made by the Trustee. The plan shall provide for allowed secured claims to be paid in equal monthly installments over the plan term, or as specified in the plan, with interest as calculated under L.R. 3015-2(E).~~

~~J. **Adequate Protection in Chapter 13 Cases.** All payments required by Bankruptcy Code § 1326(a)(1) shall be made to the Trustee in the amount of the monthly payments proposed to be paid over the life of the plan and the sum payment provided in the debtor's plan or scheduled in a lease of personal property. Such payments shall be paid in the ordinary course of the Trustee's business to the secured creditor. The Trustee shall make such payments from funds not designated by the plan for payment to other creditors. Creditors may file objections to the amount of such payments. The sum of such payments, together with additional amounts required to be paid into the plan, shall be known as the "Plan Base."~~

~~B. **Designation, Date and Signature on Chapter 13 Plans.** Every plan and amended plan shall be dated and signed by the debtor(s) unless otherwise authorized by the Court. If the original plan is not filed with the petition, the plan must reflect the date and time of the confirmation hearing in the caption. Each amended plan shall be titled "First Amended Plan," "Second Amended Plan," etc., as may be appropriate and must reflect the date and time of the confirmation hearing in the caption.~~

~~C. **Service of Plan and Amended Plans.** The debtor must serve the plan or amended plan on the Chapter 13 trustee, all creditors and parties in interest and must file a certificate of service thereof in accordance with L.B.R. 9004-1 D. Limited service of an amended plan is authorized only as stated in L.B.R. 3015-5 B. 2.~~

~~D. **Prohibition of Modification by Interlineation.** Absent authority from the Court, no amendments or modifications to a plan or amended plan may be made by interlineation.~~

~~Pending a hearing and contrary ruling, the Trustee shall pay out such sums to the creditor or lessor as provided in this Rule. In determining the monthly payment amount the Court presumes depreciation and valuation as specified in L.R. 3015-2(G).~~

~~**L.B.R.-3015-3 - Chapter 13 Plans - Plan Contents.** The following provisions shall be included in a 12 and 13 Plans - Form and Filing.~~

~~A. **Mandatory Model Plan.** For cases filed on and after March 1, 2006, the Court requires the use of the most current form Chapter 12 or 13 plan, as applicable. The form Chapter 13 plan~~

where applicable:

- ~~A. **Payments on Adjustable Mortgages.** Any Chapter 13 plan directing the trustee to maintain regular monthly, post-petition payments on debtor's residential mortgage or on other claims may provide for the plan payment to the trustee to increase is posted on the Court's web site and adopted as Local Form 13. The form Chapter 12 plan is posted on the Court's web site and adopted as Local Form 27.~~
- B. Designation, Date and Signature on Chapter 12 and 13 Plans.** Every plan and amended plan shall be dated and signed by the debtor unless otherwise authorized by the Court. If the original plan is not filed with the petition, the plan shall reflect the date and time of the confirmation hearing in the caption. Each amended plan shall be titled "First Amended Plan," "Second Amended Plan," etc., as may be appropriate and shall reflect the date and time of the confirmation hearing in the caption. In a Chapter 12 case, the plan or amended plan shall conspicuously and directly beneath the title state the deadline under L.R. 3015-4(G) or (I), as applicable, by which objections to confirmation shall be filed.
- C. Service of Plan and Amended Plans.** The debtor shall serve the plan or amended plan on the Trustee, all creditors and parties in interest and shall file a certificate of service thereof in accordance with any adjustment in the loan agreement or contract. For the trustee to adjust the amount distributed to the creditor, the debtor must file a notice describing the adjusted monthly payment and serve a copy on the Chapter 13 trustee.
- ~~B. **Income Tax Refunds.** All Chapter 13 plans shall provide for the debtor to pay to the trustee any tax refund the debtor receives post-petition. The Plan Base shall be increased by the amount of such refund. The refund may not be used as a substitute for debtor's plan payment except as ordered by the Court. The plan may provide for the debtor to use an income tax refund to pay income taxes owed to any taxing authority for the same period as the refund, provided the net refund is (1) added to the Plan Base, and (2) paid to the trustee for distribution under the plan.~~
- ~~C. **"Reasonable Time" to Cure Defaults under § 1322(b)(5).** Absent a showing of cause or the written consent of the mortgagee, the "reasonable time" referred to in 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b)(5) shall not be more than thirty-six (36) months in the case of a debtor who has not been a debtor in a Chapter 13 bankruptcy case pending during the twelve (12) months preceding the filing of the current bankruptcy petition. For all other cases, the "reasonable time" referred to in 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b)(5) shall be thirty (30) months. Consent of the mortgagee to any other time period must be in writing, filed with the Court, and served on the Chapter 13 trustee prior to hearing on confirmation of the plan.~~
- ~~D. **Turnover of Collateral.** When a Chapter 13 plan states the debtor will surrender collateral to a creditor, the debtor must release the collateral to the creditor within forty-five (45) days of the date of the filing of the petition. To surrender collateral, the debtor must make the collateral available to the creditor during reasonable hours and at a reasonable location. The~~

~~debtor and creditor must cooperate in surrendering and recovering collateral.~~

~~E. **Interest on Secured Claims.** All Chapter 13 plans must provide for payment of interest on secured claims paid through the plan and must specify the interest rate to be applied. Absent evidence to the contrary, the applicable interest rate shall be the rate posted and published by the Clerk of Court in the Procedures Manual as prescribed herein. The interest rate in effect at the time of the filing of the petition shall remain in effect throughout the term of the case. The applicable interest rate shall be determined by the Clerk of the Court semi-annually as follows:~~

- ~~1. **January 1 – June 30:** For petitions filed between January 1 and June 30 of each year, the interest rate shall be the 3-year Treasury note rate as of the week which includes December 1 of the previous year, plus 3% (three percentage points). This rate shall be posted by the Clerk on December 10 or the first business day thereafter.~~
- ~~2. **July 1 – December 31:** For petitions filed between July 1 and December 31 of each year, the interest rate shall be the 3-year Treasury note rate as of the week which includes June 1 of the current year, plus 3% (three percentage points). This rate shall be posted by the Clerk on June 10 or the first business day thereafter.~~

~~F. **Minimum Distribution to Unsecured Creditors.** The plan shall state a minimum sum guaranteed for distribution to holders of non-priority, unsecured claims. Such minimum shall be 10%, 100%, or a fixed dollar amount. If a fixed dollar amount is stated, the plan must provide that holders of non-priority, unsecured claims will receive no less than 10% of their claims. Such amount shall constitute a minimum distribution only.~~

~~G. **Payments Through the Plan.** The plan shall provide for all claims to be paid by the trustee through the plan except as noted herein or as permitted by the Court. The following may be paid outside of the plan:~~

- ~~1. Claims on the home in which the debtor resides, if the claim is for:
 - ~~a. post-petition mortgage payments;~~
 - ~~b. post-petition mobile home payments;~~
 - ~~c. post-petition rent payments; and~~~~
- ~~2. Claims for child support arrearage if the arrearage was being paid pursuant to a pre-petition agreement and the child support creditor consents to continuation of the payment arrangement post-petition. Consent of the creditor must be in writing, filed with the Court and served upon the Chapter 13 trustee prior to hearing on confirmation of the plan.~~

~~H. **Monthly Payments.** Unless otherwise permitted by the Court, the plan must provide for the debtor to make regular monthly payments to the trustee. Such monthly payments shall not be less than the amount specified in the Procedures Manual as the “minimum monthly~~

Chapter 13 plan payment.”

- ~~I. **Child Support Arrearage.** The plan shall provide for child support arrearage to be paid in full in equal, monthly payments unless the creditor agrees to other treatment, or as provided in L.B.R. 3015-3 G. 2.~~
- ~~J. **Treatment of Secured Vehicle Claims.** Absent evidence to the contrary, the Court presumes automobiles will depreciate at a rate of 2% of the vehicle’s value per month.¹ The plan must compensate secured creditors for this rate of depreciation. Absent evidence to the contrary, the value of vehicles for this purpose shall be determined using the Court’s Vehicle Valuation Policy set forth in the Procedures Manual.~~
- ~~K. **Treatment of Claims.** Any Chapter 13 plan stating an amount owed to a creditor shall be considered estimated and is not binding upon the creditor. An allowed proof of claim shall govern the amount of a claim, valuation of collateral, and classification of the claim. The confirmed Chapter 13 plan shall control the treatment of a claim, including, the numerical rate of interest to be paid when appropriate to pay interest and whether a claim is to be paid through the plan or outside the plan by a party other than the trustee. L.R. 9004(D). Limited service of an amended plan is authorized only as stated in L.R. 3015-5(B)(2).~~

D. **Prohibition of Modification by Interlineation.** Absent authority from the Court, no amendments or modifications to a plan or amended plan shall be made by interlineation.

L.B.R.- 3015-4 - Chapter 12 and 13 Plans - Confirmation Procedures.

- A. **Original Confirmation Hearing.**– The Court will schedule the original confirmation hearing and will provide notice thereof on the notice of commencement of case. If a plan is not confirmed at the original confirmation hearing, the case will be continued on the Court’s confirmation calendar until the case is dismissed or a plan is confirmed.
- B. **Attendance at Confirmation Hearings.** –The debtor's attorney (or only the debtor, if unrepresented by an attorney) and any party objecting to confirmation shall attend all confirmation hearings in the case unless there are no objections or the objections have been settled or withdrawn. Failure of such party to appear at the confirmation hearing may result in the denial of either the objection or confirmation.
- C. **Certification of Payment of DSOs and Taxes as a Condition for Confirmation.** In a case filed on or after October 17, 2005, the Court shall not confirm a Chapter 12 plan unless the debtor has certified in writing that the requirement of Bankruptcy Code § 1225(a)(7) for confirmation has been met. In a case filed on or after October 17, 2005, the Court shall not confirm a Chapter 13 plan if the debtor has not certified in writing that the requirements of Bankruptcy Code §§ 1325(a)(8) and (9) for confirmation have been met. These certifications may be established by the debtor completing and signing the Debtor’s Statement Under Penalty of Perjury at the § 341 Meeting or by filing a statement with the Court prior to the

confirmation hearing. In a Chapter 12 case filed on or after October 17, 2005, the Trustee shall report to the Court whether the debtor has certified that the debtor has paid all necessary domestic support obligations.

- D. **Trustee's Certification Concerning Confirmation.** -The ~~Chapter 13~~ tTrustee shall file/submit a certification of confirmable plan and confirmation order, provided:
1. no objections to confirmation have been filed, or all objections have been resolved;
 2. all payments due the tTrustee from the debtor are "substantially current" under L.B.R. 3015-4 ~~D.(E)~~; and
 3. the provisions of ~~11 U.S.C.~~ Bankruptcy Code § 1325 or 1225, as applicable, have been met.

On receipt of the tTrustee's certification of confirmable plan, the Court may confirm the plan and remove the case from the confirmation calendar.

- E. **"Substantially Current."** "Substantially current" means that the debtor has commenced payments by wage withholding and is not more than one payment in arrears. If the debtor is making payments to the tTrustee directly (not by wage withholding), then "substantially current" means the debtor has commenced payments and payments may be no more than two weeks late. If the debtor is not "substantially current" in payments to the tTrustee at the confirmation hearing, the Court may dismiss the case.

- F. **Trustee to Provide Order.** -Whether a case is confirmed at or before the confirmation hearing, the tTrustee shall provide a confirmation order. The Court shall serve the signed confirmation order upon the debtor, the debtor's attorney (if any), and the ~~Chapter 13~~ tTrustee.

- G. **Objections to Original Plan.** -Objections to confirmation of the debtor's original plan must/shall be filed with the Clerk of ~~the~~ Court and served upon the debtor, the debtor's attorney (if any), and the ~~Chapter 13~~ tTrustee no later than ~~twenty-one (21)~~ days after the date on which conclusion of the

~~§ 341~~ creditors meeting ~~is concluded~~. An objection to a plan shall continue until the objection is overruled or withdrawn, or an amended plan is filed. Failure to appear or prosecute an objection at the confirmation hearing shall be considered a basis for overruling abandonment of the objection.

- H. **Pre-Confirmation Amended Plans in Response to Objections to Original Plan.** Amended plans must/shall be filed with effort to expedite the confirmation process. Failure to promptly file an amended plan may result in dismissal of the case. The debtor must/shall serve the amended plan on all creditors and parties in interest. The debtor shall contact the

~~e~~Courtroom ~~d~~Deputy to have the amended plan scheduled for hearing on the next confirmation calendar that is not sooner than ~~twenty-one (21)~~ days after service of the amended plan and shall send notice thereof to all creditors and parties in interest. The date and time of the confirmation hearing of the amended plan mustshall be stated in the caption of the amended plan. The Court may waive the ~~twenty-one (21)~~ day objection period in the interest of judicial economy.

I. **Objections to Pre-~~C~~confirmation Amended Plans.**- Objections to confirmation of an amended plan shall be filed and served no later than ~~twenty-one (21)~~ days after service of the amended plan.

J. **Service of Chapter 12 Confirmation Order.** No later than 5 days after entry of an order confirming a Chapter 12 plan, the debtor shall serve a copy of the confirmation order or notice of confirmation order upon all creditors and parties in interest. Failure to so serve the order shall constitute cause to set aside the order of confirmation.

L.B.R.- 3015-5 - Chapter 12 and 13 Plans - Post-Confirmation Amendments and Modifications.

A. **Motion to Amend a Confirmed Plan.** -A debtor who seeks to amend a confirmed plan shall do so by motion. Such a motion mustshall include a brief but specific statement of the reason for the amendment and mustshall identify all changes to the plan terms. In conjunction with the motion to amend, the debtor shall file an amended plan and either an amended budget or a statement that there has been no change in the debtor's income and expenses. Such statement or amended budget shall be signed by the debtor.

B. **Service of Motion to Amend a Confirmed Plan.**

1. **Generally.** -The debtor shall serve a copy of the motion to amend, the amended plan and either an amended budget or statement that there has been no change in income or expenses on the ~~Chapter 13 t~~Trustee and on all creditors and parties in interest. The debtor shall contact the ~~e~~Courtroom ~~d~~Deputy to have the motion to amend and the amended plan scheduled for hearing on the next confirmation calendar that is not sooner than ~~twenty-one (21)~~ days after service of the motion to amend. The debtor shall send notice of the confirmation hearing to all parties served with the motion and amended plan. The date and time of the confirmation hearing mustshall be stated in the caption of the amended plan.

2. **Limited Service.** -Unless otherwise directed, service of the motion to amend a confirmed plan, the amended plan and either an amended budget or statement that there has been no change in income or expenses may be limited to the ~~Chapter 13 t~~Trustee if the proposed amended plan meets either of the following criteria:

a. the proposed plan only changes the terms of the confirmed plan by increasing the amount of the plan payment or planned plan duration; or, in a Chapter 13 case.

- b. the proposed plan:
 - i. changes ~~twelve (12)~~ or fewer monthly payments;
 - ii. lowers the monthly plan payment by less than twenty-five percent of the existing plan payment;
 - iii. is the first amendment to the debtor's first confirmed plan; and
 - iv. does not waive any missed plan payments.

C. **Objections to Motion to Amend a Confirmed Plan.** -Objections to the debtor's motion to amend a confirmed plan and to the proposed amended plan shall be filed and served on the debtor (if unrepresented by an attorney), the debtor's attorney (if any), and the Trustee no later than ~~twenty-one (21)~~ days after service of the motion to amend, the amended plan and an amended budget or statement that there has been no change in income or expenses. The Court may waive the ~~twenty-one (21)~~ day objection period in the interest of judicial economy.

D. **Confirmation and Trustee's Certification.** -The ~~Chapter 13~~ Trustee shall ~~file~~ submit a certification of confirmable plan and confirmation order with respect to an amended plan, provided:

1. no objections to confirmation have been filed, or all objections have been resolved;
2. all payments due the Trustee from the debtor under the amended plan are substantially current under L.R. 3015-4 (E); and
3. the provisions of ~~11 U.S.C. Bankruptcy Code~~ § 1325 or 1225, as applicable, have been met.

L.B.R. ~~3017-1~~ 3017 - Plan Disclosure Statement in Chapter 11 Cases.

A. **Form and Service of Disclosure Statement.**- Every Chapter 11 disclosure statement filed with the Court shall be titled to identify whether it is the original disclosure statement or an amendment thereof (e.g. "First Amended Disclosure Statement," "Second Amended Disclosure Statement," etc.). The proponent of the disclosure statement shall serve a copy of the disclosure statement without charge upon: (1) all parties on the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List (~~L.B.R. 9013-3 C.~~), or, if no such list exists, all parties who would be on such a list; (2) the Securities and Exchange Commission when the SEC is a party in the case; (3) the Trustee (if any) and the Trustee's attorney; (4) any examiner in the case; and ~~(35)~~ any entity making a written request for a copy.

B. **Notice of Chapter 11 Disclosure Statement and Hearing Thereon.**- The proponent of the Chapter 11 plan and disclosure statement shall provide notice of hearing on the disclosure statement and notice of the time for filing objections as required by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(b)(1), 2002(d)(5), and 3017, using a form in substantial conformity with Local Form 14 or as otherwise approved by the Court. The notice of hearing on the disclosure statement ~~must~~ shall explain that on written request, a copy of the disclosure statement may be obtained from the plan proponent without charge.

- C. **Objection to Disclosure Statement.** -Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, any entity with an objection to the disclosure statement shall file and serve its objection no later than ~~five~~ 5 business days before the hearing on the disclosure statement. The objection shall identify those portions of the disclosure statement which the objecting party asserts are incomplete, misleading, erroneous, or are otherwise the basis for the objection. Where appropriate, the objector shall propose acceptable language requested to be included in the disclosure statement. The objector shall serve its objection on the proponent of the disclosure statement and on the parties set forth in L.B.R. 3017-~~1~~(A). The parties shall ~~confer as required by~~ comply with L.B.R. 2093-~~1~~(B.) in an attempt to resolve any objections to the disclosure statement.
- D. **Notice of Approval of Disclosure Statement and Notice of Confirmation Hearing.** Upon approval of the disclosure statement, the plan proponent shall provide the notice required pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(b)(2), 2002(d)(6), and 2002(d)(7), using a form in substantial conformity with Local Form 15, or as otherwise approved by the Court, and shall serve all creditors and parties in interest with those documents required by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3017(d). The proponent's notice of hearing on confirmation shall include the time within which objections to confirmation ~~must~~ shall be served ~~under~~ pursuant to L.B.R. ~~3020-1 C.~~ 3020(A).

L.B.R. ~~3020-1 Confirmation~~3018 - Acceptance or Rejection of Chapter 11 Plan.

- A. **Summary of the Ballots Cast.** -At least ~~three~~ 3 business days prior to the confirmation hearing in a Chapter 11 case, the plan proponent shall file a written summary of the ballots cast and shall serve a copy of the summary upon all entities on the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List ~~(L.B.R. 9013-3 C.)~~, or, if no such list exists, upon all parties who would be on such a list, the Trustee (if and upony), the Trustee's attorney, any party who has filed an objection to the plan, and any party whose ballot was received but not counted by the plan proponent. The summary shall contain a separate listing of acceptances and rejections and shall include the following information by class:

1. For each creditor filing an acceptance or rejection:
 - a. the name of the creditor;
 - b. the dollar amount of each claim; and
 - c. whether the debtor has objected to the claim;
2. the total dollar amount and number of allowed claims voted;
3. the percentage dollar amount of acceptances;
4. the percentage number of acceptances; and
5. a description of all ballots not counted ~~and the reason therefor.~~

- ~~B.~~ the reason(s) therefor, and, if ascertainable by the plan proponent, a statement as to whether counting these ballots would have changed the claimants' classes' acceptance or rejection of the plan under Bankruptcy Code § 1126.

B. Tabulation of Balloting. Only ballots from the holder of a claim or interest allowed under Bankruptcy Code § 502 or those temporarily allowed by the Court pursuant to and in accordance with Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3018(a) shall be counted. In tabulating the ballots, the following rules shall govern:

1. Ballots that are not signed or where a company name cannot be determined from the signature line shall not be counted by the plan proponent as either an acceptance or rejection.
2. Ballots where the name of the claimant cannot be determined from the face of the ballot shall not be counted by the plan proponent as either an acceptance or rejection.
3. Ballots that are submitted on a form that does not conform substantially with the form of the ballot approved by the Court shall not be counted by the plan proponent as either an acceptance or rejection.
4. Where the amount shown as owed on the ballot differs from the schedules and a proof of claim has been filed, the amount shown on the proof of claim shall be used for the purpose of determining the amount voting. If no proof of claim has been filed, the amount shown on the schedules as undisputed, liquidated and non-contingent shall be used.
5. Ballots that do not show a choice of either acceptance or rejection shall not be counted by the plan proponent as either an acceptance or a rejection.
6. Ballots that are received by the plan proponent after the last date set for filing of ballots shall not be counted by the plan proponent as either an acceptance or rejection.
7. Where duplicate ballots are filed on the same claim and one elects acceptance and one elects rejection, neither ballot shall be counted by the plan proponent as either acceptance or rejection unless the latter filed ballot is designated as amending the prior ballot.
8. Ballots that are in any other way vague as to the claimant's identity or intention regarding its vote shall not be counted by the plan proponent as either an acceptance or rejection.
9. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Rules, a creditor's election on the ballot to opt into a 'convenience class' (or some class similar in name and substance) shall be deemed an irrevocable election.

All ballots that are not counted under this subsection shall be included in the ballot summary pursuant to L.R. 3018(A)(5). Any claimant whose ballot was received by the plan proponent but not counted may request that the Court order that the ballot be counted. Such a request may be made either orally at the confirmation hearing or by written motion filed with the Court prior to the confirmation hearing.

C. Preservation of Ballots. The attorney for the plan proponent (or any other entity ordered by the Court) shall keep and preserve all original ballots which are cast by the holders of claims or interests, along with any other relevant papers, for ~~two~~ (2) years after the plan is confirmed. Unless otherwise directed, copies of the original ballots shall be made available

upon written request to the attorney for the plan proponent or other entity ordered to keep the ballots. The original ballots shall be brought to the confirmation hearing and made available to any party at the hearing.

~~C.~~ **L.R. 3020 - Confirmation of Chapter 11 Plan.**

~~A.~~ **Objections to Confirmation.** Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, objections to confirmation of a plan shall be filed and served at least ~~five (5)~~ **5 business** days before the confirmation hearing. Objections to confirmation of the plan shall be served upon the plan proponent, all entities on the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List, or those who would be on such a list, the ~~Trustee~~, (if any), the Trustee's attorney, and any entity making a written request.

~~D.~~ **B. Confirmation of a Chapter 11 Plan.** The plan shall be titled to identify whether it is the original plan or an amended plan (e.g. "First Amended Plan," "Second Amended Plan," etc.) and ~~must~~**shall** contain all modifications and amendments as presented for confirmation. Unless otherwise ordered for good cause shown, the plan proponent shall serve the order of confirmation upon all creditors and parties in interest no later than ~~five (5)~~ days after entry of the order confirming the plan. The order of confirmation ~~shall~~**should** be in substantial conformity with Local Form 16. If a proposed order of confirmation is not in substantial conformity with Local Form 16, the plan proponent shall serve the proposed order on the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List, or those entities that would be on such a list, any Trustee, and the Trustee's attorney 5 business days before the plan confirmation hearing using e-mail if possible but shall not file the proposed order with the Court. The plan proponent shall then file a certificate of service for the non-conforming proposed order without attaching the proposed order. The plan proponent will submit to the Court, via e-mail, any such non-conforming proposed order. On request and order of the Court, the plan proponent may be required to serve the confirmed plan with the order of confirmation on all creditors and parties in interest. On written request of any entity, the plan proponent shall provide a copy of the confirmed plan without charge.

~~C.~~ **Certification of DSOs as a Condition for Confirmation of a Chapter 11 Plan.** As a prerequisite for the Court to confirm a Chapter 11 plan in a case filed on or after October 17, 2005, the individual debtor shall certify that any and all amounts payable under a domestic support obligation order that first became payable after the date of the filing of the petition have been paid. The debtor will be deemed to have satisfied this certification requirement through live testimony given at the confirmation hearing.

~~L.B.R. 3021-1~~ **3021 - Distribution on Claims in Chapter 13 Cases.**

~~A.~~ **Distribution Following Relief from the Automatic Stay.**

1. **Certain Lienholders Not Entitled to Share in Subsequent Distributions.**

In a Chapter 13 case, if a creditor obtains an order for relief from the automatic stay of Bankruptcy Code § 362 to foreclose on collateral, the ~~Chapter 13~~ ~~Trustee~~ shall

cease distribution on the claim of such creditor and on the claims of all other creditors with voluntary liens on the collateral until such time as:

- a. an accounting of the proceeds of the collateral has been filed with the Court and a copy of the accounting has been served on the tTrustee; and
- b. the creditor files an amended claim, stating the amount of any unsecured balance to be paid by the tTrustee through the plan.

2. **Option to Receive Continued Distributions.** -A creditor whose claim was secured by collateral on which relief from the automatic stay has been granted may continue receiving disbursements under the confirmed Chapter 13 plan by obtaining an order for continued payment.

B. Distribution on Claims following Relief from the Automatic Stay against Co-Debtor. In a Chapter 13 case, where the debtor's plan provides for payment to a creditor on a co-signed debt, the tTrustee shall continue distribution notwithstanding relief from the automatic stay to pursue the co-debtor. The creditor who obtains relief from the automatic stay to pursue a co-debtor mustshall account to the Court, the debtor, and the Chapter 13 tTrustee for all funds recovered from the co-debtor.

C. ~~Distribution on Adjustable Rate Mortgages and Other Adjustable Claims. If a confirmed~~ Post-petition Adjustments on Monthly Payments to a Creditor. Any Chapter 13 plan ~~directs~~directing the tTrustee to maintain regular monthly post-petition payments on any claim and those regular monthly payments change during the life of the plan due to the terms of the underlying agreement, ~~the trustee shall begin making the amended~~a claim may provide for the plan payment to the Trustee to increase in accordance with any adjustment in the loan agreement or contract. For the Trustee to adjust the amount distributed to the creditor, either the debtor or the creditor shall provide notice to the Trustee describing the adjusted monthly payment to t. ~~The affected creditor upon receipt of written notice as required by L.B.R. 3015-3 A.~~debtor or creditor shall serve a copy on the Trustee if such notice is filed with the Court. Such direct contact by mail from such claim holders for purposes of providing this information shall not be considered a violation of the automatic stay. Upon notice from the debtor or a holder of the claim of a change in the amount of a post-petition monthly obligation which the Trustee is paying under a plan, the Trustee shall adjust the monthly distribution on such claim in accordance with such notice without the need for an amended plan or notice to other creditors.

~~L.B.R. 3022-1~~

D. Payments to Secured Creditors after Minimum Distribution to Unsecureds. If a Chapter 13 plan calls for a debt to be paid in equal monthly payments over a certain period of time, the Trustee shall amortize the amount of the claim to receive full payment over the payment period and with the interest specified in the plan, and shall pay that monthly amount to the creditor to the extent funds are available. However, after the Trustee pays general unsecured creditors the full amount guaranteed in the Chapter 13 plan, the Trustee may make additional

disbursements on a pro-rata basis to creditors who are to be paid in equal monthly payments over a certain period of time. This paragraph shall not apply to creditors who are to receive their continuing monthly contract payments from the Trustee.

E. **Payments to Attorneys Upon Disbarment or Suspension.** Upon written notice from the Court that an attorney is disbarred or suspended from practice by any court, the Trustee shall stop payment of fees to that attorney in all cases in which the attorney is attorney of record. The Trustee shall not hold or accrue any amounts of payment of that attorney's fees. The Trustee shall send a letter to the attorney stating that payment of fees has stopped pursuant to this Rule. The attorney may file a motion seeking an order directing that payment of fees continue in spite of the disbarment or suspension. Such a motion shall not be filed on negative notice but shall be set for hearing and noticed to the Trustee and the debtor.

F. **Chapter 13 Creditor Disclosure of Real Estate Mortgage Obligations.** The holders of claims secured by real estate shall provide accurate billing and account information directly to the debtor regarding any post-petition obligation to be paid directly by the debtor pursuant to the confirmed Chapter 13 plan, or to both the debtor and the Trustee when the post-petition obligation is paid by the Trustee pursuant to the confirmed Chapter 13 plan. Such direct contact by mail from such claim holders for purposes of providing this information shall not be considered a violation of the automatic stay. It is the intent of this Rule to advise the debtors of their monthly mortgage obligations and to provide debtors with information regarding any adjustments made to the mortgage obligations pursuant to applicable non-bankruptcy law which may arise during the pendency of their Chapter 13 cases. Upon request by the debtor made at or near completion of the Chapter 13 case, the mortgagee shall provide a full payoff statement to the debtor. Any dispute regarding payoff may be addressed by a motion prior to the case being closed.

G. **Application of Payments Secured by Real Estate in Chapter 13 Cases.** Holders of claims secured by real estate shall apply payments for mortgage payments accruing **post-petition**, whether made by the Trustee or by the debtor to post-petition monthly contractual mortgage obligations, including principal, interest, escrow obligations and other adjustments made to the mortgage obligation pursuant to applicable non-bankruptcy law, if not otherwise noted on the payment. Holders of claims secured by real estate shall apply payments made by the Trustee for **pre-petition** arrearage claims to the balance of unpaid contractual mortgage obligations which accrued prior to the petition date if not otherwise noted on the payment.

L.R. 3022 - Final Decree in Chapter 11 Cases.

A. **Application for Final Decree.**— ~~No later than three (3) months after entry of the confirmation order in a Chapter 11 case, the plan proponent shall file an application for a final decree or show cause why the final decree should not be entered. At or before the show cause hearing, the plan proponent shall file a status report as required herein. Thereafter, commencing with the seventh month after confirmation, the plan proponent must file a status report every four (4) months until the entry of the final decree. The application for final~~

decree and any status report mustshall include information concerning:

1. the date the order confirming the plan became final;
2. whether deposits required by the plan have been made;
3. whether the property proposed by the plan to be transferred has been transferred;
4. whether the debtor or successor of the debtor under the plan has assumed the business or the management of the property dealt with by the plan;
5. whether payments under the plan have commenced;
6. a breakdown of the disbursements, as applicable, from the inception of the case for fees and expenses of debtor's counsel and other professionals;
7. the percentage dividend paid and/or to be paid, or an explanation of why the dividend percentage is not yet determinable;
8. the status of all pending motions, contested matters, objections to claims, and adversary proceedings;
9. a list of all motions, contested matters, objections to claims, and adversary proceedings which are to be filed;
10. whether all fees due the United States Trustee have been paid; and
11. other facts as may be necessary to enable the Court to determine whether entry of the final decree is appropriate. The application for final decree mustshall state that the estate has been fully administered. –

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No later than 3 months after entry of the confirmation order in a Chapter 11 case, the plan proponent shall file an application for a final decree or show cause why the final decree should not be entered. At or before the show cause hearing, the plan proponent shall file a status report as required herein. Commencing with the seventh month after confirmation, the plan proponent shall file a status report every 4 months until the entry of the final decree.

- B. Service of Application for Final Decree and Objections Thereto.** –The plan proponent mustshall serve the application for a final decree or the status report upon the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List (L.B.R. 9013-3 C.), or, if no such list exists, upon those who would be on such a list, and upon all entities that have requested notice in the case, the Trustee (if any), the Trustee's attorney, and any examiner in the case. The application for final decree shall include a notice that any objections to the application mustshall be filed with the Court no later than thirty (30) days after service of the application. If no objections are filed, the Court may issue a final decree and close the case. If objections are filed, the plan proponent mustshall contact the cCourtroom dDeputy to set the application for final decree for hearing and mustshall provide notice of the hearing to all parties who filed an objection and to the United States Trustee. All objections to the application for final decree mustshall be served upon the debtor, the plan proponent, and the United States Trustee.

PART IV. THE DEBTOR, DUTIES, AND BENEFITS

L.B.R.- 4001-1 - Relief from the Automatic Stay.

- A. **Service of Motions for Relief from the Automatic Stay.**- The movant shall serve any motion for relief from the automatic stay and notice of hearing upon: the debtor, the debtor's attorney (if any), and the Trustee, if any, and any entity actually known by the movant to have a mortgage on or consensual interest in the collateral.- In Chapter 11 cases, unless otherwise ordered, the movant shall also serve the motion and notice upon the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List ~~(L.B.R. 9013-3 C.)~~, or, if no such list exists, upon those who entities that would be on such a list, the Trustee (if any), the Trustee's attorney, any examiner in the case, and on any entity who may be affected by the motion.
- B. **Hearings on Motions for Relief from the Automatic Stay.** -Motions for relief from the automatic stay shall ordinarily be set giving a minimum of ~~twenty (20)~~ days notice. If the movant consents to having sets a hearing on the motion set on a calendar date that is greater than thirty (30) days after the filing to take place on a date that is more than 30 days from the date of the motion, the ~~caption of the motion must state: "MOVANT WAIVES 30 DAY HEARING."~~movant shall be deemed to have waived the movant's right to have the automatic stay terminated pursuant to Bankruptcy Code § 362(e)(1).
- C. **Content of Motion for Relief from the Automatic Stay.**
1. **Motion for Relief from the Automatic Stay to Foreclose on Collateral.**
 - a. **General Provisions.** -In a case filed under any chapter in which the movant is seeking to foreclose on collateral, the motion ~~shall list all entities actually known by movant to have an interest in the collateral and~~ shall recite the legal and factual basis on which relief is sought including:
 - i. the basis for the debt;
 - ii. the balance of the indebtedness on the petition date or otherwise; and
 - iii. the date and manner of perfection, including book and page number, certificate of title, or UCC-1 recording.Documentation in support of a motion for relief shall be summarized using an Exhibit Summary following the procedures under L.B.R. 9040-1 ~~(A.)~~ unless otherwise permitted in this Rule. On request, the movant shall provide copies of all exhibits in their entirety as set forth in L.B.R. ~~9040-1 C.~~9040(C).
 - b. **Chapter 13 Cases.** -In a Chapter 13 case in which the movant is seeking to foreclose on collateral, the following procedures apply:
 - i. **Balance due.** The motion ~~must~~shall include a statement of the amount due including a breakdown of the following categories:
 - (1) unpaid principal;
 - (2) accrued interest from a specific date to a specific date;
 - (3) late charges from a specific date to a specific date;

- (4) ~~attorney's~~s~~attorneys'~~ fees;
- (5) advances for taxes, insurance and the like; and
- (6) any other charges.

~~ii. **Exhibits.** An Exhibit Summary prescribed by L.B.R. 9040-1 A. shall **not** be used with respect to motions for relief from the automatic stay to foreclose on collateral in _____~~

~~ii. **Post-Petition Payments.** In Chapter 13 cases. ~~Instead, select, where the movant is seeking relief from the stay for failure to make post-petition payments on a claim secured by real property that is the Debtor's principal residence or is treated by the Debtor's Chapter 13 plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code § 1322(b)(5), the motion or attachments thereto, shall contain a legible post-petition payment history. The payment history shall set forth:~~~~

- ~~(1) the date each post-petition payment was received,~~
 - ~~(2) the amount of each post-petition payment received, and~~
 - ~~(3) how each post-petition payment was applied by the movant.~~
- ~~Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code § 362(g)(2), the Debtor has the burden to prove any post-petition payment(s) alleged to have been made but not set forth in the motion, or attachments thereto.~~

~~iii. **Exhibits.** Select exhibits or page(s) may be attached to the motion provided the exhibit page(s) contain evidence of perfection. It is sufficient for the movant to attach only the first page of a deed of trust, certificate of title, or UCC-1 form showing the recorder's stamp and verifying lien perfection. On request, the movant shall provide copies of all exhibits in their entirety as set forth in L.B.R. ~~9040-1~~ 9040(C).~~

~~iv. **Order Granting Relief from Automatic Stay - Effect on Secured Claims.** All orders granting relief from the automatic stay in a Chapter 13 case shall contain the following language:~~

~~The Chapter 13 Trustee is directed to discontinue payment on all claims secured by the property against which relief from the automatic stay is granted in this Order. The Trustee is directed to resume payment on such claims on notification pursuant to L.B.R. 3021-~~f~~ (A).~~

2. **Motions for Relief from the Automatic Stay for All Other Purposes.**- In a case

under any chapter of the Bankruptcy Code, a motion for relief from the automatic stay for any purpose other than to foreclose on collateral shall include all legal and factual allegations supporting the relief requested and shall use the Exhibit Summary procedures of L.B.R. 9040-~~1~~.

D. **Responses to Motions for Relief from the Automatic Stay.** -Any response to a motion for relief from the automatic stay mustshall be filed no later than ~~five (5)~~ 5 business days before the hearing date set for the motion for relief. The response ~~should~~shall specifically admit or deny the allegations in each paragraph. A general denial ~~or similar response~~ is insufficient and prohibited.- When a response asserts adequate protection, the response mustshall state how the movant will be adequately protected if the automatic stay remains in effect. The parties shall exchange and file exhibits following the procedures in L.B.R. ~~9040-1 C.~~ 9040(C).

~~E.~~ E. **Duty to Confer.** -As required by L.B.R. 2093-~~1~~ (B.), in advance of hearing, attorneys for the parties involved in a motion for relief shall confer with respect to the issues raised by the motion to determine whether a consensual order may be entered or whether a stipulation may be reached concerning relevant facts.

~~F.~~ F. **Consent Motions for Relief from the Automatic Stay.** A consent motion for relief from the automatic stay shall be styled as a “consent motion.” Pursuant to L.B.R. 9013-1 ~~E.(F)~~, a consent motion for relief from the automatic stay need not be set for hearing and may be ruled upon without hearing. The Clerk of Court is authorized to waive the filing fee for a ~~motion~~ motion for relief from the automatic stay ifwhen the motion is filed with the written consent and signature of the ~~Trustee~~ Trustee and all respondents.

~~G.~~ G. Consent may be shown by separate certificate of consent or certificate of no opposition signed by the responding party but such consent or no opposition shall be filed as part of the consent motion. In a Chapter 7 case, the Trustee’s Report of No Distribution shall be deemed the Trustee’s consent to any motion for relief from the automatic stay, and the Trustee’s signature will not be required on the consent motion where such a report has been filed. All consent motions for relief from stay shall be filed using the proper non-fee consent motion event in the CM/ECF system to avoid automatic assessment of the filing fee. Consent motions for relief to proceed with a domestic action do not require the signature of the non-debtor spouse.

G. **Orders on Motions for Relief from the Automatic Stay.**- Proposed Orders on any motion for relief from the automatic stay mustshall follow the format in L.B.R. 9050-~~1~~ and mustshall specifically describe the property (collateral) that is the subject of relief. “So Ordered” provisions ~~in L.B.R. 9050-1 E. mayshall~~ not be used with motions for relief from the automatic stay. In Chapter 13 cases, the order mustshall include the language set forth in L.B.R. ~~4001-1 C. iii. above.~~

~~H. R. 4001-1(C)(1)(b)(iv).~~

H. Mandatory Form Consent Order & Stipulation re: Relief from Stay on Real Property.

The Court adopts as a Local Form “Consent Order and Stipulations in Settlement of Motion for Relief.” This form is available on the Court’s web site. Absent good cause, use of this form is mandatory in Chapter 13 cases.

I. Emergency and Ex Parte Relief from the Automatic Stay. Procedures for emergency and ex parte relief from the automatic stay shall be as stated in ~~L.B.R. 9013-2-(C) and (D)~~, respectively.

~~L.B.R. 4003-1~~

J. Continuances. If the court does not render a final decision on a motion for relief from stay during the 60-day period referenced in Bankruptcy Code § 362(e)(2), any party wishing to have the automatic stay extended until a continued hearing date shall submit a proposed order continuing the hearing and ordering that the stay be extended until such hearing. If the movant sets the motion for a hearing on, or requests a continuance of the hearing to a date that is more than 60 days from the date of the motion, the movant shall be deemed to have waived the movant’s right to have the automatic stay terminated pursuant to Bankruptcy Code § 362(e)(2).

L.R. 4001-2 - Requests for Continuation of the Stay. In cases where the automatic stay terminates on a date certain pursuant to Bankruptcy Code §§ 362(c)(3), (h), 521(a)(2) or 521(a)(6), any motion to continue the stay shall be filed within 10 days of the filing of the voluntary petition. When any such motion is filed by the Trustee, it shall be filed within 20 days of the filing of the voluntary petition. Such motions will be set for hearing between 20 and 30 days after the date of the petition. Responses may be filed until the time of the hearing. A motion for continuation of the stay shall be filed using the “Motion to Extend Automatic Stay” event.

L.R. 4001-3 - Verified Motion for Imposition of the Stay. In cases where no automatic stay exists upon the filing of the petition under Bankruptcy Code §§ 362(b)(20), (21), (c)(4), or (n), the debtor, Trustee, or any party in interest may file a verified motion for emergency imposition of the automatic stay under Bankruptcy Code § 362 as to any creditor(s). Such a motion shall be filed using the “Motion to Impose Automatic Stay” event. The movant shall set such motion for hearing and shall serve the motion upon all affected parties, upon the trustee or successor trustee of any pending foreclosure proceeding and upon any party in possession of the debtor’s repossessed collateral. The motion for imposition of an emergency stay may be considered by the Court after notice and a hearing, and, if granted, the stay will continue for a period not to exceed 7 days or until conclusion of the final hearing on imposition of the stay, whichever is less. The motion shall (i) identify the circumstances justifying imposition of a stay, and (ii) indicate whether the movant consents to the continued processing of the

creditor's action, including statutory notices and publication or continued possession of the collateral pending final hearing.

L.R. 4001-4 - Motion for Order Confirming the Stay is Inapplicable. The Court shall consider without hearing all motions under Bankruptcy Code § 362(j) for orders confirming the stay has been terminated. The motion and proposed order shall both provide with specificity the basis of the movant's belief that the stay has terminated or is inapplicable, including, e.g., previous case numbers and dates. The motion shall be filed using the "Termination or Absence of Stay" event. No filing fees are required to be collected for such motions.

L.R. 4001-5 - Automatic Stay with Respect to Lessors of Real Property under Bankruptcy Code § 362(l). The following procedures will apply to proceedings to reimpose the automatic stay following a residential eviction against the debtor under Bankruptcy Code § 362(l):

1. The debtor shall file the certification required by Bankruptcy Code § 362(l)(1) by completing the information requested on page two of the voluntary petition.
2. The debtor shall deposit with the Court rent payments that will come due within the 30-day period after the filing of the bankruptcy petition. The debtor shall submit such rent payments by tendering to the Court a cashier's or certified check, or money order payable to the lessor. The debtor shall also provide the Court with a copy of the pre-petition judgment for possession at the time of submitting the rent payment to the Court.
3. The Court will send notice to the designated lessor advising that the lessor may elect to
 - (a) consent to receive the rent payment (and shall give payment instructions, e.g. address to which the Court should mail the check), or
 - (b) object to receiving the rent payment.

The lessor shall have 10 days from the date of the Court's notice to return the notice with the lessor's election. The lessor's return of the notice indicating that the lessor elects to object to receiving the rent payment shall be deemed an objection to receiving the rent payment filed under Bankruptcy Code § 362(l)(3)(A). The lessor may also file a separate objection to receiving the rent payment. Failure to file a timely objection shall be the lessor's consent to receiving the debtor's rent payments, and the Court will transmit the debtor's rent payment to the lessor. If the lessor files a timely objection to receiving the rent payment, the Court will set such objection for hearing.

4. Within 30 days of the filing of the petition, the debtor shall file the certification required by Bankruptcy Code § 362(l)(2) advising that the debtor has cured the pre-petition default and shall serve that certification on the lessor.
5. If the lessor objects to the certification under Bankruptcy Code § 362(l)(2), the lessor shall file an objection within 10 days of receipt of the certification and serve the objection on the debtor and the debtor's counsel, if any. The Court will set a hearing as required under Bankruptcy Code § 362(l)(3).

6. If the debtor fails to file the necessary certification(s) under Bankruptcy Code § 362(l)(1) or (2), the Court will provide the lessor and the debtor with a certified copy of the docket sheet as required by Bankruptcy Code § 362(l)(4)(B).

L.R. 4003-1 - Scheduling Exemptions. Each claimed exemption on Schedule C mustshall include:

1. a description of the property claimed as exempt;
2. citation to the law or authority providing a basis for the exemption;
3. the dollar value of the claimed exemption; and
4. the current market value of the property.

L.B.R.- 4003-2 - Motion to Avoid Liens under Bankruptcy Code § 522(f)(1).

A. **Content and Service.**— All motions to avoid liens mustshall contain:

1. a specific description of the property subject to the lien avoidance action; and
2. a description of the documents giving rise to the lien.

A specific description of the property is not necessary if the debtor does not have a listing of the property and the debtor can demonstrate an attempt to obtain that information in writing from the creditor at least fourteen (14) days prior to filing the motion. The motion mustshall be served on the Trustee and the creditor whose lien is sought to be avoided. All motions to avoid judicial liens on real property shall be filed using the Local Form “Motion to Avoid Lien” found on the Court’s web site. All motions to avoid liens shall be served on the registered agent of any non-individual whose lien is sought to be avoided.

B. **Responses and Hearings.** Motions to avoid liens may be set for hearing following the Negative Notice procedures of L.B.R. 9061-1. Any response mustshall be filed no later than twenty (20) days after service of the motion pursuant to L.B.R. 9061-1(B). If a response is filed, the debtor mustshall set the motion for hearing giving no less than ten (10) days notice of the hearing (pursuant to L.B.R. 9061-1(D)).

L.B.R. 4004-1 Discharge:

A.)(1).

C. Objections to Claims Based Upon Lien Avoidance. If a party files an objection to a claim on the basis, in whole or in part, that the claimant’s lien is avoidable under Bankruptcy Code § 522(f)(1), and no final order has been entered on the motion to avoid the claimant’s lien, the party objecting to the claim shall notify the Judge’s Courtroom Deputy of the claim objection at the time the claim objection is filed.

L.R. 4004-1 - Discharge.

A. **Discharge in Chapter 12 Cases.**

1. **General Provisions.** As soon as practicable after completion by the debtor of all payments under the plan, the debtor shall file a motion requesting a discharge. The debtor shall serve the motion on the Trustee and all creditors and parties in interest.

2. Certification of Payment of DSOs as a Condition for Discharge - Chapter 12.

As a prerequisite for the Court to issue the discharge in a Chapter 12 case filed on or after October 17, 2005, the debtor shall certify either (1) that all amounts payable under a domestic support obligation order have been paid through the date of the debtor's certification or (2) that the debtor does not owe any domestic support obligations. The debtor shall file this certification prior to or as part of the debtor's motion for discharge. If the certification has not been filed as part of or prior to the motion for discharge, on receipt of the motion, the Court will issue a notice to the debtor advising that the certification shall be filed within 10 calendar days of the notice or the Court may close the case without entry of a discharge.

B. Discharge in Chapter 7, 11 and 13 Cases.

1. General Provisions. In Chapter ~~137~~ and ~~713~~ cases, provided a discharge is appropriate, the Court will issue and serve the discharge order without the debtor filing a motion for discharge. In Chapter 11 cases, subject to L.R. 4004-1(C), the discharge provision shall be as specified in the confirmed Chapter 11 plan.

2. Certification of Payment of DSOs as a Condition for Discharge - Chapter 13.

As a prerequisite for the Court to issue the discharge in a Chapter 13 case filed on or after October 17, 2005, the debtor shall certify either (1) that all amounts payable under a domestic support obligation order have been paid through the date of the debtor's certification or (2) that the debtor does not owe any domestic support obligations. In a Chapter 13 case, on receipt of the Trustee's Motion to Stop Wage Withholding and Return Excess Funds, the Court will issue a notice to the debtor advising that the certification shall be filed within 20 calendar days of the date of the Court's notice. If the certification is not timely filed, the Court may close the case without entering a discharge.

C. Notice Regarding Bankruptcy Code § 1141(d)(5)(C).

Before a discharge may be entered in an individual's Chapter 11 case filed on or after April 20, 2005, the debtor shall send a notice regarding Bankruptcy Code § 1141(d)(5)(C) to the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List, or, if no such list exists, to those entities that would be on such a list, the Trustee (if any), and the Trustee's attorney. This notice is to be filed with the Court. The notice will set a 15-day deadline for any interested party to file a response to the notice and request a hearing if the party has reasonable cause to believe that (i) Bankruptcy Code § 522(q)(1) is applicable to the debtor; and (ii) that there is pending any proceeding in which the debtor may be found guilty of a felony of the kind described in Bankruptcy Code § 522(q)(1)(A) or liable for a debt of the kind described in Bankruptcy Code § 522(q)(1)(B). If no response to the notice is filed on or before the expiration of the 15-day deadline, the Court may enter a discharge without further notice or hearing regarding Bankruptcy Code § 1141(d)(5)(C).

L.R. 4004-2 - Post-Petition Personal Financial Management.

- A. General Provisions.** Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code §§ 727(a)(11) and 1328(g), the Court will not grant a discharge but will close a case without discharge in Chapter 7 and Chapter 13 cases if the debtor fails to file a certificate of completing the financial management course required by Bankruptcy Code § 111. The Court will send notice to the debtor in advance of the filing deadline provided in the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure advising the debtor that the case may be closed without discharge if the certificate of completion of a financial management course is not filed.
- B. Relief from Dismissal Order.** If, after the Court sends the notice described in L.R. 4004-2(A), a case has been closed without discharge for failure to file a certificate of completing the financial management course, the debtor shall not move this Court for any type of relief from the closing of the case (including a motion to reconsider) without first paying the case reopening fee.
- C. Proof of Completion.** Completion of a financial management course shall be shown by each debtor, either by filing Official Form 23, or by filing one or more certificates. If a single Form 23 is filed for both debtors in a joint case, the Form shall include the names and signatures of both debtors.
- D. Exemption.** Exemption from this requirement may be shown by checking the appropriate box on Official Form 23 and filing Form 23. A separate motion is not necessary when exemption is sought using Form 23.
- E. Filing.** The debtor's certification of completion of financial management course or the debtor's exemption shall be filed using the "Financial Management Course" event.

L.R. 4004-3 - Closing of Case without Discharge. If a case is closed without a discharge, the Court will give notice of such closing to all creditors and parties in interest as required by the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure. A debtor may move to reopen a case closed without issuance of discharge in order to file or provide a required document. A reopening fee shall be paid to reopen the case to obtain discharge. The Court will not consider any motion requesting that the Court reopen a case or reconsider any closure of a case or order dismissing a case without discharge for failure to provide or file a required document unless the movant has paid the case reopening fee.

L.R. 4004-4 - Prior Discharge and Delay of Discharge.

- A. Chapter 13 Cases.** In Chapter 13 cases, the Trustee may object to confirmation of the Chapter 13 Plan if the debtor obtained a discharge in a prior case within the time periods that prohibit the Court from granting a discharge under Bankruptcy Code §§ 1328(f)(1) or (2). Nothing precludes a party in interest from filing such an objection to confirmation.
- B. Delay of Discharge in all Cases.** Any request to delay discharge under Bankruptcy Code

§§ 727(a)(12), 1228(f), 1328(h), or 1141(d)(5)(C) shall be filed by motion using the “Motion to Delay Discharge” event.

L.R. 4008 - Reaffirmation Agreements. The Court will set a hearing to consider approval of those reaffirmation agreements that do not include the signature of the debtor’s attorney where Court action on the reaffirmation agreement is required. A request to approve a reaffirmation agreement that does not include the signature of the debtor’s attorney shall be presented by motion. A motion seeking approval of a reaffirmation agreement shall be filed using the “Reaffirmation Agreement and Motion to Approve” event. The Court will set a hearing on such reaffirmation agreement.

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PART V. COURT AND CLERK’S OFFICE OPERATIONS

L.B.R. 5005-1 5005 - Filing and Transmittal of Papers.

- A. **Electronic Filing.** All documents filed by an attorney shall be filed electronically in accordance with the procedures for electronic case filing set forth in the Procedures Manual. If the deadline to file a document occurs, or a party must file an emergency motion while the Court’s CM/ECF system is shut down, the attorney filer may file the document by paper following the procedures set forth in these Rules and the Procedures Manual for paper filing by unrepresented parties. The attorney filer may, in such an instance, seek any further relief by separate motion.
- B. **Consent to Electronic Service and Effect of Notice.** With the exception of service of process under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004 and where otherwise required on a party’s registered agent, registration to file electronically constitutes the participant’s consent to receive notice and service by electronic means and is a written waiver of service by other means (e.g. first class mail). For registered participants, with the exception of service of process under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004 and where otherwise required on a party’s registered agent, notice through the Court’s CM/ECF system constitutes service of the documents referenced in the Notice of Electronic Filing.
- C. **Location, Place and Manner of Filing.** -All documents offered for filing by a party that is not represented by an attorney and that is unable to file using the CM/ECF system in a case in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Missouri (Eastern, Northern or Southeastern Division) shall be submitted to the Clerk’s Clerk of Court’s Office in St. Louis for filing. Filing by facsimile is prohibited.
- ~~B. **Copies.** The party filing an original document shall furnish the Clerk with additional copies in the quantities specified in the Procedures Manual.~~
- D. **Documents Declined for Filing.** -The Clerk of Court shall decline to accept for filing any pleading, petition, or document tendered without the required fees or signatures. The Clerk

of Court shall mark the date and time tendered on the original document and shall return the original document to the filer with a written notice of return. The Clerk of Court shall retain a photocopy of the original document bearing the date and time of its tender. In the case of a petition, the Court may promptly dismiss the case if the petition fails to comply with L.B.R. 1002-1(A). The proponent of party that tenders any petition or other document declined for filing may, upon motion for good cause, request that the Court treat the petition or other document as filed on the date originally tendered to the Court.

~~D. **Electronic Filing.** Petitions and other documents must be filed through the use of electronic means in accordance with Administrative Procedures for Electronic Case Filing established and published by the Court.~~

~~L.B.R. 5009-1~~

L.R. 5009 - Closing Procedures.

A. **Closing Procedures in Chapter 12 Cases.** -The Chapter 12 tTrustee shall file the tTrustee's final report and final account in substantial conformity with Local Form 17 and submit a copy to the United States Trustee. The Chapter 12 tTrustee shall send notice of filing the final report or a copy of the final report to the debtor, the debtor's attorney (if any), and all creditors and parties in interest with notice that any objections to the report mustshall be filed with the Court no later than thirty (30) days after service of the final report. The final report shall state that the estate has been fully administered. If no objections are filed, the Court will issue a final decree and close the case. Any objections to the final report mustshall be served upon the Chapter 12 tTrustee, the debtor, the debtor's attorney (if any), and the United States Trustee. -

~~—~~ If objections are filed, the Chapter 12 tTrustee shall contact the eCourtroom dDeputy to set the final report for hearing and serve notice of the hearing on all parties filing an objection to the final report, the debtor, the debtor's attorney (if any), and the United States Trustee.

B. **Closing Procedures in Chapter 7 Cases.** In a Chapter 7 asset case, the tTrustee shall cause to be filed the tTrustee's final report and proposed distribution and shall send notice of the filing and a summary of the final report or a copy of the final report to the debtor, the debtor's attorney (if any), and all creditors and parties in interest (as may be required under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(f)(8)) with notice that any objections to the report mustshall be filed with the Court no later than thirty (30) days after service. Any objections to the final report mustshall be served upon the tTrustee, the debtor, the debtor's attorney (if any), and the United States Trustee. If objections are filed, the tTrustee shall contact the eCourtroom dDeputy to set the final report for hearing and serve notice of hearing on all parties filing an objection to the final report, the debtor, the debtor's attorney (if any), and the United States Trustee. If no objections to the final report are filed, or on resolution of any objections, the tTrustee shall submit an order approving the final report and proposed distribution. After distribution, the tTrustee shall cause to be filed a post-distribution report and certify full administration of the estate. In a Chapter 7 no-asset case, the tTrustee shall file a report of

no distribution and certify full administration of the estate. Following notice of full administration, the Court shall issue a final decree and close the case.

C. **Closing Procedures in Chapter 13 Cases.** -The ~~Chapter 13 t~~Trustee shall file the ~~t~~Trustee's final report and final account and shall send a copy of the final report to the debtor and the debtor's attorney (if any) with notice that any objections to the report must shall be filed with the Court no later than thirty (30) days after service of the report. The final report shall state that the estate has been fully administered. If no objections are filed, the Court will issue a final decree and close the case. Any objections to the final report must shall be served upon the ~~Chapter 13 t~~Trustee, the debtor, and the debtor's attorney (if any). If objections are filed, the ~~Chapter 13 t~~Trustee shall contact the ~~e~~Courtroom ~~d~~Deputy to set the ~~F~~final ~~R~~report for hearing and serve notice of hearing on all parties filing an objection to the final report, the debtor, and the debtor's attorney (if any).

D. **Closing Procedures in Chapter 11 Cases.** -See L.~~B.~~R. 3022-~~t~~.

L.B.R. ~~5011-1~~ 5011 - Withdrawal of Reference.

A. **Time and Manner.** ~~Absent leave of Court, a~~ request to withdraw the reference of a case or proceeding, in whole or in part, other than a sua sponte request by the judge, shall be by motion, ~~filed and served no later than ten (10) days after service of the last pleading directed to such issue.~~ Absent leave of Court, a party filing a motion to withdraw the reference shall file the motion within 5 business days of the filing of the related pleading or response.

B. **Response.** -No later than ~~ten (10)~~5 business days after service of the motion to withdraw the reference, any other party may file and serve a response to such motion.

C. **Place of Filing and Controlling Rules.** A motion to withdraw the reference and all documents relating to the motion, including any responses thereto, shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court in the bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding in which reference is sought to be withdrawn using the caption of that bankruptcy case or adversary proceeding. The Clerk of Court will transmit the motion to withdraw the reference and all documents filed relating to the motion to the District Court. This Rule and the Local Rules of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri regarding motion practice and bankruptcy court matters shall govern the motion to withdraw the reference and all proceedings related thereto.

PART VI. COLLECTION AND LIQUIDATION OF THE ESTATE

L.B.R. ~~6007-1~~ 6007 - Abandonment of Assets at the § 341 Meeting. -At the § 341 ~~m~~Meeting ~~of the creditors in Chapter 7 cases~~, the ~~t~~Trustee may announce the abandonment of specific property of the estate that is burdensome or of inconsequential value. The ~~t~~Trustee shall file a list of such property in the ~~t~~Trustee's § 341 ~~m~~Meeting minute report or a notice of

abandonment. The tTrustee's report shall constitute notice of abandonment of all assets referenced therein. Objections to the proposed abandonment shall be filed with the Clerk of Court no later than ~~fifteen~~ (15) days after filing of the tTrustee's report. The objecting party shall promptly provide~~serve~~ a copy of the objection to~~on~~ the tTrustee, the debtor, and the debtor's attorney (if any). The objecting party shall set the objection for hearing and shall give~~serve~~ notice thereof to~~on~~ the tTrustee, the debtor, and the debtor's attorney (if any). If no timely objection is made to a notice of abandonment of assets, the notice of abandonment will constitute an abandonment of the assets effective on the 16th day after the filing of the notice.

PART VII. ADVERSARY PROCEEDINGS AND JUDGMENTS

~~L.B.R. 7003-1~~ 7003 - Commencement of Adversary Proceedings.

- A. **Cover Sheet.** -An "Adversary Proceeding Cover Sheet" (Local Form 18) must~~shall~~ accompany all adversary complaints. This cover sheet is available on the Court's web site.
- B. **Filing Fee.**— Payment of the filing fee as stated in the Procedures Manual is required to initiate an adversary proceeding.
- C. **Caption.** -The caption of all pleadings filed in an adversary must~~proceeding shall~~ follow the specifications in L.~~B.~~R. 9004-~~1~~(A).

~~L.B.R. 7004-1~~ 7004 - Summons.

- A. **Issuance.** ~~At the time an adversary proceeding is filed, the plaintiff must submit a completed summons (Local Form 19) for each defendant plus the required number of copies as stated in the Procedures Manual.~~ The Court will electronically sign, seal, and issue summonses. Plaintiffs need not submit a summons when filing an adversary complaint. Attorneys will receive the summons by e-mail of the Notice of Electronic Filing generated by the Court's CM/ECF system. The Court will ~~determine whether to set the adversary proceeding for trial or pre-trial and will return~~mail the summons to ~~the plaintiff for service.~~ The date for trial or pre-trial will appear on the summons.any pro se plaintiff.
- B. **Service of Summons.** -The plaintiff must~~shall~~ serve the summons as required by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7004(a)-7004(h). The plaintiff must~~shall~~ file a certificate of service of the summons at least ~~ten~~ (10) days before the hearing date on the summons. The reverse side of the summons contains the certificate of service.—

~~L.B.R. 7016-1~~ A summons is only valid for ten days following its issuance (Fed. R. Bank. P. 7004(e)). If the ten day period has passed without the summons being served, the plaintiff shall file a motion requesting that the summons be reissued.

L.R. 7016 - Pre-trial Procedures.

- A. **Duty to Exchange Witness and Exhibit Lists, and Exhibits and Witness Lists.** Parties to an adversary proceeding shall cooperate with one another and shall voluntarily exchange exhibits and witness and exhibit lists, and exhibits no later than ~~ten (10)~~ days prior to trial, or as set out in a pre-trial or trial order. The plaintiff shall mark exhibits with Arabic numerals; ~~t.~~ The defendant shall use letters. Exhibits ~~must~~shall be indexed following the format of the Court's Exhibit Index (Local Form 20). Three ~~(3)~~business days prior to trial, each party shall deliver to the Court sufficient copies of the exhibits in binders to provide a set for the Court and the law clerk. Parties shall bring additional binders for the witness and opposing counsel on the day of trial.
- B. **Objections to Exhibits.** -Objections to the authenticity or genuineness of any document ~~must~~shall be made in writing no later than ~~three (3)~~3 business days prior to trial. Failure to object to the authenticity or genuineness of a document does not waive any right to object on the basis of relevance at trial.
- C. **Duty to Confer and Settlement Conference.** -Unless a pre-trial order directs otherwise, the parties to an adversary proceeding shall discuss the possibilities of settlement no later than ~~two (2) weeks~~14 days after an answer or other response is filed. The plaintiff shall promptly file and serve a report advising that the parties conducted such a settlement conference and whether the case is settled. (Local Form 21).

L.B.R. ~~7026-1~~ Discovery.

A. ~~7026 - Discovery.~~

A. ~~Discovery to Begin Promptly.~~ Discovery in an adversary proceeding shall begin at the earliest possible time. The parties shall not wait until the scheduling conference to begin discovery.

B. ~~Required Disclosures.~~ -Adherence to L.~~B.R.~~ 7016-1(~~A.:~~) constitutes compliance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1) and (2), and E.D.Mo.L.R 26-3.01.

B. ~~=~~

C. ~~Filing of Discovery Materials.~~ -Local Rule ~~26-33~~.02 of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri shall apply as modified herein. Discovery requests and responses and any disclosures required under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35 and 36 shall not be filed with the Court except as exhibits to a motion or memorandum and then only as permitted by L.~~B.R.~~ 9040-1 and L.~~B.R.~~ ~~7056-1~~7056 and 9040. At the time of service of discovery requests or responses, the party issuing the discovery or responding to it shall file a certificate of service advising that the discovery has been served or answered. No deposition transcript shall be filed until admitted into evidence at trial. If deposition testimony is needed to support any pleading, a copy of the relevant excerpts shall be attached

to the motion or pleading.

- C. ~~D.~~ **Deadline for Discovery.**— In all cases in which a trial (not pre-trial) summons is issued, responses to discovery mustshall be served no later than ~~twenty (20)~~ days after service of the discovery request unless the responding party, after consultation with the party seeking the discovery, obtains additional time to respond.

L.B.R. ~~7055-1~~ 7055 - Default Judgment.

A. ~~A.~~ **Motion for Clerk's Entry of Default.** A plaintiff seeking the Clerk of Court's entry of default shall follow the procedures set forth in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7055. To obtain the Clerk of Court's entry of default, the Court requires the filing of the following:

1. Request for Clerk of Court's entry of default;
2. Affidavit* supporting entitlement to entry of default; and
3. Procedural Form B260 (found through the link to Official Forms on the Court's web site) for entry of default.

* The affidavit shall contain:

- a. Date of issuance of summons;
- b. Statement of whether the Court fixed a deadline for filing an answer or motion, or whether the 30 or 35 day limit applies;
- c. Date of service of the complaint;
- d. Date of filing of affidavit or return of service;
- e. Statement that no answer or motion has been received within the time limit fixed by the Court;
- f. Statement that the defendant is not in the military service (as required by the Soldier's & Sailor's Civil Relief Act, 50 U.S.C. App. § 521); and
- g. Statement that the defendant is not an infant or an incompetent as required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 55(b)(1)).

If the plaintiff is entitled to entry of default, the Clerk of Court's office will complete the entry of default and return a copy of the entry of default to the plaintiff.

B. Motion for Default Judgment. Any motion for default judgment mustshall be accompanied by (1) the ~~Clerk's~~ Clerk of Court's entry of default using ~~Bankruptcy~~ Procedural Form ~~260B~~ B260 (found through the link to Official Forms on the Court's web site), and (2) an affidavit in support of the motion. The affidavit must plaintiff filing the motion for default shall submit a proposed order via Judge's e-mail (see the Procedures Manual for the Judges' e-mail addresses) at the time the motion is filed. The affidavit in support of the motion shall contain the following:

1. date of issuance of the summons;
2. statement of whether the Court fixed a deadline for filing an answer or motion, or whether the 30 or 35-day limit applies;
3. date of service of the complaint;
4. date of filing of affidavit or return of service;

5. statement that the defendant is not in the military service (as required by the Soldier's and Sailor's Civil Relief Act, 50 U.S.C. App. § 5201);
6. statement that the defendant is not an infant or incompetent (as required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 55(b)(1)); and
7. other factual and legal elements necessary to support entry of judgment.

~~B.~~ C. **Service of Motion for Default Judgment.** -The movant mustshall serve the motion for default judgment on the party against whom default is requested.

~~L.B.R. 7056-1~~

D. **Hearing on Motion for Default Judgment.** At the time of filing a motion for default judgment, the movant shall set the motion for a hearing to take place after the motion's return date. The movant shall attend the hearing and be prepared to offer evidence in support of the judgment.

L.R. 7056 - Motions for Summary Judgment.

- A. **Motion for Summary Judgment.**- A motion for summary judgment shall state with particularity, in separately numbered paragraphs, each material fact as to which the movant claims there is no genuine issue. Each such paragraph shall reference the pleading, discovery, affidavit or document that supports such fact. If the motion requires consideration of facts not appearing in the record, the party shall file all documentary evidence relied upon, including affidavits, as an attachment to the motion. The motion mayshall not refer to material facts not presented as evidence in support of the motion. The motion shall also state concisely the legal grounds on which relief should be granted.
- B. **Memorandum in Support.**- The moving party shall file with each motion for summary judgment a memorandum in support of the motion, including citations to any authorities upon which the party relies. ~~The memorandum must also disclose any cases or authorities counsel finds relevant, including those in opposition to movant's position.~~
- C. **Responses.** -Each party opposing a motion for summary judgment shall file a response specifically admitting or denying each of the movant's factual statements. The response mustshall include the reason for denial of any factual allegation and mustshall be supported by reference to the pleadings, discovery, affidavits or documents that support respondent's denial. The response mustshall further list in numbered paragraphs any additional facts that remain in dispute and those facts mustshall be supported by reference to the pleadings, discovery, affidavits or documents that support the respondent's allegations. If any response requires consideration of facts not appearing in the record, the party shall file with its response all documentary evidence relied upon, including affidavits, if applicable.
- D. **Memorandum in Opposition.** -The respondent mustshall also file a memorandum in

support of the response, including citations to authorities on which the respondent relies. ~~The memorandum must also disclose any cases or authorities counsel finds relevant, including those in opposition to respondent's position.~~

- E. **Response Time.** -The response and memorandum ~~must~~shall be filed ~~twenty (no later than 20)~~ days after service of the motion.
- F. **Replies.** The moving party may file a reply no later than ~~five (5)~~5 business days after service of the response. Additional replies may be filed by either party only with leave of Court. Any reply may address only matters raised in the response to which the reply relates.
- G. **Page Limits.** -Absent leave of Court, no pleading or memorandum regarding summary judgment shall exceed ~~fifteen (15)~~ numbered pages, exclusive of the signature page and attachments.
- H. **Hearings.** -Motions for summary judgment will not ordinarily be set for hearing. The Court will only set such motions for hearing ~~as it~~if the Court deems it appropriate.
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PART VIII. APPEALS

L.B.R. - 8001-1 8001 - Notice of Appeal and Election to Have Appeal Heard by District Court.

A. General Requirements. A notice of appeal shall conform substantially to Bankruptcy Official Form 17 and contain the title and date of the order appealed, the names, addresses, and phone numbers of all parties (and their attorneys, if any) to the judgment, order, or decree appealed. If the party is not represented by an attorney and is not able to file electronically, the notice of appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the order being appealed and the filing fee (payable to the U.S. Bankruptcy Court). A separate notice of appeal and filing fee is required for each order being appealed. The filing fee and docketing fee can be found on the Court's web site. An appeal of an order denying reconsideration or similar relief may be included in the notice of appeal of the underlying judgment or order. If a party is not represented by an attorney and is not able to file electronically, the election to have the appeal heard by the District Court shall be accompanied by a copy of the notice of the appeal.

B. Appeals to the Bankruptcy Appellate Panel. In an appeal to the Bankruptcy Appellate Panel, the appellant shall file with the Bankruptcy Court:

1. A notice of appeal (which requires a certificate of service); and
2. The filing fee.

All documents filed after the notice of appeal shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Appellate Panel. The Bankruptcy Court will assemble the preliminary record on appeal and transmit it to the Bankruptcy Appellate Panel.

C. Appeals to the District Court. To appeal to the District Court, the appellant shall file with the Bankruptcy Court:

1. The notice of appeal (which requires a certificate of service);
2. The filing fee;
3. The appellant's separate election to have the appeal heard by the District Court (available in the appendix to the Bankruptcy Appellate Panel's Local Rules);
4. The U.S. District Court cover sheet (available on the Bankruptcy Court's web site or the District Court's web site); and
5. The party's designation of record and issues on appeal.

In an appeal to the District Court, unless otherwise designated, all pleadings and documents referenced in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 8006 and 8007 shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court. The Clerk of Court shall transmit the record to the District Court. After transmission of the record to the District Court, all pleadings in the appeal shall be filed with the District Court.

D. Direct Appeal to the Circuit Court

To appeal directly to the Circuit Court of Appeals from the Bankruptcy Court, the appellant must file with the Bankruptcy Court:

1. The notice of appeal (which requires a certificate of service);
2. A Notice of Certification of Direct Appeal using Bankruptcy Official Form 24; and
3. The filing fee.

If the direct appeal is authorized by the Circuit Court of Appeals, all documents filed after such authorization shall be filed with the Circuit Court of Appeals.

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PART IX. FORMAT OF PLEADINGSFILINGS, MOTION PRACTICE, GENERAL PROVISIONS

L.B.R. ~~9004-1~~ 9004 - Format and Title of PleadingsFilings.

A. **Captions.** -All pleadingsfilings and proposed orders shall include a caption identifying this Court and the appropriate division and shall contain the following information set forth on the top right-hand side of the page:

1. case number with judge Ccode (for pleadings filedall filings after the Court has assigned a case number);
2. chapter (7, 9, 11, 12, 13, or 15);
3. adversary proceeding or motion number (for pleadings filedall filings after the Court has assigned the motion or adversary number);
4. current hearing date, time, and location (city and courtroom); and
5. date any response must be filed, if applicable. _____

The top left-hand side of the page of all pleadingsfilings and proposed orders shall include the name of the debtor. PleadingsAll filings and orders concerning motions mustshall also list the name of the movant and respondent on the top left, and pleadingsfilings and orders in adversary proceedings mustshall list the name of the plaintiff and the defendant. (Local

Form 22, Sample Caption).

B. **Title of Pleadings Filings.** -All pleadings filings shall bear a descriptive title accurately stating the nature of the relief sought. If alternative relief is requested, the title mustshall reflect the alternative relief.

C. **Format of Pleadings Filings.**- Unless otherwise permitted by leave of Court, all petitions and other documents shall be typed or legibly written on paper eight and one-half (8-1/2) inches by eleven (11) inches, bound only by a staple or clip. Margins shall be no less than one (1) inch and all documents shall be printed on one side only of a sheet of paper using standard, 12-point font. Copies of documents served on parties may be printed on both sides of a sheet of paper for convenience. Parties are encouraged to use binders to organize pleadings and exhibits for courtroom presentations. Without leave of Court, no motion, memorandum or brief shall exceed fifteen (15) pages exclusive of the signature page, certificate of service and attachments. Except for memoranda of law, all factual and legal allegations in any pleading shall be set forth in separately numbered paragraphs.

~~D.~~

D. **Certificates of Service.** All pleadings must filings shall include a certificate of service identifying:

- ~~1.~~ ~~the name and address of (i)~~ each person or entity served with the pleading filing; and
- ~~2.~~ ~~(ii)~~ the date and manner of service.

1. **CM/ECF Service.** If the Notice of Electronic Filing that is generated upon completion of an electronic filing indicates that a party was served with the document by the Court's CM/ECF system, the filing party does not need to serve the document by any other means on the party that is shown as having received the document by the CM/ECF system. The filing party does not need to list on the certificate of service the parties that were served via the CM/ECF system. The filing party need only include in the certificate of service a statement in substantial conformity with the following: "In addition to those parties served with this document by the Court's CM/ECF system, the undersigned served a true and complete copy of this document by first class mail or other means as indicated upon each of the parties at the addresses listed below." If the Notice of Electronic Filing indicates that all necessary parties were served with the document via the CM/ECF system, the filing party need only include in the certificate of service a statement in substantial conformity with the following: "The Notice of Electronic Filing indicates that all necessary parties were served with this document via the Court's CM/ECF system."

2. **Parties not served by CM/ECF.** Unless otherwise provided in these Rules (e.g., L.B.R. 9013-3-~~E~~;F) for Chapter 11 cases), names and addresses mustshall be included in the certificate of service and failure for those parties that the Notice of Electronic Filing does not indicate received the filed document by the CM/ECF system. Failure to identify the these parties' names and addresses ofin the entities on

~~whom a pleading was served~~certificate of service is grounds for denial of the relief sought by the underlying pleading document. For these purposes, it is insufficient to state that a pleading filing was served “on all parties on the matrix” or “on all parties in interest.” or to use other similar perfunctory phrases.

3. Time and Manner of Filing. Attorneys can identify in advance of filing a document which parties will receive electronic service in any particular case by accessing the “Mailings” option under “Utilities,” and, specifically, the “Mailings Information for a Case” feature. The certificate of service must may, however, be filed and served contemporaneously with separately from the underlying pleading unless otherwise ordered by the Court document. The certificate of service shall be filed within one business day of the underlying document’s filing. The underlying document shall still be served at the same time the underlying document is filed. Failure to timely file the certificate of service may result in grounds for denial of the relief sought by the underlying pleading document.

L.B.R. ~~9006-1~~ 9006 - Time.

- A. **Additional Time after Service by Mail.**- When there is a right or requirement to do some act or undertake some proceedings within a prescribed period after service of a notice or other paper, and the notice or paper other than process is served by mail, facsimile or by electronic transmission pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 5-(b)(2)(C) or (D), ~~three (3)~~ days shall be added to the prescribed period.
- B. **Requests for Extension of Time.** -All requests for extension of time must shall be filed prior to expiration of the time permitted to complete the act for which additional time is sought. The request must shall be made by written motion and must shall be served as required by the Bankruptcy Code, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, and these Rules. -The ~~motion~~ must movant shall:
1. indicate in the motion if the request is by consent of the other parties;
 2. indicate in the motion whether prior extensions have been granted;
 3. indicate in the motion the reason for the request for additional time;
 4. provide in the motion a date certain for the extended deadline; and
 5. ~~includes~~ submit a proposed order via the Judge’s e-mail address as required by L.B.R. 9050-~~t~~.

L.B.R. ~~9010-1~~ Entry of Appearance and Participation by Attorneys.

- A. ~~Entry and Notice of Appearance.~~ ~~An attorney who has filed an entry of appearance or notice of appearance and request for service must receive copies of all documents required to be served on all creditors and parties in interest unless otherwise ordered by the Court. Any entry of appearance or notice of appearance filed with the Court must be served upon the debtor, the trustee, any entity having previously filed a notice~~

~~or entry of appearance and, in Chapter 11 cases, upon the United States Trustee.~~

~~B. —~~ **9010 - Appearance without Attorney - Corporations or Other Business Entities.** - A corporation, partnership, trust or other business entity, other than a sole proprietorship, may appear and act without counsel in a case or proceeding before this Court only for the purpose of attending the ~~m§ 341 Meeting of creditors~~, filing a request for notice and service of documents, and filing a proof of claim or ballot. For all other purposes, such entity ~~may~~shall appear and act only through an attorney.

~~L.B.R. 9011-1~~ **9011 - Signatures.**

~~A. General.~~ All ~~filed~~ documents filed by a party that is not represented by an attorney and is not able to file electronically shall contain the original signature of the party ~~or the party's attorney~~, where appropriate. Every pleading or document ~~signed~~filed by an attorney ~~must~~shall include ~~a signature block containing~~ the following information for the attorney ~~signing~~filing the document: the law firm name, attorney's name, business address, telephone number, fax number, e-mail address, and registration numbers for the state bar and the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Missouri. The user login and password required to file documents via the Court's CM/ECF system serve as the filing user's signature on all electronic documents filed with the Court for the purposes of this Rule and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9011. Any document ~~signed~~filed in a representative capacity for another ~~must~~shall have attached to it the document providing signature authority unless such document has previously been filed with the Court. Later filings under the authority of such document shall reference the initial pleading or document to which the authorization was attached.

~~L.B.R. 9013-1~~

~~B. Retention.~~ The person filing or submitting any document required to be signed by the debtor or by other entity(ies) shall retain the original signed document for a period of 2 years after the closing of the case unless the Court orders a different period. Such documents include those signed under penalty of perjury, those requiring verification under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1008, and those containing an unsworn declaration as provided in 28 U.S.C. § 1746. On request of the Court, or any party in interest, or when the signature is at issue, the filer shall provide original documents for review.

~~L.R. 9013-1 - Motion Practice.~~

~~A. Service of Motions and Responses.~~ -Unless ~~different service is directed~~otherwise ordered by the Court, and subject to L.R. 9004(D)(1), all motions, applications, ~~and related documents or other pleadings~~ and responses thereto ~~must~~shall be served upon:

1. the debtor and the debtor's attorney (if any);
2. all parties directly affected by the ~~motion or pleading~~relief sought;
3. the ~~t~~Trustee and, in Chapter 11 cases, the United States Trustee;~~;~~ and
4. all parties who have filed a request for notice.

In Chapter 13 cases, motions by parties other than the ~~Chapter 13~~ Trustee, mustshall also be served upon all creditors who have filed a proof of claim. In Chapter 11 cases, motions mustshall also be served upon all entities on the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List, (~~L.B.R. 9013-3 C.)~~ or, if no such list exists, upon those who would be on such a list, the Trustee (if any), and the Trustee's attorney. A person or entity who has filed an entry of appearance ~~or,~~ a request to receive notice ~~or,~~ and/or a proof of claim shall be determined by reference to the Court's records at the time the motion is served.

- B. **Response Deadline.** -Any entity intending to oppose a motion, application or other pleading shall file a written response. Unless otherwise specified, if the matter is set for hearing, any response mustshall be filed no later than ~~five (5)~~ 5 business days before the date of hearing. If the matter will be heard on Negative Notice, any response mustshall be filed no later than ~~twenty (20)~~ days after service of the motion, application, or pleading (~~L.B.R. 9061-1 B)~~ unless otherwise more specifically provided in any other of these Rules, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, or the Bankruptcy Code. If the matter is one that may be determined without hearing under L.R. 9062, any response mustshall be filed immediately (~~L.B.R. 9062-1~~). Any response mustshall be served upon the movant or applicant and all creditors and parties in interest as directed by L.B.R. 9013-1 ~~A~~.

(A).

C. **Prohibition of General Denials.** Each response shall specifically answer the allegations in the related motion. A general denial is insufficient and prohibited.

- D. **Failure to File Responsive Pleading.** - If a response is not timely filed, the Court may enter an order granting the relief requested prior to hearing and may remove the motion or application from the Court calendar unless leave to file a late response is granted. If the respondent appears at the hearing but has failed to file a timely response, the Court may continue the hearing. The respondent mustshall immediately provide the movant with written and electronic (i.e. facsimile or e-mail, but not only telephonic) notice of the continued hearing and mustshall file a certificate of service of such notice.
- E. **Memoranda of Law.** -Unless otherwise directed by the Court, or in the case of a Motion for Summary Judgment (~~made pursuant to L.B.R. 7056-1~~), a memorandum of law is not required in support of a motion. If a memorandum is filed, it mustshall be filed with the motion or at the latest, no later than ~~five (5)~~ 5 business days prior to hearing. Without leave of Court, no memorandum shall exceed ~~fifteen (15)~~ pages, exclusive of the signature page, certificate of service and attachments.
- F. **Consent Motions.** -The Court may grant a consent motion if the party or counsel filing the motion represents that consent to the motion has been obtained from all necessary parties. Consent motions need not be set for hearing and may be ruled upon without hearing. The title of a consent motion mustshall state that the motion is by consent.

L.B.R.- 9013-2 - Expedited or Emergency Matters.

- A. **Motion For Expedited or Emergency Hearing.** -A request for hearing on an expedited or emergency basis shall be made by written motion, stating setting forth the reason the matter should be considered on an expedited or emergency basis. The movant must shall contact the eCourtroom dDeputy to obtain a hearing date and time. “Expedited basis” or “emergency basis” is defined as any hearing within ten (10) days of the filing of the motion on which the emergency hearing is requested.
- B. **Response to Expedited or Emergency Matters.** A response to a motion or application set on an expedited or emergency basis and to the motion seeking expedited or emergency hearing may be filed until the date of the hearing. The respondent must shall serve the response(s) on the opposing counsel or party as soon as possible and must shall file the original response(s) with the Court and fax a copy thereof to the assigned eCourtroom dDeputy. The fax copy shall not be considered a document “filed” with the Court. (within the meaning of L.B.R. 5005-1 A5005.)
- C. **Expedited or Emergency Hearings on Motions for Relief from the Automatic Stay.** The Court ordinarily will consider motions for relief from the automatic stay on an expedited or emergency basis only if the movant alleges:
1. lack of insurance on the subject collateral;
 2. pendency of a published or scheduled foreclosure; or
 3. other good cause.
- D. **Ex Parte Motions for Relief from the Automatic Stay.** -Ex parte relief from the automatic stay shall be requested following the procedures in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(a)(2).

L.B.R.- 9013-3 - Chapter 11 Case Administration. ~~The Court on its own motion or on motion of a party at any time and for cause shown, may adopt one or more of the following case administration procedures for~~

A. First Day Matters in Chapter 11 Cases.

1. **General Provisions.** The Court will typically entertain first day matters within 2 business days of filing. The movant shall contact the Clerk of Court prior to filing the case to schedule first day matters for hearing. Refer to the Procedures Manual for matters that are typically considered first day matters. The movant shall give notice of first day matters to all entities that are on the L.R. 9013-3(D) Master Service List, if such a list exists, or to those who would be on such a list, and to those who may be affected by the matter. To properly gather statistical information concerning Chapter 11 first day motions, first day motions shall be filed using designated Motion/Application events within the CM/ECF system. Three specific first day motions have descriptively titled events and shall be filed using those events: (1) “Application to Employ,” (2) “Motion to Use Cash Collateral,” and (3) “Motion for Continuation of Utility Service/Adequate Assurance of Payment Under Sec. 366.” Other first day motions shall be filed using the “Chapter 11 First Day Motion” event.

A description of the motions shall be typed into the available text box.

2. **Coordination with United States Trustee.** A Chapter 11 debtor shall, where practical, give the United States Trustee at least 24 hours notice prior to the filing of any petition or first day motion of the nature of the case, the nature of the relief to be sought, and the proposed timing of the hearing. The Chapter 11 debtor shall also, where practical, provide the United States Trustee with private courtesy copies of drafts of all such motions or the petition as soon as they are in substantially final form. The United States Trustee shall keep such advance notice and documents confidential until the motion or petition has been filed.

B. **Initial Debtor Interview in Chapter 11 Cases.** Promptly upon, or as soon as possible prior to the filing of a Chapter 11 case, the debtor (if not represented by an attorney) or the debtor's attorney shall contact the Office of the United States Trustee to schedule the 341 Meeting, and arrange for an initial debtor interview. The debtor and the debtor's attorney, if any, shall review the United States Trustee's requirements and role in administering a Chapter 11 case. This information is in the Procedures Manual.

A. _____

C. **Regular Hearing Dates and Agenda.**- The Court may establish Regular Hearing Dates for a Chapter 11 case. Such dates shall be noted on the Court's calendar and may be accessed by interested persons by contacting the Court, viewing the case calendar on the Court's websiteweb site, and by contacting counsel for the debtor. Unless otherwise directed, all motions in the designated Chapter 11 case will be scheduled for hearing on the Regular Hearing Date.

B. **Proposed Hearing Agenda.**- Two (2)business days prior to each Regular Hearing Date, the debtor shall prepare, file, and serve a proposed hearing agenda on all entities on the Master Service List (L.B.R. 9013-3 C.) or on those who would be on such a list and any party with a matter scheduled to be heard. The proposed hearing agenda shall include all matters the debtor knows to be scheduled for hearing but is not determinative of the

_____ matters to be heard nor the order in which they will be heard. It is intended merely for the convenience of the parties. The Proposed Hearing Agenda shall include:

- _____ 1. _____ the docket number and title of each matter expected to be heard; and
- _____ 2. _____ a summary of the status of each matter (i.e. whether a response has been filed, whether the matter is settled or disputed and how long debtor anticipates hearing on the matter will be).

C. contact the Courtroom Deputy to establish a hearing agenda.

D. **Master Service and Notice Lists.**- The debtor shall maintain a Master Service and Master

Notice List containing the names and addresses specified herein. The debtor shall update the lists as necessary, but not less than monthly and shall file the updated list with the Court, identifying the list by date.

1. **Master Service List.** The Master Service List shall contain the names and addresses of:
 - a. the debtor;
 - b. counsel for the debtor;
 - c. counsel for primary secured lenders;
 - d. counsel for any official committees; and
 - e. the United States Trustee.

In the event an official unsecured creditors' committee is not appointed, the names and addresses of the ~~twenty (20)~~ largest unsecured creditors shall be on the Master Service List. A party may request to be added to the Master Service List by motion served on all parties identified in this paragraph and any entity requesting notice.

2. **Master Notice List.**— The Master Notice List shall contain the names and addresses of all persons on the Master Service List plus any persons or entities ~~who~~that have requested notice in the case.

~~D.~~ E. **Service of Motions and Notices.**— Unless otherwise directed by the Court, when Master Service and Notice Lists are designated for use in a Chapter 11 case:

~~1.~~ _____

1. The movant or applicant shall serve a complete copy of the motion, application, or pleading on all entities on the Master Service List and on any entity whose interest may be affected by the motion, application, or pleading.

- ~~2.~~ 2. The movant or applicant shall serve a notice of hearing and/or notice of the motion, application, or pleading upon all parties on the Master Notice List. Notices required by ~~Bankruptcy Rule 2002 subdivisions (a)(2), (3), and (6) and by Bankruptcy Rule~~ Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002(a)(2), (3), (6), and 4001 shall be served on the Master Notice List. All notices of hearing served pursuant to this paragraph shall include a description of the relief requested in the motion, application or pleading.

3. Notices required by ~~Bankruptcy Rule~~ Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2002-~~subdivision~~ (a)(1), (4), (5), ~~and (7), and subdivision~~ (b), and (f) shall be served as specified upon all creditors and parties in interest.

~~E.~~ F. **Certificate of Service.** - When Master Service and Notice Lists are designated for use in a Chapter 11 case, the certificate of service for any ~~motion, application, or pleading~~ document may list the date and number of the Master Service List or Master

Notice List instead of listing the names and addresses of each person served. The Master Service List or Master Notice List ~~needs~~shall not be filed with or attached to the pleading document served or the certificate of service.

L.B.R. 9015-1 Right to Jury Trial:

~~A. **Time and Manner.** Demand for jury trial must be filed and served no later than ten (10) days after the filing of the complaint. The certificate of service shall state that all parties on the Master Service List or Master Notice List have been physically served with the underlying document by the filer or have been identified by the Court's CM/ECF system as having received the document via the CM/ECF system.~~

L.R. 9015 - Jury Trials.

~~A. **General Provisions.** A party claiming a right to a jury trial shall make a demand as specified in L.R. 9015(B). The parties or their attorneys of record, by written stipulation filed with the Court, by oral stipulation made in open court and entered in the record, or as otherwise provided in L.R. 9015(B) may consent to trial by the Court sitting without a jury of matters that may, of right, be tried by a jury.~~

B. Jury Demand and Withdrawal of Reference.

~~1. **Time, Form, and Consent.** Any party may demand a jury trial as provided in Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b) and E.D.Mo.L.R. 2.04. Such demand shall include a statement that the party does or does not consent to a jury trial conducted by the Bankruptcy Court. Within 14 days of the service of the demand and statement of consent or non-consent, all other parties shall file and serve a statement of consent or non-consent to a jury trial conducted by the Bankruptcy Court.~~

~~2. **Specification of Issues.** In a jury trial demand, a party may specify the issues which that party wishes to be tried by a jury. Otherwise that party shall be deemed to have demanded a jury trial of all the issues so triable. If a party has demanded a jury trial of only some of the issues, any other party within 14 days after service of the last pleading directed to such issue, may file a jury demand or such lesser time as the Court may order, may serve a demand for a jury trial of any other or all of the issues.~~

~~3. **Determination by Court.** On motion or on its own initiative, the Court may determine whether there is a right to a jury trial of the issues for which a jury trial is demanded.~~

~~4. **Cover Sheet Insufficient.** Marking the Adversary Proceeding Cover Sheet shall not be a sufficient jury demand to comply with Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b), E.D.Mo.L.R. 2.04, or this Rule.~~

~~5. **Waiver.** The failure of a party to file and serve a demand as required by this Rule constitutes a waiver of trial by the right to a jury. ~~When demand is by the plaintiff in~~~~

~~an adversary complaint, the demand must be made on the face of the complaint or response to a counterclaim in accordance with E.D.Mo.L.R. 2.04. When demand is by an another party to an adversary complaint, such demand must be made on the face of the answer or other initial response.~~

~~B. **Specification of Issues.**—A party seeking jury trial may specify the issues which it wishes to try by jury; otherwise, demand shall apply to all issues so triable. If a party has demanded jury trial of only some issues, any other party may, no later than ten (10) days after service of the demand or such lesser time as the Court orders, serve a demand for jury trial of any other or all issues.~~

~~C. **Withdrawal.** A demand for jury trial cannot trial. A demand for a jury trial made pursuant to this Rule may not be withdrawn without the written consent of the parties and an order of the Court.~~

~~L.B.R. 9016-1 Subpoenas.~~

~~6. **Trial by the Court.** Issues not demanded to be tried by jury shall be tried by the Court. Notwithstanding the failure of a party to demand a jury trial when such a demand might have been made of right, the Court on its own initiative may order a jury trial of any or all issues.~~

~~7. **Pre-trial Procedure where Jury Trial Demanded.** Where a jury trial is demanded, all pre-trial proceedings, through approval and entry of the pre-trial order, shall be conducted by the bankruptcy judge unless otherwise ordered by the District Court.~~

~~8. **Motion for Withdrawal of the Reference in Adversary Proceeding where Jury Trial Demanded.** Any party may file and serve a motion in accordance with L.R. 5011 in the Bankruptcy Court to withdraw the reference pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(d). Failure of any party to file and serve a timely motion to withdraw the reference shall be construed as consent by all parties to the bankruptcy judge presiding over the jury trial in the adversary proceeding.~~

~~9. **Right to Jury Trial.** Nothing contained in these Rules shall be deemed to create or imply a right to a jury trial where no such right exists under applicable law.~~

~~**L.R. 9016 - Subpoenas.** An attorney may issue a subpoena under Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9016. (Local Forms 23A, 23BB, and 23CC, Subpoena Forms.)~~

~~L.B.R. 9019-1 9019 - Mediation.~~

~~A. **Referral of Matters to Mediation.** On the Court's own motion or on motion of a party, the Court may order the assignment of a matter or proceeding to mediation. The order assigning~~

~~the matter to mediation may:~~

- ~~1. designate a trial date for the proceeding;~~
- ~~2. require the parties to agree upon a mediator within seven (7) days after the date of the order for mediation or require them to propose and file a list of three (3) mediators acceptable to each party from which list the Court may appoint a mediator;~~
- ~~3. require the plaintiff or movant to file a memorandum with the Court advising of the date scheduled for mediation and the name of the mediator. Such memorandum is due no later than fourteen (14) days after entry of the order for mediation or the Court's order appointing a mediator; and~~
- ~~4. direct that the mediator file a mediation report no later than five (5) days after conclusion of the mediation.~~

~~B. **List of Mediators.** The Board of Judges shall approve a list of mediators for mediation of bankruptcy proceedings.~~ **Choosing the Mediator.** The parties to a mediation may agree upon a mediator who is not ~~on the approved listed.~~

~~C. the judge presiding over their case. If the Court has ordered the mediation, the parties shall agree on a mediator within 7 days of the mediation order.~~

~~B. **Compensation of Mediators.** The amount of compensation required to be paid to the mediator shall be determined by the mediator and parties to the mediation. ~~Absent other agreement by the parties, the cost of the mediator's services shall be borne equally by the parties to the mediation.~~ A Trustee's or debtor-in-possession's share of the costs of mediation shall be an expense of the estate subject to review by the Court.~~

~~D.~~

~~C. **No Stay of Proceedings.** Unless otherwise ordered, referral of a proceeding to mediation does not stay discovery or other preparation for trial or final hearing.~~

~~E. **D. Mediation Statements.** ~~No later than five (5) days before to the scheduled mediation, all parties to mediation shall provide to the mediator and shall serve on all other parties to the mediation a written statement of the party's position, including relevant facts of law and the party's theory of recovery or defense. The Any mediation statement shall not exceed seven (7) typewritten pages and shall not be filed with the Court.~~~~

~~F. **Mediation Conference.** The attorney (if any) and a party representative with authority to bind the party shall attend the mediation conference~~

~~E. **Attendance.** The mediator shall report to the Court any willful failure to attend or participate in the Court-ordered mediation.~~

~~G.~~

F. Mediation Report. -No later than ~~five (5)~~ 5 business days after conclusion of ~~the a Court-~~ ordered mediation, the mediator shall file with the Court and serve upon the parties the mediator's report (Local Form 24) advising whether the matter has been resolved. In the event the matter is unresolved, the mediator shall make no further comment or recommendation concerning the matter, and the matter shall proceed as scheduled before the Court. If an agreement has been reached in any mediation, no later than ~~ten (10)~~ days after the filing conclusion of the ~~mediator's report~~ mediation, the parties shall prepare, and the plaintiff or the movant shall file a stipulation of settlement or joint motion for approval of the settlement.

~~H.~~ **G. Confidentiality.**- Conduct or statements made in the course of mediation shall constitute "conduct or statements made in compromise negotiations" under ~~Rule 408~~ of the Federal Rules of Evidence 408, and no such evidence shall be admitted or disclosed to the Court.

~~**L.B.R. 9024-1 Motions to Reinstate Following Dismissal for Failure to File Required Documents or Attend 341 Meeting.**~~

~~A. **Time and Content.** A debtor shall have ten (10) days after entry of an order of dismissal to file a motion to reinstate and set aside dismissal. The motion must state good cause for reinstatement. A case will not ordinarily be reinstated if dismissed for~~
~~failure to make an installment filing fee payment, attend the 341 meeting or timely file documents required by 11 U.S.C. § 521(1). A motion to set aside an order of dismissal must contain:~~

- ~~1. the date the deficiency or problem which caused the dismissal was cured;~~
- ~~2. the date the filing fees were paid in full (not just the missed installment) if dismissed for missed installment payment;~~
- ~~3. the date any missing schedules, statement, or plan was filed if dismissed for failure to file such document;~~
- ~~4. the exceptional circumstances warranting reinstatement of the case; and~~
- ~~5. a list of all bankruptcy cases filed by the debtor within the last six years or a statement that the debtor has not filed a bankruptcy case within the prior six years.~~

~~B. **Hearing, Service and Order.** Unless the Court grants a request for hearing, the Court will consider a motion to reinstate under this Rule without hearing. The debtor shall serve the motion on the trustee and, in Chapter 11 cases, on the United States Trustee. If the case is reinstated, the Court will send notice of the reinstatement to all creditors and parties in interest. The notice of reinstatement shall include a list of all matters pending at the time of dismissal. Any party may set such matter(s) for hearing.~~

~~C. **Effect of Reinstatement on Deadlines.** If a case is dismissed and reinstated before the § 341 meeting is commenced, the deadline to object to discharge in a Chapter 7 case and to object to dischargeability in a Chapter 7, 11 or 12 case shall be sixty (60) days after the rescheduled § 341 meeting. The motion to reinstate shall be the debtor's request to extend~~

these deadlines:

~~**L.B.R. 9024-2 Motions to Reinstate Following Dismissal on Chapter 13 Trustee's Motion to Dismiss for Failure to Make Plan Payments.**~~

~~A. **Time, Content and Service.** A Chapter 13 debtor shall have ten (10) days after entry of an order granting the Chapter 13 trustee's motion to dismiss for failure to make plan payments in which to file a motion to reinstate and set aside dismissal and to pay funds to the trustee to bring payments current as of the date of the debtor's motion. The motion must state whether the case was previously dismissed and reinstated and must provide dates of any prior dismissals and orders of reinstatement. The motion must also recite that the debtor has paid funds to the trustee to bring payments current as of the date of the debtor's motion. The debtor shall serve a copy of its motion upon the Chapter 13 trustee, all creditors and parties in interest who have filed a proof of claim, and all entities who have filed a request for notice. No later than ten (10) days after service of the motion, the trustee must file a response to the motion, stating whether the trustee consents or opposes reinstatement. Upon submission of the trustee's consent, the case may be reinstated without hearing. Absent compelling reason, the Court will enter an order without hearing after receipt of the trustee's response.~~

~~B. **Order Regarding Reinstatement.** The Court shall prepare the order granting or denying a motion to reinstate and shall send a copy of the order to all entities on the matrix. On reinstatement of the case, it is incumbent upon the movant to set for hearing any unresolved motions pending at the time of dismissal.~~

~~**L.B.R. 9040-1** or any party to which the conduct or statements were not disclosed in the course of the mediation.~~

~~**L.R. 9037 - Privacy and Redaction of Documents.**~~

~~A. **General Provisions.** The party filing a document is responsible for redacting any personal information of a confidential nature from any document filed. The Court and Clerk of Court will not redact documents and are not responsible for maintaining the privacy of any information filed with the Court that is not filed under seal pursuant to Court order. Existing procedures for filing documents under seal and the right of parties to file redacted documents are the appropriate methods for ensuring that personal and other confidential information is not disclosed through the Court's system.~~

~~B. **Redaction of Personal Identifiers.** Parties shall refrain from including, or shall partially redact, where inclusion is necessary, the following personal data identifiers from all documents and pleadings filed with the Court and/or provided to other parties, including exhibits thereto, whether filed electronically or in paper, unless otherwise ordered by the Court or required by statute, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, or the Official Bankruptcy Forms:~~

~~1. **Social Security Numbers.** If an individual's social security number is included, only~~

the last four digits shall appear. The full social security number is required when filing Official Form 21;

2. **Names of minor children.** If a minor child is mentioned in a document, only the child's initials shall appear. On Official Form 6, Schedule I, the debtor should only include the child's relationship to the debtor and age;

3. **Dates of birth.** If an individual's date of birth is included, only the year shall appear. On Official Form 6, Schedule I, only the debtor's dependants' ages should appear; and

4. **Financial Account Numbers.** If financial account numbers are provided, only the last four digits of these numbers shall appear.

Court employees are not responsible for, and will not redact any information. All redaction responsibilities rest solely with the filer.

L.R. 9040 - Exhibits.

A. **Non-Filing of Exhibits; Use of Exhibit Summary Form.** -Except as provided in L.R. 9040-1 (B-), actual copies of exhibits shall not be filed with any motion, pleading, or claim. Instead, an Exhibit Summary (Local Form 9) shall be attached to the motion, pleading, or claim. The Exhibit Summary shall describe the exhibits in sufficient detail to permit the Court and parties to evaluate the factual elements relevant to the motion, pleading, or claim. The description shall include the following, when applicable:

1. basis for the debt, including date;
2. balance of the indebtedness; and
3. date and manner of perfection, including book and page number, certificate of title, or UCC-1 recording.

B. **Exhibits Permitted.** -If exhibit(s) is/are two pages or less in length, the exhibit(s) may be filed in place of an Exhibit Summary. Exhibits may also be filed as provided in L.B.R. 4001-1 (regarding Motions for Relief), L.B.R. 7056-1 (concerning motions for summary judgment), L.B.R. 7016-1 (regarding trials in adversary proceedings), or as otherwise stated in these Rules, or as permitted.

C. **Exchange and Filing of Exhibits.**⁺ On request, a copy of the exhibits must in electronic or paper form shall be provided to opposing counsel the requesting party without charge no later than seven (7) 3 business days after the request. If a matter involving the exhibits remains at issue for hearing by the Court, the parties must shall:

1. submit a copy of their respective exhibits (not just a summary) to the Court and opposing counsel no later than three (3) 3 business days before the hearing; and
2. bring copies of their respective exhibits (not just a summary) to the hearing in sufficient numbers to provide a complete set for the judge, law clerk, opposing counsel, and witness.

All exhibits must shall be indexed, and copies for Chambers must shall be submitted in binders.

L.B.R. ~~9050-1~~ 9050 - Proposed Orders.

A. **Time for Submission.**² Except for proposed orders from the ~~Chapter 13~~ Trustee and orders on Negative Notice, a proposed order mustshall be submitted at the time of filing any motion, application, pleading, or other request for relief. Orders on matters that may be

heard on Negative Notice mustshall be submitted to the Court after expiration of the last date for response or after hearing, if any. The Certification of No Response ~~should~~shall be part of the proposed order. Except in a Chapter 13 case (unless otherwise ordered by the Court), any order submitted to the Court after hearing is an affirmative representation to the Court by the party tendering the order that the order has been circulated to all parties who appeared at the hearing and that there are no objections to the content of the order. If agreement cannot be reached regarding a proposed order, the party tendering the order shall send a letter to the Court with a copy to the opposing counsel advising the Court that agreement has not been reached and providing opposing counsel ~~three (3)~~ 3 business days within which to submit a competing order.

B. **Content.** -The title of the order mustshall describe the motion, application, pleading, or other request to which it relates by title and mustshall indicate whether the order grants or denies the requested relief. The caption of the order mustshall include the date and time of hearing on the related motion, application, pleading, or other request. The text of the order mustshall be sufficiently descriptive to clearly state the relief granted, including a description of any property subject to the order. The end of each order mustshall:

1. contain the name and address of the person who prepared the order;
2. list the names and addresses of those to be served with the order; however, the name and address of the person who prepared the order need not be included a second time; and
3. contain a signature line and date line for the judge. The signature line for the judge mayshall not be on a page by itself or otherwise apart from the text of the order.

C. **Service ~~and Envelopes~~ in Non-Chapter 11 Cases.**- Except in Chapter 11 cases or when otherwise directed by the Court, the ~~Clerk's~~ Clerk of Court's Office will serve all orders unless otherwise directed. ~~Provision of labels or envelopes is no longer necessary.~~

D. **Service in Chapter 11 Cases.** -In all Chapter 11 cases, the Court will ordinarily direct the prevailing party to serve the order and file a certificate of service. All orders in Chapter 11 cases mustshall contain the following statement immediately before the judge's signature line:-

"No later than ~~five (5)~~ business days after the date of this order, _____ (name of party) is directed to serve a copy of the order on all parties listed below and is directed to file a certificate of service no later than ~~two (2)~~ business days after service."

- E. ~~Endorsed Orders / “So Ordered”~~. ~~In lieu of a separate~~**Valuation of Property**. To properly gather required statistical information concerning the valuation of property as compared to the value of a claim, any proposed order submitted concerning (1) a “Trustee’s Motion to Determine Value of Property,” or (2) a “Motion Setting Property Value” shall include a statement whether the property valuation is below the value of the claim. This statement shall be added as the last paragraph of the proposed order, ~~any motion that does not request alternative relief may contain a block that states “So Ordered” along with a date and signature line for the judge.~~

~~L.B.R. 9060-1~~;

L.R. 9060 - Notices and Hearings.

- A. **Scheduling Hearings.** -Unless a motion, application, or pleading may be heard on Negative Notice or may be considered without hearing, the movant shall contact the ~~c~~Courtroom ~~d~~Deputy for the judge before whom the matter is pending or shall consult the _____ Court’s web page to obtain a hearing date and shall send notice of hearing as stated herein.

B. **Format of Notice of Hearing.**

1. **Content of Notice of Hearing.** -The notice of hearing ~~must~~shall:
- identify the motion or pleading to which it relates;
 - state the hearing date, time, and place in the caption;
 - contain or be accompanied by a certificate of service conforming to L.B.R. 9004-~~1~~(D); and
 - state in bold print, substantially the following:

WARNING: Any response or objection ~~must~~shall be filed with the Court by _____ (month, date & year) (See L.B.R. 9013-1-~~(B)~~ and 9013-2-(B), or other Rules as applicable). A copy ~~must~~shall be promptly served upon the undersigned. Failure to file a timely response may result in the Court granting the relief requested prior to the hearing date.

2. **Combined Motion and Notice of Hearing.** -When both a notice of hearing and motion will be served, they may be combined into one document by including the text of the notice at the beginning of the motion. If a combined notice and motion format is used, the title of the document ~~must~~shall indicate that the pleading is both a notice and a motion. Objections to claim ~~mays~~shall follow the format of Local Forms 10, 11, and 12.
- C. **Service of Notice of Hearing.** ~~M~~The movant ~~must~~shall serve the notice of hearing upon the same parties served with the motion: ~~(pursuant to L.B.R. 9013-1-(A).~~ When a motion is heard on an expedited or emergency basis (L.B.R. 9013-2), the motion and notice of hearing ~~must~~shall be served as expeditiously as possible (e.g. by personal service or electronic means) upon opposing counsel or upon the opposing party if not represented by

counsel, and any other necessary parties.

D. Maintenance of Clerk's Mailing Matrix – Returned Notices.

Any entity providing notice under the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or under these ~~Local~~ Rules shall make a reasonable effort to obtain correct addresses for any entity for whom a notice was returned with a wrong or undeliverable address. ~~Except upon order of the Court and notwithstanding that a good address cannot be obtained after reasonable effort, future notices shall continue to be mailed to such address.~~ Notice of any corrected address and of an address known to be wrong or undeliverable mustshall be filed with the Court using Local Form 25. The Clerk of Court shall update the case matrix with current addresses upon receipt of this information. Local Form 25 shall not be used to update creditor information that was accurate at the time the petition was filed or that has previously been updated in the case. The debtor shall use the procedures set forth in L.R. 1009 to update any such creditor information.

E. Continuance of Hearings. -If all parties consent to the continuance of a hearing, the request to continue may be made by one of the parties by contacting the ~~c~~Courtroom ~~d~~Deputy for the assigned judge. All other continuances in advance of any hearing mustshall be made by written motion and served upon the opposing party or counsel.

L.B.R. ~~9061-1~~ 9061 - Negative Notice Procedures.

A. Negative Notice. -Certain motions or pleadings may be considered by the Court without setting a hearing date if appropriate notice and opportunity to object to the requested relief are provided to necessary parties (“Negative Notice”). Negative Notice may be used for the following types of motions or pleadings:

1. motions to compel abandonment of property;
2. motions to avoid liens on exempt property;
3. motions s to approve ~~trustee's~~ the Trustee's final report;
4. motions to dismiss a Chapter 7, ~~11~~, 12 or 13 case;
5. motions to convert a case, but not from a Chapter 12 or 13 case;
6. fee applications, except in Chapter 11 cases;
7. objections to claims in Chapter 13 cases; and
8. in Chapter 13 cases, in addition to applicable items ~~stated~~ included above, the following motions:
 - a. motions to retain a tax refund;
 - b. motions to incur debt; and
 - c. motions to sell or refinance property.
9. Other matters may be set on Negative Notice as authorized by the Court.

B. Response to Matters set on Negative Notice. -Unless otherwise ~~stated herein~~ more specifically provided in any other of these Rules, the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, or the Bankruptcy Code, any party served with a motion or pleading to be heard on Negative Notice shall have ~~twenty~~ (20) days after service to file a response to the motion or pleading.

The respondent mustshall serve the response immediately at the time the response is filed upon the movant or applicant and upon all entities described in L.B.R. 9013-1-(A).

- C. **Format for Negative Notice.** -Any motion, application, or pleading set on Negative Notice shall include a warning in substantial compliance with the following, using bold print; and capitalized text, and appearing immediately below the title of the pleading:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE: ANY RESPONSIVE PLEADING IN OPPOSITION TO THIS MOTION/PLEADING MUST BE FILED IN WRITING NO LATER THAN ~~TWENTY (20)~~ DAYS FROM THE DATE OF SERVICE OF THIS MOTION/PLEADING AS SHOWN ON THE CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE. (See L.B.R. 9013-1-B, (B) and 9061-1(B:)) THE RESPONSE MUST BE IMMEDIATELY SERVED AT THE TIME OF FILING UPON THE UNDERSIGNED AND UPON ALL ENTITIES DESCRIBED IN L.B.R. 9013-1-(A). THE COURT MAY GRANT THE MOTION/PLEADING WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PARTY UPON EXPIRATION OF THE RESPONSE PERIOD IF NO RESPONSE IS FILED.-

IF A RESPONSE OR OBJECTION IS FILED, THE MOVANT, APPLICANT OR CLAIM OBJECTOR SHALL SET THE MATTER FOR HEARING AND PROVIDE NOTICE THEREOF TO THE RESPONDENT AND ALL ENTITIES DESCRIBED IN
L.B.R. 9013-1-(A).

- D. **Notice of Hearing when a Response is Filed.** -If a response is filed, the movant, applicant, claimant, or claim objector mustshall schedule the matter for hearing by contacting the cCourtroom dDeputy for the assigned judge or by consulting the Court's websiteweb site. Such party mustshall file and serve a notice of hearing upon the respondent and all entities described in L.B.R. 9013-1-(A). The notice of hearing shall provide the amount of notice specified below. Nothing precludes any party or the Court from setting a matter for hearing if a response is filed.

1. **Ten (10) days notice of hearing required for:**

- a. motions to compel abandonment of property;
- b. motions to avoid liens on exempt property;
- ~~c. motion to approve trustee's final report;~~ and
- c. motions to dismiss (except as noted below).

2. **Twenty (20) days notice of hearing required for:**

- a. motions to convert case, but not from a Chapter 12 or 13 case;
- b. motions to dismiss a Chapter 7, ~~11~~, or 12 case;
- c. fee applications, except in Chapter 11 cases; and
- d. in Chapter 13 cases:
 - i. motions to retain a tax refund;

- ii. motions to incur debt; and
- iii. motions to sell or refinance property.

3. **Thirty (30) days notice of hearing required for:**

- a. objections to claims in Chapter 13 cases; and
- b. motions to approve the Trustee's final report.

E. **Certification of No Response / Certification of Resolution.**³ If no response is filed, or if any response has been resolved prior to hearing, the movant shall file with the Court a "Certification of No Response / Certification of Resolution" along with a proposed order. The Certification of No Response or Resolution mustshall be filed no later than five (5)5 business days after the response deadline. If a response has been filed and the matter is thereafter resolved, the Certification of No Response or Resolution may be filed at any time prior to hearing. The Certification of No Response or Resolution mustshall state substantially the following:

"The undersigned certifies that all entities entitled to notice of _____ [Name of Movant] 's _____ [Title of Motion or Pleading] in accordance with the Local Bankruptcy Rules have been served with the foregoing motion/pleading/objection and the time for response has passed. No responses in opposition have been filed or any responses in opposition have been resolved. Movant requests the Court enter the proposed order."

L.B.R. ~~9062-1~~ 9062 - Matters Without Hearing. Unless otherwise directed, the Court will ordinarily consider the following matters without hearing. Nothing, however, precludes any party from setting requesting that any of these matters be set for hearing. Copies of any motion or application that will not be set for hearing under this Rule mustshall be served upon all entities entitled to notice as specified in the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure or in these Rules. Any response mustshall be filed and served immediately.

- 1. motions filed with consent;
- 2. ~~_____~~ motions to extend time for filing schedules and statements;
- 2. motions to extend time for filing objections to exemptions and discovery responses;
- 3. motions to extend time for filing objections to discharge or dischargeability;
- 4. applications to appear pro hac vice;
- 5. applications to employ professionals (attorneys, real estate brokers, appraisers, auctioneers, etc.) where compensation is the standard rate charged for such services;
- 6. ~~t~~Trustee motions to approve sales of property less than the amount stated in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6004(d);
- 7. ~~t~~Trustee motions to reopen Chapter 7 cases to administer additional assets;
- 9. ~~_____~~ debtor motions to convert a Chapter 11 or Chapter 7 case to a case under another Chapter, when a discharge has not been entered, as authorized under 11 U.S.C. § § 706(a) and 1112(a);
- 8. motions to reinstate cases following dismissal for failure to file required documents,

- pay filing fees, or attend § 341 ~~m~~Meeting;
9. motions to reinstate a Chapter 13 case following:
 - a. dismissal for failure to make plan payments when reinstatement is with the consent of the ~~t~~Trustee; or
 - b. dismissal on a creditor's motion when reinstatement is with the consent of the creditor.
 - ~~12. motions for Rule 2004 examinations pursuant to procedure set forth in these Rules;~~
 - ~~13. 10. requests to set claims bar date; and~~
 - ~~11. motions to extend time to file a motion to dismiss under Bankruptcy Code § 707; and~~
 12. motions to withdraw as counsel;

L.B.R. 9063-1:

13. debtor motions to convert a case to a case under Chapter 7 when a discharge has not been entered;
14. motions to delay entry of discharge;
15. motions filed with consent;
16. United States Trustee motions or applications for approval of the appointment or selection of a trustee, examiner, or ombudsman;
17. United States Trustee reports of undisputed Trustee election;
18. motions for authority of a Chapter 13 debtor to negotiate with the debtor's mortgage lender; and
19. motions to amend Bankruptcy Code § 521 documents.

L.R. 9070 - Telephone and Video Conferences and/or Hearings.- An attorney or a party may request to participate in any hearing by telephone or video conference by contacting ~~the judge's c~~Courtroom dDeputy at least ~~five (5)~~5 business days before the date of the hearing. A party may only participate by telephone or video conference with Court authorization. Prior to contacting the Court for permission, the party or counsel seeking to appear by telephone or video conference must shall obtain the consent of all other parties to the electronic or telephonic appearance. Unless the ~~judge~~Court otherwise directs, this procedure is available only to attorneys and parties who are not residents of the Eastern Division and to attorneys whose principal office is not within the Eastern Division. ~~If authorized by the Court, the telephone or video conference is to be initiated by the requesting attorney or~~ party. Such hearings may be deferred by the ~~judge~~Court to the end of the hearing calendar. All parties must shall remain available for the ~~Court's call from~~telephonic or video participation beginning at the scheduled hearing time until ~~the end of they are excused by the day's hearing calendar~~Court.- The Court need not postpone the hearing because of a party's unavailability or because of problems with telephonic or video transmission.

END

L.R. 9075 - Use of Photographic and Recording Equipment. All means of photographing, recording, broadcasting and televising are prohibited in any courtroom, and in areas adjacent to any courtroom, except before, during, and after a naturalization ceremony or where authorized by a judge presiding over any other ceremonial proceeding. Nothing in this rule is intended to prohibit the use of electronic audio and visual devices for the presentation of evidence, for making the official record of a proceeding, for ensuring Court security, or when authorized by the judge presiding as necessary to the administration of justice.

END